

Cover photo Hakataramea Valley June 2012

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## Message from the Mayor and Chief Executive



## Welcome to the Waimate District Council's Annual Report 2017/18

It's been another busy year and as this Annual Report goes to print the district is certainly experiencing growth and plenty of activity.

Council has played its part over the last 12 months to facilitate this growth and champion our district as a great place for people to live and visit. While we're relatively small, we certainly punch above our weight and enjoy a district with some unique attractions.

### **Economic development and promotions**

We know the meeting of minds can create something pretty special and this has been evidenced as we've been developing our Economic Development Strategy and the subsequent working groups tht have been established to develop action plans based on five themes.

We know how important it is to promote our district to the wider world so the Explore Waimate District website and Facebook page are doing a fine job of this.

Our roads are also key to economic development – without well performing roads our largely rural sector would struggle so it's important we invest in them. We do this with assistance from the New Zealand Transport Agency (NZTA) in the form of subsidies. We receive a

56% subsidy rate from NZTA, however, that increases to 76% for flood damage.

In our latest funding bid NZTA have indicated their investment for our maintenance and renewal programme will increase 24% to over \$14 million for maintenance and \$11.5 million for renewal work over the next three years.

#### Recreation

Promoting our events and attractions is important but it's also important that we have recreational amenities that encourage people outdoors so we installed a new playground at Victoria Park and upgraded the toilets. At Knottingley Park we purchased a new seesaw and junior double slide and bought a giant inflatable crocodile for the swimming pool – lots of fun for our younger citizens!

The Waimate Event Centre is a multifunction facility that caters for a wide range of activities and over the last 12 months we've seen an increase in the number of people using it, both for sporting activities and using the meeting room facilities.

#### Literacy

Our library continues to be a place of learning and literacy. From school holiday programmes to colourful displays that have incorporate literacy themes, we saw a steady stream of people using the library.

One highlight was the Books Blokes and a Beer programme. This programme encouraged fathers of young children to support their children's language and literacy development and proved to be very successful.

#### Community safety

We all want to live in a safe community and there's a number of ways we've helped achieve this. We worked in partnership with the NZ Police and installed CCTV cameras around town and we've produced two Civil Defence Community Response Plans for St Andrews/ Southburn/Otaio and Cannington/Maungati respectively. These plans have been tailor-made for their respective communities, giving specific information that is pertinent to them during a civil defence emergency. (A further seven plans for local areas will be completed by 2019/20.)

Having safe water to drink has and continues to be a high priority. There's been a lot of publicity about the country's water supplies and while we're waiting to see if the Government makes changes to the national Drinking Water Standards, we continue to press on and upgrade some of our supplies.

As at the end of last year the registration of all known dogs in the district was 99%, which is a significant achievement in comparison to other councils.

### **Protecting our environment**

Another hot topic is recycling and it's incumbent on all of us to do what we can to help protect our environment. Our kerbside recycling service is important to this community but we need to get it right. We've found examples where recyclables are 'contaminated' and end up in landfills rather than being recycled so we've provided more information about the 'dos' and 'don'ts' of recycling.

#### **Doing business with Council**

We interact with people across our community in many ways and we continue to improve how we do that. Some of our systems have been upgraded, making it easier for people to deal with us. This includes property developers and other business people who have commented on how easy it has been dealing with us! We launched a new website, so it's easier for people to find information about our activities and services.

We've sold the last sections in the Eric Batchelor Place subdivision and we've upgraded the interiors of the Tennant Street camping cabins with fireproof ceilings, painting, new lighting and new beds and bunks.

#### Community engagement

We're delighted to mention that the consultation document we produced for our recent 2018-28 Long Term Plan was one of four finalists in a national competition. Although we didn't win, we received a highly commended mention with comments expressed by the judges as it being well designed and easily understood.

#### The money

At the beginning of the year we were budgeting for a deficit of \$139,000. We have exceeded this deficit, with a reported deficit of \$345,000. For more information on the major variances to budget, please see Note 31.

### One last thing

Thank you to everyone who's contributed to making Waimate a great place to live and work in. We're in this together and it's our privilege to help create a community we're all proud to be part of.

Craig Rowley Mayor

Rowley

Stuart Duncan Chief Executive

## **Glossary**

## **Annual Report**

Assesses the performance of Council against the objectives, policies, activities, performance targets, indicative costs, and sources of funds outlined in the Long Term Plan or Annual Plan.

## **Asset Management**

Refers to the programme to fund and maintain Council's essential infrastructural assets in a sound condition in the future. This includes roads, bridges, and water and sewage reticulation.

## **Cash Flow Statement**

Provides a summary of cash flows from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities.

## **Current Assets**

Assets which can be readily converted to cash, or will be used up during the year. These include cash, stock, receivables and short-term investments.

## **Current Liabilities**

Payables and other liabilities due for payment within the next financial year.

## **Days**

Included within the Objectives and Performance Measures section of the Statement of Service Performance, days mean working days, which do not include statutory holidays or weekends.

## **Debt Management Policy**

Covers Council's policy on management of it's debt.

## Decline in Service Potential (Depreciation)

Is the measure of the wearing out, consumption or other reduction in the economic benefits embodied in an asset whether arising from use, the passing of time or obsolescence.

### **Fair Value**

The amount for which an asset could be exchanged, a liability settled, or an equity instrument granted could be exchanged, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

## **Funding Impact Statement**

The Funding Impact Statement (either at Council or group of activities level) represents the actual cash impacts on the reported area. It specifically excludes depreciation and amortisation as these are non-cash, but does include capital expenditure.

## **Funding Policy**

Provides a statement of the mix of funding mechanisms for Council as a whole, the funding mechanisms for each of Council's functions, and the rationale of how the funding mix for each function has been determined.

## **Infrastructural Assets**

Infrastructural assets are utility service networks i.e. water, wastewater, stormwater and roading. They also include associated assets such as pump stations, treatment plants, street lighting and bridges.

## **Investment Policy**

Is a statement of Council's financial asset mix and how these assets are managed.

## **Long Term Plan**

A plan that describes the activities of the local authority, the Community Outcomes, and long term focus for the decisions and activities of the local authority.

## **Objectives**

Objectives are the results Council is aiming to achieve for the community.

## **Operating Costs**

Expenditure through outputs on such items as wages, materials, electricity and plant expenses. All these inputs are consumed within the financial year.

## **Operating Revenue**

Money earned through the outputs in return for a service provided, or by way of a grant or subsidy received. Examples include New Zealand Transport Agency subsidies, rental revenue, and licence fees.

## **Operating Surplus**

Operating Surplus is an accounting term meaning the excess of revenue over expenditure. Revenue and expenditure in this context exclude capital items, loan uplifts and repayments, and transfers to and from reserves. An operating surplus is inclusive of non-cash items such as revenue and expenditure owing but not paid (Receivables and Payables) and depreciation.

## **Property, Plant and Equipment**

These consist of land, buildings, operational and infrastructural assets including wastewater and water systems, roading, motor vehicles, plant and equipment, and furniture and fittings. They are sometimes referred to as capital assets.

## Resources

These are the assets, staff and funds needed to produce the outputs of Council.

## **Service Measures**

Also referred to as performance measures - a measure that shows how well Council is doing in achieving the goals it has set for itself.

## **Statement of Changes in Equity**

Is the change in Ratepayers' Equity (difference between Council's total assets and total liabilities) from year to year. It also records the gross movement in reserve accounts.

## **Statement of Comprehensive Revenue** and Expenditure

Accounts for all of Council's revenue and expenditure over a period of time according to accounting conventions.

### Statement of Financial Position

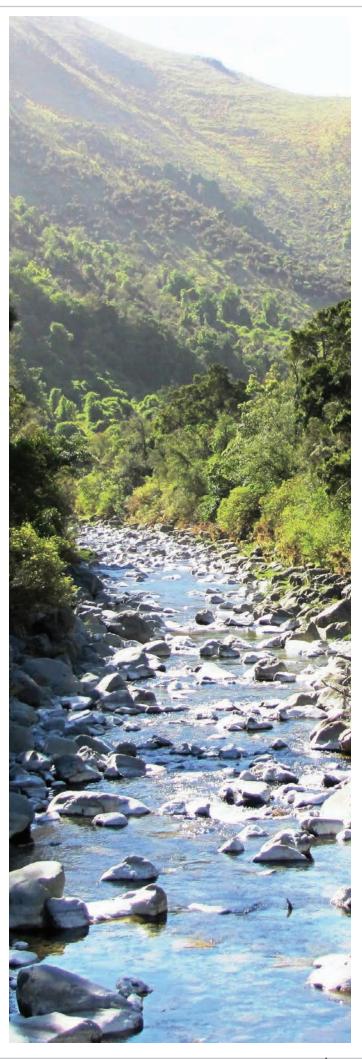
Provides a financial snapshot of Council's assets, liabilities, term loans and ratepayers equity at a point in time.

## **Statement of Service Performance**

Is the statement for each Activity, or Group of Activities, that reflects the revenue and expenditure over a period of time. Unlike the Funding Impact Statement, the Service Performance Statement includes depreciation and amortisation, and excludes capital expenditure.

## **Working Capital**

These are Council's net current assets which are held in cash or can be readily converted to cash less liabilities due for payment within one year. This is indicative of Council's ability to meet its obligations as they fall due.



## **Council Information**

## Elected Members Ward

Mayor Craig Rowley

Deputy Mayor Sharyn Cain Waimate

Councillor Jakki Guilford Hakataramea-Waihaorunga

Councillor David Anderson Pareora-Otaio-Makikihi
Councillor Tom O'Connor JP Pareora-Otaio-Makikihi

Councillor Sheila Paul Lower Waihao

Councillor David Owen JP Waimate
Councillor Miriam Morton Waimate
Councillor Peter Collins Waimate

## Leadership Team

Stuart Duncan Chief Executive

Dan Mitchell, BSc Asset Group Manager

Andy Hilton, ACMA Corporate Services Manager

Carolyn Johns, Dip Com

Community and Strategy Group Manager

Sue Kelly Regulatory and Compliance Group Manager

Fiona Hester-Smith Human Resources Manager
Michelle Jones Executive Support Manager

## **General Information**

Bank ANZ New Zealand Ltd, Timaru

Auditor Audit New Zealand on behalf of the Office of the Controller and Auditor-General

Solicitors Anderson Lloyd, Dunedin

Gallaway Cook Allan, Dunedin

Hope and Associates Legal, Waimate

Simpson Grierson, Wellington

### **Contact Details**

Waimate District Council,

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Telephone: (03) 689 0000 Facsimile: (03) 689 8075

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## **About the Annual Report**

The purpose of the Annual Report is to explain how we delivered on the 2017/18 Annual Plan (or year three of the 2015-25 Long Term Plan) as required by section 98 of the Local Government Act 2002.

## **Long Term Plan**

Reviewed ever three years

Lets you know what the Council is doing and why

## **Community Outcomes**

Knowing the environment in which people live. Knowing what the community and people want



#### **Annual Plan**

## Produced every non-Long Term Plan year

Lets you know what the Council work is going to be paid for each year, and the variances from Long Term Plan

## **Annual Report**

### **Produced yearly**

Lets you know if the Council did what it said it would do and at what cost

The Annual Report details Council's achievements and progress across the 10 Groups of Activities:

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## **Report on Long Term Plan and Policies**

## **Long Term Plan**

The Local Government Act 2002 (LGA), brought major changes in the way local bodies operate and the way they interact with the communities they represent. Greater emphasis is put on requirements for Councils to be guided by the aspirations and needs of the local community and to ensure that they truly understand what those aspirations and needs are.

One piece of this picture is the generation of a Long Term Plan (LTP). The LGA outlines purpose of a LTP, what it must contain and how it will be used as the basis of all Council decision-making and operations. Effective consultation with the community is a key requirement.

The LTP must be reviewed every three years. Annually, Council will consider interim amendments following the Annual Plan procedure. This will allow for unforeseen changes or events that have altered the basis for budgeting and scheduling operations. An annual budget will also be released, based on the intentions contained in the LTP, but again, allowing for changed circumstances.

## What does the LTP Intend to Achieve?

The LTP represents the agreement between the community of the District and Council as to how the community should develop to meet the local citizens' wishes, and the part that Council will play in reaching those objectives.

It therefore presents a 'future view' of what type of community we should ideally be living in by approximately the year 2025, and sets out a plan for Council to do its part in making that future happen.

It outlines the 'outcomes' or results that the community have identified as the important themes for the future and describes what must change in order to achieve these outcomes.

The role of Council in making these outcomes come into being, determines its future work programme, budgets and resource requirements.

Council's LTP covers the years 2015-25 and within this document the Consolidated Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure information for each of these 10 years is shown. In the Statements of Service Performance by Activities later in this Annual Report document explanations of any significant variances in the LTP for year 2017/18 budget and the actual results achieved are shown.

## **Treasury Policy**

This policy incorporates Council's **Investment Policy** 403 and **Liability Management Policy** 402 prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act 2002.

### The **Investment Policy** states:

- the objectives in terms of which financial and equity investments are to be managed; and
- the mix of investments; and
- · the acquisition of new investments; and
- an outline of the procedures by which investments are managed and reported on to the local authority; and
- an outline of how risks associated with investments are assessed and managed.

The **Liability Management Policy** states in respect to borrowing and other liabilities:

- interest rate exposure; and
- · credit exposure; and
- · specific borrowing limits; and
- · liquidity; and
- · debt repayment; and
- · the giving of securities.

## **Funding Policy**

This policy incorporates Council's **Revenue and Financing Policy** 401 in accordance with the Local Government Act 2002.

The Revenue and Financing Policy states in respect to:

- funding of operating expenses from the various funding sources
- funding of capital expenditure from the various funding sources

These funding sources come from the following:

- · general rates;
- fees and charges;
- borrowing;
- grants and subsidies;
- development and financial contributions;
- · targeted rates;
- interest and dividends from investments;
- proceeds from asset sales;
- financial contributions under the Resource Management Act 1991;
- · any other source.

This policy can be found in the LTP 2018-28.

## Statement of Compliance and Responsibility

### Compliance

The Council and management of Waimate District Council confirm that they have complied with all the statutory requirements of the Local Government Act 2002 regarding financial management and borrowing with the exception of section 98(3) that requires that the Annual Report must be completed and adopted, by resolution, within 4 months after the end of the financial year to which it relates. The Council was unable to meet the deadline of 31 October 2018.

### Responsibility

- The Council and management of Waimate District Council accept responsibility for the preparation of the Annual Report and the judgements used in them.
- The Council and management of Waimate District Council accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining
  a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of
  financial reporting.
- In the opinion of the Council and management of Waimate District Council, the Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2018, fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the Council.

Craig Rowley

Rowley

Mayor

Stuart Duncan Chief Executive

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

## To the readers of Waimate District Council's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2018

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Waimate District Council (the District Council). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Dereck Ollsson, using the staff and resources of Audit New Zealand, to report on the information in the District Council's annual report that we are required to audit under the Local Government Act 2002 (the Act). We refer to this information as "the audited information" in our report.

We are also required to report on:

- whether the District Council has complied with the requirements of Schedule 10 of the Act that apply to the annual report; and
- the completeness and accuracy of the District Council's disclosures about its performance against benchmarks that are required by the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014.

We refer to this information as "the disclosure requirements" in our report.

We completed our work on 6 November 2018. This is the date on which we give our report.

### Opinion on the audited information

In our opinion:

- the financial statements on pages 21 to 24 and pages 33 to 76:
  - o present fairly, in all material respects:
    - the District Council's financial position as at 30 June 2018;
    - the results of its operations and cash flows for the year ended on that date;
       and
  - comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Reporting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime; and
- the funding impact statement on page 25, presents fairly, in all material respects, the amount of funds produced from each source of funding and how the funds were applied as compared to the information included in the District Council's annual plan;
- the statement of service provision on pages 77 to 163:
  - o presents fairly, in all material respects, the District Council's levels of service for each group of activities for the year ended 30 June 2018, including:

- the levels of service achieved compared with the intended levels of service and whether any intended changes to levels of service were achieved;
- the reasons for any significant variation between the levels of service achieved and the intended levels of service; and
- o complies with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand; and
- the statement about capital expenditure for each group of activities on pages 77 to 163,
   presents fairly, in all material respects, actual capital expenditure as compared to the budgeted capital expenditure included in the District Council's annual plan; and
- the funding impact statement for each group of activities on pages 77 to 163, presents fairly, in all material respects, the amount of funds produced from each source of funding and how the funds were applied as compared to the information included in the District Council's Long-term plan.

## Report on the disclosure requirements

We report that the District Council has:

- complied with the requirements of Schedule 10 of the Act that apply to the annual report; and
- made the disclosures about performance against benchmarks as required by the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence Regulations 2014) on pages 27 to 31, which represent a complete list of required disclosures and accurately reflects the information drawn from the District Council's audited information and, where applicable, the District Council's long-term plan and annual plans.

## Basis for our opinion on the audited information

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. We describe our responsibilities under those standards further in the "Responsibilities of the auditor for the audited information" section of this report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the audited information.

## Responsibilities of the Council for the audited information

The Council is responsible for meeting all legal requirements that apply to its annual report.

The Council's responsibilities arise under the Local Government Act 2002 and the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014.

The Council is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare the information we audit that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the information we audit the Council is responsible for assessing its ability to continue as a going concern. The Council is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to amalgamate or cease all of the functions of the District Council or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Responsibilities of the auditor for the audited information

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the audited information, as a whole, is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of this audited information.

For the budget information reported in the audited information, our procedures were limited to checking that the budget information agreed to the District Council's annual plan.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited information.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the audited information, whether
  due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
  obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The
  risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
  resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District Council's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Council.
- We determine the appropriateness of the reported intended levels of service in the statement of service provision, as a reasonable basis for assessing the levels of service achieved and reported by the District Council.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Council and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists

related to events or conditions that may cast a significant doubt on the District Council's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our audit report to the related disclosures in the audited information or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the District Council to cease to continue as a going concern.

• We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the audited information, including the disclosures, and whether the audited information represents, where applicable, the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Council regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Other Information

The Council is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the information included on pages 4 to 11, 32, and 165 to 167, but does not include the audited information and the disclosure requirements.

Our opinion on the audited information and our report on the disclosure requirements do not cover the other information.

Our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the audited information and the disclosure requirements, or our knowledge obtained during our work, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

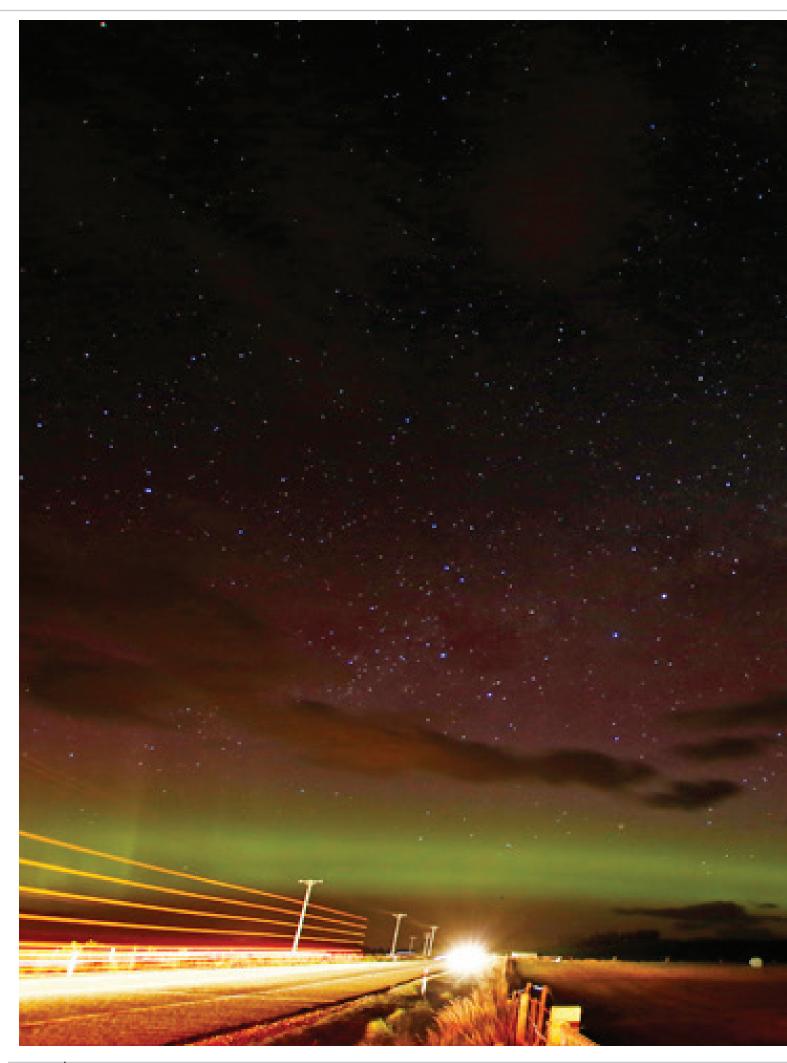
### Independence

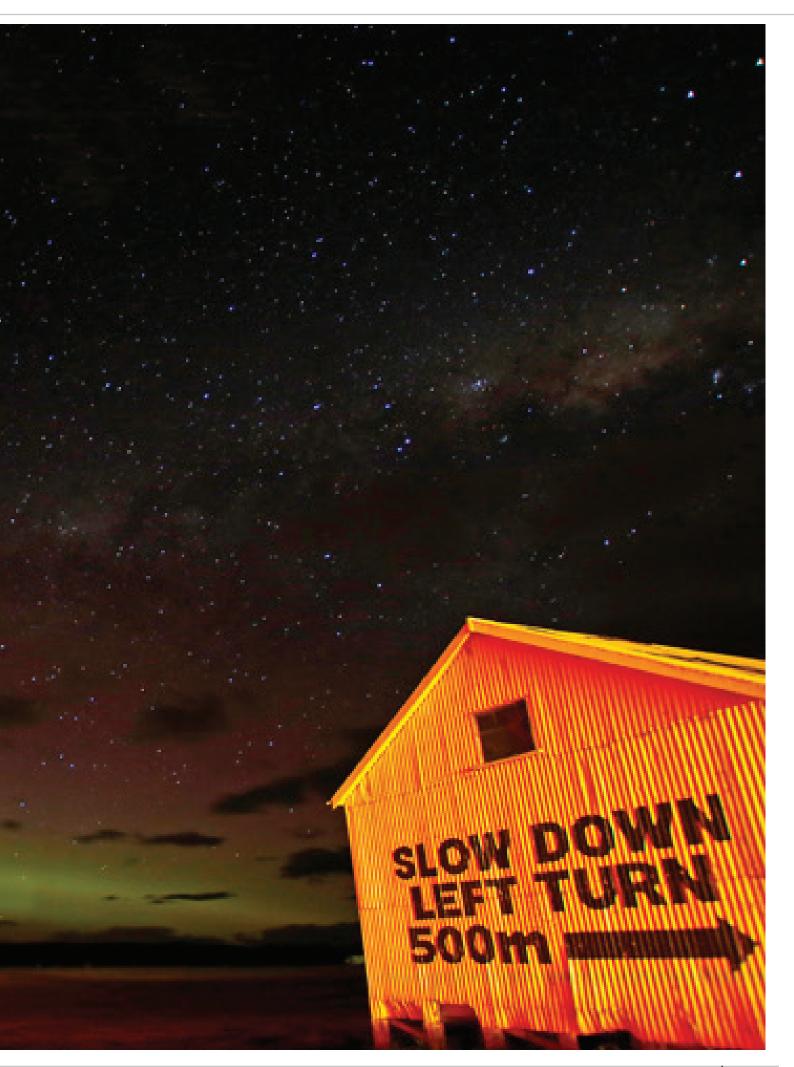
We are independent of the District Council in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised): Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

In addition to our audit of the audited information and our report on the disclosure requirements, we have audited the District Council's 2018-28 long term plan. Other than these engagements, we have no relationship with, or interests in, the District Council.

Dereck Ollsson Audit New Zealand

On behalf of the Auditor-General Christchurch, New Zealand





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## Financial Summary

## **Council Financial Statistics**

	2018 Actual	2018 2018 LTP Budget Annual Plan		2017 Actual
Proportion of rates to total revenue	58.8%	66.5%	62.1%	52.0%
Average rates per rateable property (equals Total Rates divided by Total Rateable Units)	\$ 2,737	\$ 2,688	\$ 2,641	\$ 2,631
Net public debt as a percentage of total assets	0.64%	0.90%	0.80%	0.64%
Public debt per rateable property	\$ 805	\$ 1,113	\$ 974	\$ 825
Rating units - rateable - non-rateable Total Rating units at the start of the financial year	4,317 254 4,571			3,399 912 4,311
Total Capital Value of Rating Units at the start of the financial year (\$000)	\$ 4,768,422			\$ 4,031,827
Total Land Value of Rating Units at the start of the financial year (\$000)	\$ 3,167,407			\$ 2,569,400

## **Council Five Year Financial Performance Summary**

	2018 Actual \$000	2017 Actual \$000	2016 Actual \$000	2015 Actual \$000	2014 Actual \$000
General/Civic Amenities rates	3,436	3,195	3,263	5,305	5,301
Targeted rates	5,868	5,746	5,475	3,126	2,890
Net surplus/(deficit)	(345)	2,131	1,483	(50)	(3)
Working capital	3,949	3,944	3,092	1,819	1,478
Public debt	2,737	2,805	2,000	500	500
Net assets	420,815	433,511	399,439	396,334	379,398

# Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure

## for the year ended 30 June 2018

Operating Revenue         Rates (net of remissions)         2         9,303         9,283         8,941           Development and Financial contributions         3         83         87         68           Subsidies and Grants         3         1,078         2,841         2,655           Fees and charges         3         1,078         2,101         1,024           Interest revenue         4         101         35         53           Other revenue         5         2,150         1,696         4,465           Total Operating Revenue         15,813         14,955         17,206           Operating Expenditure           Employment benefit expenses         6         3,883         3,728         3,634           Depreciation         14         4,437         4,568         4,681           Amortisation         16         36         3,9         26           Finance costs         4         114         207         96           Other expenses         6         7,689         6,551         6,639           Total Operating Expenditure         16,158         15,094         15,076           Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation         2         4,558			2	2018	20	18	2017
Rates (net of remissions)		Note	ı				
Rates (net of remissions)         2         \$ 9,303         \$ 9,283         \$ 8,941           Development and Financial contributions         3         83         87         68           Subsides and Grants         3         3,098         2,841         2,655           Fees and charges         3         1,078         1,013         1,024           Interest revenue         4         101         35         53           Other revenue         5         2,150         1,696         4,465           Total Operating Revenue           Employment benefit expenses         6         3,883         3,728         3,634           Depreciation         14         4,437         4,568         4,681           Amortisation         16         36         39         26           Finance costs         4         114         207         96           Other expenses         8         7,689         6,551         6,639           Total Operating Expenditure         16,158         15,094         15,076           Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation         (345)         (139)         2,130           Total Surplus/(Deficit)         \$         (345)				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, -		
Development and Financial contributions   3   83   87   68							
Subsidies and Grants         3         3,098         2,841         2,655           Fees and charges         3         1,078         1,013         1,024           Interest revenue         4         101         35         5           Other revenue         5         2,150         1,696         4,465           Total Operating Revenue         15,813         14,955         17,206           Operating Expenditure           Employment benefit expenses         6         3,883         3,728         3,634           Depreciation         14         4,437         4,568         4,681           Amortisation         16         36         39         26           Finance costs         4         114         207         96           Other expenses         8         7,689         6,551         6,639           Total Operating Expenditure         16,158         15,094         15,076           Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation         (345)         (139)         2,130           Total Surplus/(Deficit)         \$ (345)         (139)         2,130           Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure           Increase/(decrease) in discretio			\$		\$		\$ ,
Fees and charges	·						
Interest revenue						, -	,
Other revenue         5         2,150         1,696         4,465           Total Operating Revenue         15,813         14,955         17,206           Operating Expenditure           Employment benefit expenses         6         3,883         3,728         3,634           Depreciation         14         4,437         4,568         4,681           Amortisation         16         36         39         26           Finance costs         4         114         207         96           Other expenses         8         7,689         6,551         6,639           Total Operating Expenditure         16,158         15,094         15,076           Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation         (345)         (139)         2,130           Taxation expense         9         -         -         -           Total Surplus/(Deficit)         \$ (345)         \$ (139)         2,130           Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure           Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets         21         -         -         -           Impairment of revalued assets and reversal of a prior year value         21         -         -         -         -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•		•	,
Operating Expenditure           Employment benefit expenses         6         3,883         3,728         3,634           Depreciation         14         4,437         4,568         4,681           Amortisation         16         36         39         26           Finance costs         4         114         207         96           Other expenses         8         7,689         6,551         6,639           Total Operating Expenditure         16,158         15,094         15,076           Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation         (345)         (139)         2,130           Total Surplus/(Deficit)         \$ (345)         (139)         2,130           Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure         \$ (345)         (139)         2,130           Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure         \$ (345)         (139)         2,130           Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure         \$ (345)         \$ (39)         \$ 2,130           Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure         \$ (345)         \$ (39)         \$ 2,130           Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure         \$ (345)         \$ (39)         \$ 2,130           Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure         \$ (15,002)		•					
Employment benefit expenses   6   3,883   3,728   3,634     Depreciation   14   4,437   4,568   4,681     Amortisation   16   36   39   26     Finance costs   4   114   207   96     Other expenses   8   7,689   6,551   6,639     Total Operating Expenditure   16,158   15,094   15,076     Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation   (345)   (139)   2,130     Taxation expense   9   -	Total Operating Revenue			15,813	1	14,955	17,206
Employment benefit expenses   6   3,883   3,728   3,634     Depreciation   14   4,437   4,568   4,681     Amortisation   16   36   39   26     Finance costs   4   114   207   96     Other expenses   8   7,689   6,551   6,639     Total Operating Expenditure   16,158   15,094   15,076     Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation   (345)   (139)   2,130     Taxation expense   9   -							
Depreciation	Operating Expenditure						
Amortisation 16 36 39 26 Finance costs 4 114 207 96 Other expenses 8 7,689 6,551 6,639  Total Operating Expenditure 16,158 15,094 15,076  Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation (345) (139) 2,130  Taxation expense 9  Total Surplus/(Deficit) \$ (345) \$ (139) \$ 2,130  Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure  Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets 21	Employment benefit expenses	6		3,883		3,728	3,634
Finance costs Other expenses  Total Operating Expenditure  Total Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation  Total Surplus/(Deficit)  Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure  Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves  Impairment of revalued assets and reversal of a prior year value Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue  Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure  Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves  Increase	Depreciation	14		4,437		4,568	4,681
Other expenses Total Operating Expenditure  16,158 15,094 15,076  Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation  Taxation expense 9 Total Surplus/(Deficit)  Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves Impairment of revalued assets and reversal of a prior year value Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue  Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure  (12,350) 3,630 31,941	Amortisation	16					
Total Operating Expenditure  Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation  Taxation expense  9  Total Surplus/(Deficit)  Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure  Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves  Impairment of revalued assets and reversal of a prior year value Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue  Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure  (15,002)  15,076  (345)  (139)  2,130  2,130							
Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation  Taxation expense  9  Total Surplus/(Deficit)  Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure  Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves Impairment of revalued assets and reversal of a prior year value Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue  Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure  (12,350)  (139)  (139)  2,130  (139)  2,130  130  141  (139)  141  151  161  161  172  173  173  173  174  175  175  175  175  175  175  175	Other expenses	8		7,689		6,551	6,639
Total Surplus/(Deficit)  Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves Impairment of revalued assets and reversal of a prior year value Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure  9  (1345) \$ (139) \$ 2,130  2,652  3,630 30,718  10,718  11,223  11,223  12,052 13,630 13,941	Total Operating Expenditure			16,158	1	15,094	15,076
Total Surplus/(Deficit)  \$ (345) \$ (139) \$ 2,130  Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves Inpairment of revalued assets and reversal of a prior year value Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue  Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure  \$ (345) \$ (139) \$ 2,130  \$ 2,130	Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before Taxation			(345)		(139)	2,130
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets 21	Taxation expense	9		-		-	
Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets  21	Total Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(345)	\$	(139)	\$ 2,130
Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets  Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves  Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves  Impairment of revalued assets and reversal of a prior year value  Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue  Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves  In							
Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves 21 2,652 3,630 30,718 Impairment of revalued assets and reversal of a prior year value 21 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue 21 (15,002) - 1,223  Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure (12,350) 3,630 31,941	Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure						
Impairment of revalued assets and reversal of a prior year value 21	Increase/(decrease) in discretionary reserves/restricted assets	21		-		-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue 21 (15,002) - 1,223  Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure (12,350) 3,630 31,941	Increase/(decrease) in revaluation reserves	21		2,652		3,630	30,718
Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure (12,350) 3,630 31,941	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-		-	-
	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue	21		(15,002)		-	1,223
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure \$ (12,695) \$ 3,491 \$ 34,071	Total Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure			(12,350)		3,630	31,941
	Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure		\$	(12,695)	\$	3,491	\$ 34,071

## Statement of Changes in Equity

## for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018		2018	2017
	Note	Actual \$000	An	nual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Equity as at 1 July	21	\$ 433,511	\$	417,120	\$ 399,439
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure		(12,695)		3,491	34,071
Equity as at 30 June		\$ 420,815	\$	420,611	\$ 433,511

## Statement of Financial Position

## as at 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 Actual \$000	2018 Annual Plan \$000		2017 Actual \$000
Assets					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	10	\$ 4,199	\$ 612	\$	3,701
Trade and other receivables	11	1,796	1,439		1,253
Inventories Other financial assets	12 13	96 5	296 647		284 781
Total Current Assets	10	6,097	2,994		6,019
Non-Current Assets					
Trade and other receivables	11	_	_		_
Infrastructural assets	14	374,739	366,915		375,559
Operational assets	14	27,258	25,763		25,209
Forestry assets	15	1,727	1,424		1,471
Intangible assets	16	293	170		198
Other financial assets	13	15,616	28,711		29,925
Total Non-Current Assets		419,632	422,983		432,362
Total Assets		\$ 425,729	\$ 425,977	\$	438,381
Liabilities Current Liabilities Trade and other payables Public debt	17 20	\$ 1,746 33	\$ 1,465 26	\$	1,656 71
Provisions	18	6	6		6
Employee benefit liabilities	19	364	410		342
Total Current Liabilities		2,148	1,907		2,075
Non-Current Liabilities					
Public Debt	20	2,704	3,398		2,734
Provisions	18	61	61		61
Employee benefit liabilities	19	-	-		-
Total Non-Current Liabilities		2,765	3,459		2,795
Equity					
Public Equity	21	84,667	91,714		86,351
Special separate and trust funds	21	3,207	(4,648)		1,869
Asset revaluation reserve Other reserves	21 21	327,219 5,722	314,044 19,501		324,567 20,724
Total Equity	21	420,815	420,611		433,511
Total Liabilities and Equity				\$	<u> </u>
iotal Elabilities and Equity		\$ 425,729	\$ 425,977	Ф	438,381

## Statement of Cash Flows

## for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018	2018	2017
	Note	Actual \$000	Annual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash was received from:  Receipts from rates revenue Interest received Dividends received		\$ 9,345 101 456	\$ 9,323 35 754	\$ 8,877 53 708
Receipts from other revenue		5,054	4,816	5,607
		14,956	14,928	15,245
Cash was applied to: Payments to suppliers and employees Interest paid		11,269 114	10,547 207	10,378 96
		11,383	10,754	10,474
Net Cash Flows from operating activities	-	3,573	4,174	4,771
Cash flows from investing activities Cash was received from:		45		0.7
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of harvested forests		15 284	-	27 216
Proceeds from sale of investment property		169	134	-
Proceeds from sale of investments		-	-	12
		468	134	255
Cash was applied to:  Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Purchase of silviculture		3,199 130	5,040 29	4,513 56
Acquisition of investments		146	-	244
		3,475	5,069	4,813
Net Cash Flows from investing activities		(3,007)	(4,935)	(4,558)
Cash flows from financing activities Cash was received from: Proceeds from public debt			_	850
1 rocceds from public dest				850
Cash was applied to:				
Repayment of public debt		68	26	45
		68	26	45
Net Cash Flows from financing activities		(68)	(26)	805
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		498	(787)	1,018
Add opening cash balance (1 July)		3,701	1,399	2,683
Closing cash (30 June)	10	\$ 4,199	\$ 612	\$ 3,701
Represented by: Cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts	10	4,199	612	3,701
		\$ 4,199	\$ 612	\$ 3,701
		., .,,,	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1

## **Funding Impact Statement**

## for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 Annual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000	2017 Annual Plan \$000
Sources of operating funding General rates, UAGC and rates penalties Targeted rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges Interest and dividends from investments Local authority fuel tax, fines, infringement fees other	\$ 1,149 8,246 1,842 1,078 557 1,212	\$ 1,106 8,281 1,169 1,013 789 745	8,004 1,619 1,023 761 1,355	7,975 986 876 607 796
Total sources of operating funding	14,084	13,103	13,784	12,292
Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs Other operating funding applications	10,815 114 -	10,224 207 -	10,221 96 -	9,715 199 -
Total applications of operating funding	10,929	10,431	10,317	9,914
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding	3,155	2,672	3,467	2,378
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase/(decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding	1,261 83 (68) 15 -	1,672 87 (26) - -	1,251 68 805 27 -	1,681 92 375 - -
Total sources of capital funding	1,291	1,733	2,151	2,148
Applications of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand Capital expenditure - to improve level of service Capital expenditure - to replace existing assets Increase/(decrease) in reserves Increase/(decrease) in investments	5 560 2,763 1,117	1,237 3,832 (664)	464 1,545 2,560 805 244	546 1,556 3,394 (1,079) 109
Total applications of capital funding	4,445	4,405	5,618	4,526
Surplus/(deficit) of capital funding	(3,155)	(2,672)	(3,467)	(2,378)
Funding balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# Reconciliation of Surplus/(deficit) after tax to operating funding per the Funding Impact Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018	2018	2017
	Actual \$000	Annual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Service Performance Statement			
operating surplus/(deficit) by Activity Forestry Investments and Finance Community Property	\$ 394 (414) 36	\$ 65 171 (180)	\$ 22 (92) 2,235
Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control	118 86 (270) 24 (10)	- 51 - -	20 60 (16) 26 (9)
Community Representation Strategy Managing Services	46 (63) 194	12 (82) (13)	42 4 147
Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library	58 11 10	(33) - -	27 (48) 11
Camping Cemeteries Parks and Public Spaces Swimming	30 (20) (76) 20	(27) (10) (34) (2)	45 6 160 (23)
Roading	(774)	(235)	(848)
Sewerage and Sewage	75	45	136
Stormwater Drainage	16	(6)	13
Waste Management	24	12	99
Water Supply	140	127	113
Total Surplus/(Deficit) after tax per the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure	(345)	(139)	2,131
less donated assets and interest on internal borrowing not included in the FIS	-	-	(1,922)
Total Surplus/(Deficit) before vested assets not included in the FIS	(345)	(139)	209
less Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure less Development and financial contributions less Revaluation losses/(gains) not included in the FIS add Loss on sale not included in the FIS add other Non Cash items not included in the FIS add Depreciation/amortisation not included in the FIS	(1,261) (83) (379) 232 518 4,472	(1,672) (87) (133) 94 2 4,608	(1,251) (68) (181) 51 - 4,707
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding per the Funding Impact Statement	\$ 3,155	\$ 2,672	\$ 3,467

## **Disclosure Statement**

## for the year ended 30 June 2018

## What is the purpose of this statement?

The purpose of this statement is to disclose the council's financial performance in relation to various benchmarks to enable the assessment of whether the council is prudently managing its reserves, expenses, assets, liabilities, and general financial dealings.

The council is required to include this statement in its annual report in accordance with the Local Government (Financial Reporting and Prudence) Regulations 2014 (the **regulations**). Refer to the regulations for more information, including the definitions of some of the terms used in this statement.

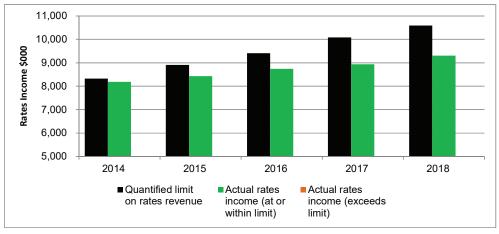
## Rates affordability benchmark

Council meets the rates affordability benchmark if:

- 1. Actual rates income is equal to or less than each quantified limit on rates income, and
- 2. Actual rates increases are equal to or less than each quantified limit on rates increases.

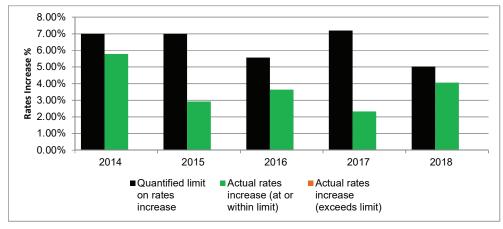
## Rates (income) affordability

The following graph compares Council's actual rates income with the quantified limit on rates income contained in the Financial Strategy section within the Long Term Plan. Limits are calculated based on the rates percentage increase limits (disclosed in the second graph below) as forecast in the Long Term Plan, compared to actual rates income forecast on an annual basis.



## Rates (increases) affordability

The following graph compares Council's actual rates increases with the quantified limit on rates increases contained in the Financial Strategy section within the Long Term Plan.

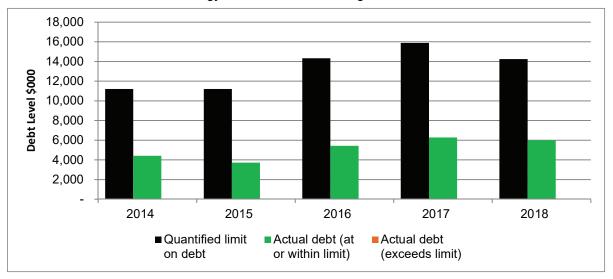


Note that as demonstrated in the above graphs Council has strived and achieved remaining within the total rates requirement as set.

## **Debt Affordability Benchmark**

Council meets the debt affordability benchmark if actual borrowing is within each quantified limit on borrowing.

The following graph compares Council's actual borrowing with the quantified limit on borrowing contained in the Financial Strategy section within the Long Term Plan.

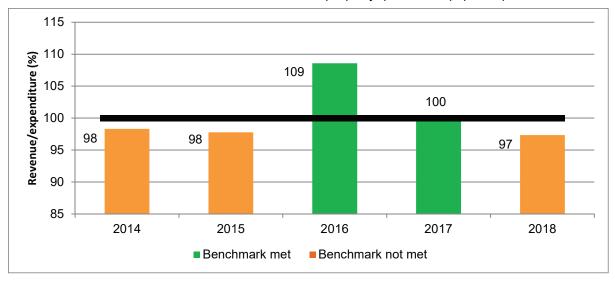


The quantified limit on debt that has been used is the projected Public debt (or Borrowings), both external and internal debt.

## **Balanced Budget Benchmark**

Council meets the balanced budget benchmark if revenue is equal to or is greater than operating expenses.

The following graph displays Council's actual revenue (excluding development contributions, financial contributions, vested assets, gains on derivative financial instruments and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment) as a proportion of operating expenses (excluding losses on derivative financial instruments and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment):



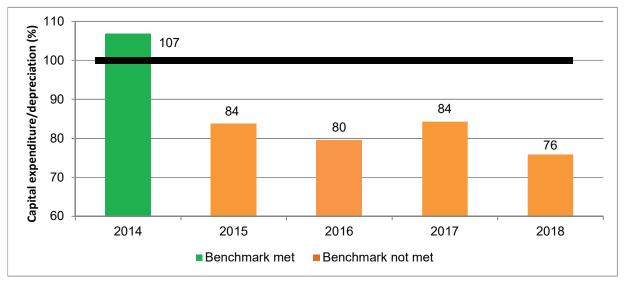
Council has previously decided not to fully fund the depreciation cost of specific assets. This may be for a number of different reasons: that Council has resolved not to replace the asset; that it is unfair to existing ratepayers to pay for a new asset and its replacement; that annual maintenance will maintain the service level; that Council can fundraise or borrow the funds in the future to replace the asset; that Council wishes to smooth the rate impact of revaluations.

The decisions around not fully funding depreciation have the largest impact on the deficit or surplus. There are a number of other items that may have an impact: Grants, Subsidies or donations received for Capital Expenditure; Self funding activities that do not contribute to the rate or receive a rate allocation which may be funded from reserve funds; forestry activity where harvest revenue may be outside the period under review; rate funding for contributions to Reserve Funds for use at a time in the future; operating expenditure and grants funded by Reserve Funds; rates smoothing relative to the nature of the expenditure to spread the funding over more than one year to manage the rating impact.

## **Essential Services Benchmark**

Council meets the essential services benchmark if capital expenditure on network services (infrastructure related to: water supply; sewerage and treatment and disposal of sewage; stormwater drainage; flood protection and control works; and provision of roads and footpaths) is equal to or is greater than depreciation on those network services.

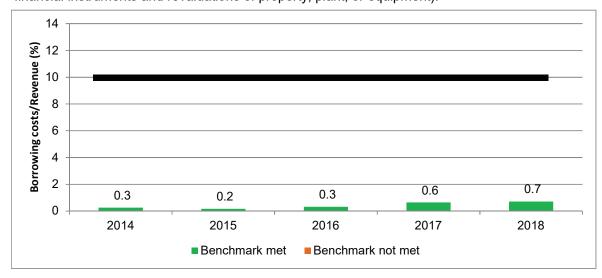
The following graph displays Council's capital expenditure on network services as a proportion of depreciation on those network services:



## **Debt Serving Benchmark**

Because Statistics New Zealand projects the district's population will grow more slowly than the national population growth, Council meets the debt servicing benchmark if borrowing costs are equal to or are less than 10% of revenue.

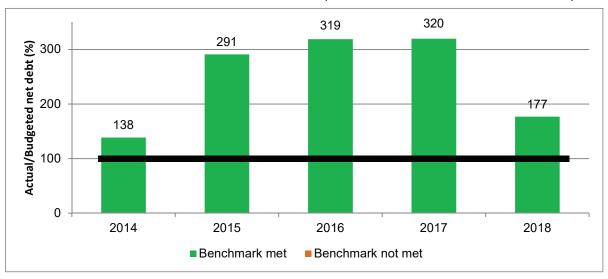
The following graph displays Council's borrowing costs as a proportion of actual revenue (excluding development contributions, financial contributions, vested assets, gains on derivative financial instruments and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment):



## **Debt Control Benchmark**

Council meets the debt control benchmark if actual net debt is equal to or is less than planned net debt.

The following graph displays Council's actual net debt as a proportion of planned net debt. **Net debt** means financial liabilities less financial assets (exclusive of trade and other receivables):

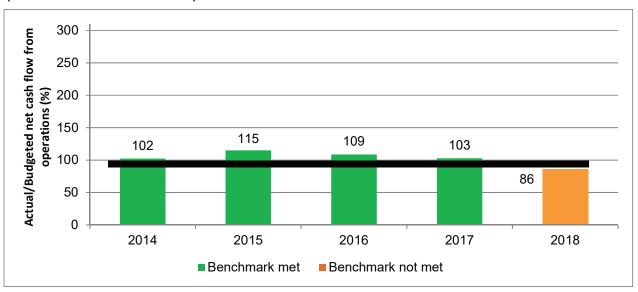


In a situation where Council planned to have net assets, financial assets (excluding trade and other receivables) were planned to exceed financial liabilities, the above graph will show "benchmark met" wherever Council is better off (either less indebted or with greater net assets) than planned. In each of the years in the graph above Council planned to have net assets and has greater net assets than planned.

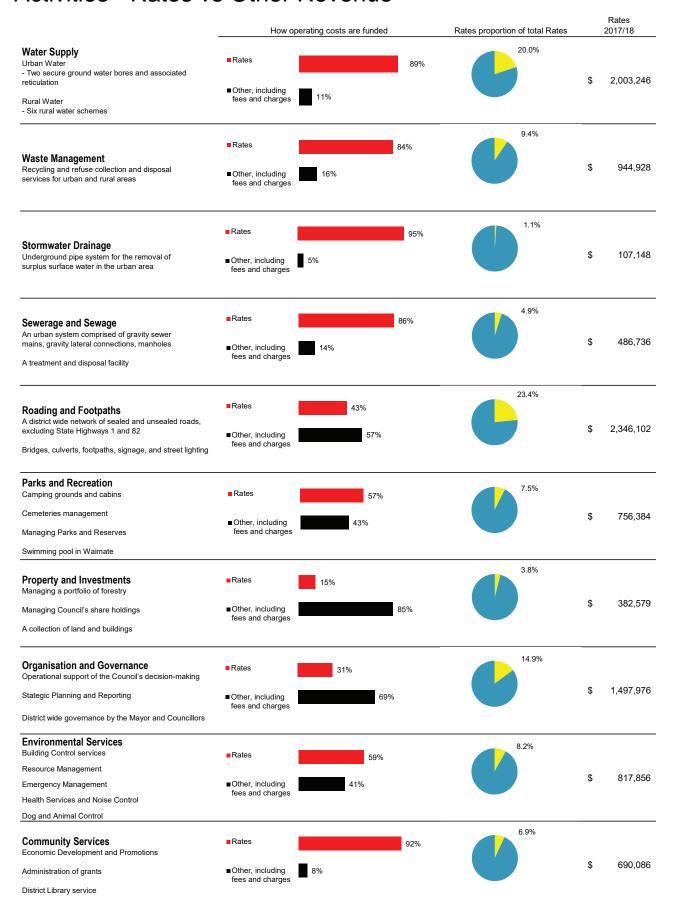
## **Operations Control Benchmark**

Council meets the operations control benchmark if actual net cash flow from operations is equal to or is greater than planned net cash flow from operations.

The following graph displays Council's actual net cash flow from operations as a proportion of planned net cash flow from operations.



## Activities - Rates vs Other Revenue



## Statement of Accounting Policies

### Reporting entity

Waimate District Council is a territorial local body governed by the Local Government Act 2002 (LGA) and is domiciled in New Zealand.

The Council consists of the Council, 1 forestry joint ventures (73.6% owned) and Downlands joint venture (14.81% owned). Council is a separate legal entity and does not have any subsidiaries.

The primary objective of the Council is to provide goods and services for the community or social benefit rather than making a financial return. Accordingly, the Council has designated itself as a public benefit entity (PBE) for the purposes of PBE IPSAS.

The financial statements of the Council are for the year ended 30 June 2018. The financial statements were authorised for issue by Council on 6 November 2018.

#### **Basis of preparation**

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Council have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the LGA, which includes the requirement to comply with New Zealand generally accepted accounting practice (NZ GAAP).

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Tier 2 PBE accounting standards, as Total Expenditure is below the \$30 million threshold.

#### Measurement base

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except where modified by the revaluation of land and buildings, certain infrastructural assets, investment property, forestry assets and certain financial instruments (including derivative instruments).

#### Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000). The functional currency of the Council is New Zealand dollars.

#### Changes in accounting policies

Following a review of the useful life of Operational and Infrastructural Assets the depreciable life and rates have been updated as appropriate to better reflect the service over time.

### Significant accounting policies

The following accounting policies which materially affect the measurement of results and the financial position have been applied:

#### Joint venture

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control. For jointly controlled operations, the Council recognises in its financial statements the assets it controls, the liabilities and expenses it incurs, and the share of revenue that it earns from the joint venture.

The Council has a 73.6% share in 1 forestry joint venture agreement. Council accounts for its share of revenue and all expenses.

The Council also has a joint venture ownership of 14.81% with Timaru District Council and Mackenzie District Council for the maintenance and operation of the Downlands rural water scheme.

Note: The Downlands Joint Venture has been accounted for using the proportionate consolidation method (PBE IPSAS 8) for the year ended 30 June 2018. From 1 January 2019 (Annual Report 2019) this Joint Venture will be accounted for using the equity method (PBE IPSAS 36 effective 1 January 2019).

#### Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

#### Rates revenue

Rates are set annually by a resolution from Council and relate to a financial year. All ratepayers are invoiced within the financial year to which the rates have been set. Rates revenue is recognised at the start of the financial year.

Revenue from water rates by meter is recognised on an accrual basis. Unbilled usage, as a result of unread meters at year end, is accrued on an average usage basis.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are received from the New Zealand Transport Agency, which subsidises part of the costs of maintaining the local roading infrastructure. The subsidies are recognised as revenue upon entitlement as conditions pertaining to eligible expenditure have been fulfilled.

#### Provision of services

Revenue from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at balance date, based on the actual service provided as a percentage of the total services to be provided.

#### Vested assets

Where a physical asset is acquired for nil or nominal consideration the fair value of the asset received is recognised as revenue. Assets vested in the Waimate District Council are recognised as revenue when control over the asset is obtained.

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when a product is sold to the customer.

#### Agency arrangements

Where revenue is derived by acting as an agent for another party, the revenue that is recognised is the commission or fee on the transaction.

#### Interest and dividends

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method.

Dividends are recognised when the right to receive payment has been established. Dividends are recorded net of imputation credits.

#### **Development & Financial contributions**

Development and Financial contributions are recognised as revenue when the Council provides, or is able to provide, the service for which the contributions were charged. Otherwise development and financial contributions are recognised as liabilities until such time as the Council provides, or is able to provide, the service.

### **Borrowing Costs**

All borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

## **Grant expenditure**

Non-discretionary grants are those grants that are awarded if the grant application meets the specified criteria and are recognised as expenditure when an application that meets the specified criteria for the grant has been received.

Discretionary grants are those grants where the Council has no obligation to award on receipt of the grant application and are recognised as expenditure when a successful applicant has been notified of the Council's decision.

#### Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions (including those for which foreign exchange contracts are held) are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

#### Income tax

Income tax expense is the aggregate of current period movements in relation to both current and deferred tax.

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable based on the taxable surplus for the current year, plus any adjustments to income tax payable in respect of prior years. Current tax is calculated using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at balance date.

Deferred tax is the amount of income tax payable or recoverable in future periods in respect of temporary differences and unused tax losses. Temporary differences are differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable surplus.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at balance date. The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Council expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset and liability in a transaction that is not a business combination, and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting surplus nor taxable surplus.

Current and deferred tax is recognised against the operating surplus/(deficit) for the period, except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or to transactions recognised in other comprehensive revenue or expenditure or directly in equity.

#### Leases

#### **Finance leases**

A finance lease is a lease that transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred.

At the commencement of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased item or the present value of the minimum lease payments.

The finance charge is charged to the operating surplus/(deficit) over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no certainty as to whether the Council will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

#### **Operating leases**

An operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are shown within trade and other payables in current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment.

#### Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivative financial instruments are used to manage exposure to foreign exchange and interest rate risks arising from financing activities. In accordance with its treasury policy, the Council does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value at each balance date. The associated gains or losses of derivatives that are not hedge accounted are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

#### Other financial assets

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs unless they are carried at fair value through the operating surplus/(deficit) in which case the transaction costs are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Council commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Council has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial assets are classified into the following categories for the purpose of measurement:

- Fair value through the operating surplus/(deficit)
- Loans and receivables
- Held to maturity investments
- Fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expenditure

The classification of a financial asset depends on the purpose for which the instrument was acquired.

#### Financial assets at fair value through the operating surplus/(deficit)

Financial assets at fair value through the operating surplus/(deficit) include financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term or it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of short-term profit-taking. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading.

Financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term or part of a portfolio classified as held for trading are classified as a current asset. Derivatives designated as hedging instruments are classified as current; those not formally held for hedging purposes are classified as current if they are realised/settled within 12 months of balance date After initial recognition, financial assets in this category are measured at their fair values with gains or losses on remeasurement recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance date, which are included in non-current assets.

After initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method less impairment. Gains and losses when the asset is impaired or derecognised are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

Loans to community organisations made at nil or below-market interest rates are initially recognised at the present value of their expected future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial instrument. The loans are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The difference between the face value and present value of the expected future cash flows of the loan is recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit) as a grant.

Council's loans and receivables comprise debtors and other receivables, community and related party loans. Loans and receivables are classified as "trade and other receivables" in the Statement of Financial Position.

#### Held to maturity investments

Held to maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities and there is the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after balance date, which are included in non-current assets.

After initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less impairment. Gains and losses when the asset is impaired or derecognised are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

Council's investments in this category includes bank term deposits.

#### Available for sale

Financial assets available for sale are those that are designated into the category at initial recognition or are not classified in any of the other categories above. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the share investment within 12 months of balance date or if the debt instrument is not expected to be realised within 12 months of balance date

Council includes in this category:

- Investments that it intends to hold long-term but which may be realised before maturity
- Shareholdings that it holds for strategic purposes

These investments are measured at their fair value, with gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenditure, except for impairment losses, which are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

On derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenditure is reclassified from equity to the operating surplus/(deficit).

Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are recorded at cost.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for objective evidence of impairment at each balance date. Impairment losses are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

#### Loans and other receivables

Impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Council will not be able to collect amounts due according to the original terms of the debt. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter into bankruptcy, and default in payments are considered indicators that the asset is impaired. The amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted using the original effective interest rate. For trade and other receivables, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit). When the receivable is uncollectible, it is written-off against the allowance account. Overdue receivables that have been renegotiated are reclassified as current (that is, not past due). Impairment in term deposits, local authority stock, government stock, and community loans, are recognised directly against the instruments carrying amount.

#### Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expenditure

For equity investments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost is considered objective evidence of impairment.

For debt investments, significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter into bankruptcy, and default in payments are considered objective indicators that the asset is impaired.

If impairment evidence exists for the investments at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expenditure, the cumulative loss (measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit)) recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenditure is reclassified from equity to the operating surplus/(deficit).

Equity instrument impairment losses recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit) are not reversed through the operating surplus/(deficit).

If in a subsequent period the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed in the operating surplus/(deficit).

#### Inventory

Inventory held for distribution or consumption in the provision of services that are not supplied on a commercial basis are measured at the lower of cost, adjusted when applicable, for any loss of service potential. Where inventory is acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, the cost is the current replacement cost at the date of acquisition.

Inventories held for use in the production of goods and services on a commercial basis are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of purchased inventory is determined using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method.

The amount of any write-down for the loss of service potential or from cost to net realisable value is recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit) in the period of the write-down.

When land held for development and future resale is transferred from investment property, plant and equipment to inventory, the fair value of the land at the date of the transfer is its deemed cost.

Costs directly attributable to the developed land are capitalised to inventory, with the exception of infrastructural asset costs which are capitalised to property, plant and equipment.

#### Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets held for sale are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Any impairment losses for write-downs of assets held for sale are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

Any increases in fair value (less costs to sell) are recognised up to the level of any impairment losses that have previously been recognised.

Non-current assets held for sale (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment consists of:

Operational assets - These include land, buildings, library books, plant and equipment, and motor vehicles.

Restricted assets - Restricted assets are parks and reserves owned by the Council that provide a benefit or service to the community and cannot be disposed of because of legal or other restrictions.

Infrastructural assets - Infrastructural assets are the fixed utility systems owned by the Council. Each asset class includes all items that are required for the network to function. For example, sewer reticulation includes reticulation piping and sewer pump stations.

Property, plant and equipment is shown at cost or valuation, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

#### Revaluation

Land and buildings (operational and restricted) and infrastructural assets are revalued with sufficient regularity to ensure that their carrying amount does not differ materially from fair value and at least every three years. All other assets are carried at depreciated historical cost.

The carrying values of revalued assets are assessed annually to ensure that they do not differ materially from the assets' fair values. If there is a material difference, then the off-cycle asset classes are revalued.

Revaluations of property, plant and equipment are accounted for on a class of asset basis.

The net revaluation results are credited or debited to other comprehensive revenue and expenditure and are accumulated to an asset revaluation reserve in equity for that class of asset. Where this would result in a debit balance in the asset revaluation reserve, this balance is not recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenditure but is recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit). Any subsequent increase on revaluation that reverses a previous decrease in value recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit) will be recognised first in the operating surplus/(deficit) up to the amount previously expensed, and then recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expenditure.

#### Additions

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Work in progress is recognised at cost less impairment and is not depreciated.

Property, plant and equipment is recognised at cost. Where an asset is acquired at no cost, or for nominal cost, it is recognised at fair value as at the date of acquisition.

#### **Disposals**

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of the asset. Gains and losses on disposals are reported net in the operating surplus/(deficit). When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in asset revaluation reserves in respect of those assets are transferred to accumulated funds.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis on all property, plant and equipment other than land (which also includes the landfill and water races), at rates which will write off the cost (or valuation) of the assets to their estimated residual values over their useful lives. The useful lives and associated depreciation rates of major classes of assets have been estimated as follows:

nated as follows:	assets	Depreciable life (years)	Depreciable rate (SL%)
Roading	Land and Formation	Not depreciable	(=10)
rtodamig	Formation	Not depreciable	
	Pavement Surface	6 - 16	6.25% - 16.16%
	Pavement Unsealed	Not depreciable	
	Pavement Base-course	45 - 50	2.00% - 2.20%
	Pavement Sub-base	Not depreciable	
	Drainage	43 - 50	2.00% - 2.30%
	Surface Water Channel	66	1.5%
	Footpaths	10 - 12	7.7% - 9.2%
	Sign	11 - 13	7.2% - 8.7%
	Street Lighting	9	10.3% - 10.6%
	Traffic Facilities	13 - 16	6.2% - 7.2%
	Bridges	47 - 55	1.8% - 2.1%
	Culvert Bridges	50 - 58	1.7% - 2.0%
	Drain Fords	9	10.1% - 10.5%
Water	Urban Schemes (inc non-pipe)	31 - 40	2.50% - 3.20%
	Rural Schemes (inc non-pipe)	9 - 52	1.9% - 10.40%
Wastewater	Laterals	27 - 30	3.30% - 3.70%
	Manholes	81 - 84	1.19% - 1.23%
	Mains Reticulation	41 - 43	2.30% - 2.40%
	Ponds (inc outlets)	119 - 125	0.80% - 0.84%
	Other Assets	50 -100	1.0% - 2.0%
Sanitation	Solid Waste Assets	2 - 100	1.00% - 34.00%
Stormwater	Pipes	68 - 71	1.40% - 1.45%
	Open Drains	Not depreciable	
	Nodes	80 - 82	1.21% - 1.24%
	Elephant Hill drainage	40	3.90% - 4.00%

	Depreciable life	Depreciable rate
Operational assets	(years)	(SL% or DV%)
Buildings	5 - 67	1.50% - 20.00% SL
Furniture and fittings	5 - 20	10.00% - 40.00% DV
Office equipment	5 - 10	20.00% - 40.00% DV
Plant and machinery	5 - 20	10.00% - 40.00% DV
Motor vehicles	5 - 10	20.00% - 40.00% DV
Library books	20	10.00% DV
Computer hardware	3 - 10	20.00% - 67.00% DV

Because of the unique nature of the Waimate Event Centre (WEC), specific depreciation rates have been applied to the components of this asset:

WEC - Structure / External Fabric	64.5	1.56% SL
WEC - Services (inc Stormwater Services)	44.5	2.27% SL
WEC - Internal Fit out	24.5	4.17% SL

The residual value and useful life of an asset is reviewed, and adjusted if applicable, at each financial year end.

#### Intangible assets

#### **Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) - Carbon credits**

Purchased carbon credits are recognised at cost on acquisition. Free carbon credits received from the Crown are recognised at fair value on receipt. They are not amortised, but are instead tested for impairment annually. They are derecognised when they are used to satisfy carbon emission obligations.

#### Software acquisition and development

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software.

Costs that are directly associated with the development of software for internal use are recognised as an intangible asset. Direct costs include the software development employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads.

Subsequent staff training costs are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit) when incurred.

Costs associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense when incurred.

#### **Easements**

Easements are recognised at cost, being the costs directly attributable in bringing the asset to its intended use. Easements have an indefinite life and are not amortised, but are instead tested for impairment annually.

#### Amortisation

ETS Carbon credits do not attract amortisation as they have an indefinite life. The carrying value of an intangible asset with a finite life is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Amortisation begins when an asset is available for use and ceases at the date that the asset is derecognised. The amortisation charge for each period is recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

The useful lives and associated amortisation rates of major classes of intangible assets have been estimated as follows:

	Useful life (years)	Amortisation rate (DV%)
Computer software	8	20%

#### Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life, or not yet available for use, are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that have a finite useful life are reviewed for indicators of impairment at each balance date. When there is an indicator of impairment the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is depreciated replacement cost for an asset where the future economic benefits or service potential of the asset are not primarily dependent on the assets ability to generate net cash flows and where the entity would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits or service potential.

The value in use for cash-generating assets and cash-generating units is the present value of expected future cash flows.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. For revalued assets, the impairment loss is recognised against the revaluation reserve for that class of asset. Where that results in a debit balance in the revaluation reserve, the balance is recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

For assets not carried at a revalued amount, the total impairment loss is recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

The reversal of an impairment loss on a revalued asset is credited to the revaluation reserve. However, to the extent that an impairment loss for that class of asset was previously recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit), a reversal of the impairment loss is also recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

For assets not carried at a revalued amount (other than goodwill), the reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

#### Forestry assets

Standing forestry assets are independently revalued annually at fair value less estimated cost to sell for one growth cycle. Fair value is determined based on the present value of expected net cash flows discounted at a current market determined rate. This calculation is based on existing sustainable felling plans and assessments regarding growth, timber prices, felling costs and silvicultural costs and takes into consideration environmental, operational and market restrictions.

Gains or losses arising on initial recognition of forestry assets at fair value less estimated costs to sell and from a change in fair value less estimated costs to sell are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

Forestry maintenance costs are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit) when incurred.

#### **Investment property**

Properties leased to third parties under operating leases are classified as investment property unless the property is held to meet service delivery objectives, rather than to earn rentals or for capital appreciation.

Investment property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs.

After initial recognition, all investment property is measured at fair value as determined annually by an independent valuer. Gains and losses arising from a change in the fair value of investment property are recognised in the operating surplus/(deficit).

## Trade and other payables

Creditors and other payables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Borrowings are initially recognised at their fair value net of transactions costs incurred. After initial recognition, all borrowings are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Council has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance date or if the borrowings are expected to be settled after 12 months of balance date.

#### **Employee entitlements**

#### Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits expected to be settled within 12 months of balance date are measured at nominal values based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to, but not yet taken at balance date, long service leave entitlements expected to be settled within twelve months, and sick leave.

A liability for sick leave is recognised to the extent that compensated absences in the coming year are expected to be greater than the sick leave entitlements earned in the coming year. The amount is calculated based on the unused sick leave entitlement that can be carried forward at balance date, to the extent it will be used by staff to cover those future absences.

A liability and an expense is recognised for bonuses where the Council has a contractual obligation or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

#### Long-term employee entitlements

#### Long service leave

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actual entitlement basis at current rates of pay accrued on the number of years service. Entitlements have not been calculated on an actual basis as this would not be significantly different from the method used. The calculations are based on likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement and contractual entitlements information.

#### Presentation of employee entitlements

Sick leave, annual leave, vested long service leave, and non-vested long service leave and retirement gratuities expected to be settled within 12 months of balance date, are classified as a current liability. All other employee entitlements are classified as a non-current liability.

#### **Superannuation schemes**

#### Defined benefit scheme

The Council pays employer contributions to the Defined Benefit Plan Contributors Scheme (the scheme), which is managed by the Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund. The scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme.

Insufficient information is available to use defined benefit plan accounting, as it is not possible to determine from the terms of the scheme the extent to which the scheme's surplus or deficit will affect future contributions by individual employers, as there is no prescribed basis for allocation. The scheme is therefore accounted for as a defined contribution scheme. Further information on this scheme is disclosed in Note 24 - Contingencies.

#### Defined contribution scheme

Obligations for contributions KiwiSaver, SuperEasy, and other National Provident Fund schemes are accounted for as defined contribution superannuation schemes and are recognised as an expense in the operating surplus/(deficit) when incurred.

#### **Provisions**

A provision is recognised for future expenditure of uncertain amount or timing when there is a present obligation (either legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that expenditures will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as an interest expense and is included in "finance costs".

#### Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the Council to make specified payments to reimburse the holder of the contract for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantee contracts are initially recognised at fair value, even if a payment under the guarantee is not considered probable. If a financial guarantee contract was issued in a standalone arms length transaction to an unrelated party, its fair value at inception is equal to the consideration received. When no consideration is received, a liability is recognised based on the probability that the Council will be required to reimburse a holder for a loss incurred discounted to present value. The portion of the guarantee that remains unrecognised, prior to discounting to fair value, is disclosed as a contingent liability.

Financial guarantees are subsequently measured at the initial recognition amount less any amortisation. However, if it is probable that expenditure will be required to settle a guarantee, then the provision for the guarantee is measured at the present value for the future expenditure.

#### Equity

Equity is the community's interest in the Council and is measured as the difference between total assets and total liabilities. Equity is disaggregated and classified into the following components:

- Public equity accumulated funds
- Asset revaluation reserves
- Restricted reserves
- Fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expenditure reserves

#### Asset revaluation reserves

These reserves relate to the revaluation of property, plant and equipment to fair value.

#### Restricted reserves

Restricted reserves are a component of equity generally representing a particular use to which various parts of equity have been assigned. Reserves may be legally restricted or created by the Council.

Restricted reserves are those subject to specific conditions accepted as binding by the Council and which may not be revised by the Council without reference to the Courts or a third party. Transfers from these reserves may be made only for certain specified purposes or when certain specified conditions are met.

Also included in restricted reserves are reserves restricted by Council decision. The Council may alter them without references to any third party or the Courts. Transfers to and from these reserves are at the discretion of the Council.

The Council's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital are described in note 30.

#### Fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expenditure reserves

This reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expenditure instruments.

#### Goods and services tax (GST)

All items in the financial statements are stated exclusive of GST, except for debtors and other receivables and creditors and other payables, which are stated on a GST inclusive basis. GST not recoverable as input tax is recognised as part of the related asset or expense.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Inland Revenue Department (IRD) is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

The net GST paid to, or received from the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as an operating cash flow in the Statement of Cash Flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

#### **Budget figures**

The budget figures are those approved by the Council in its Long Term Plan 2015-2025. The budget figures have been prepared in accordance with NZ GAAP, using accounting policies that are consistent with those adopted in preparing these financial statements.

#### Cost allocation

The cost of service for each significant activity of Council has been derived using the cost allocation system outlined below: Direct costs are those costs directly attributable to a significant activity. Indirect costs are those costs which cannot be identified in an economically feasible manner with a significant activity.

Direct costs are charged directly to significant activities. Indirect costs are charged to significant activities using appropriate cost drivers such as actual usage, staff time surveys, and floor area.

#### Statement of cash flows

Cash means cash balances on hand, held in bank accounts, demand deposits and other highly liquid investments in which Council invests as part of its day-to-day cash management. GST is disclosed net as disclosing gross amounts does not provide any further meaningful information.

Operating activities include cash received from all revenue sources and cash payments made for the supply of goods and services. Agency transactions are recognised as receipts and payments in the Statement of Cash Flows because they flow through the Council's main bank account.

Investing activities are those activities relating to the acquisition and disposal of non-current assets.

Financing activities comprise the change in equity and debt structure of the Council.

#### Cost of service statements

The cost of service statements, as provided in the Statements of Service Performance, report the net cost of services for significant activities of the Council, and are represented by the costs of providing the service less all revenue that can be allocated to these activities.

#### Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

In preparing these financial statements, estimates and assumptions have been made concerning the future. These estimates and assumptions may differ from the subsequent actual results. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations or future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

### Landfill aftercare provision

Note 18 provides information about the estimates and assumptions surrounding the landfill aftercare provision.

#### Infrastructural assets

Note 14 provides information about the estimates and assumptions applied in determining the fair value of infrastructural assets.

#### Critical judgments in applying Council's accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgments in applying accounting policies for the year ended 30 June 2018:

#### Classification of property

The Council owns a number of properties held to provide housing to the community. The receipt of market-based rental from these properties is incidental to holding them. The properties are held for service delivery objectives as part of the Council's social housing policy. The properties are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

## 1 Summary of Services

Cammary of Corvious	2018	2018	2017
	Actual	Annual Plan	Actual
Revenue	\$000	\$000	\$000
Property and Investments Group			
Forestry	687	166	417
Investments and Finance	355	602 978	395
Property Environmental Services Group	1,183	970	3,401
Building Control	571	510	515
Resource Management	250	276	223
Emergency Management	135	134	301
Regulatory Services	170	150	182
Dog and Animal Control	269	267	252
Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation	1,000	940	907
Strategy	619	586	579
Managing Services	3,190	3,102	3,526
Community Services Group	,	-, -	.,.
Economic Development and Promotions	232	230	172
Community Support	150	145	140
Library	367	362	361
Parks and Recreation Group	360	285	358
Camping Cemeteries	80	265 79	82
Parks and Public Spaces	684	654	871
Swimming	214	211	157
Roading Group			
Roading	5,435	5,055	4,757
Utilities Group			
Sewerage and Sewage	569	575	568
Stormwater Drainage Waste Management	113 1,126	106 1,111	96 1,119
Water Supply	2,260	2,347	2,135
Trate: Supply		2,017	
	20.040	40.074	24 544
	20,019	18,871	21,514
Included within the above amounts is Internal revenue as follow	•	18,871	21,514
Included within the above amounts is Internal revenue as follow Property and Investments Group	•	18,871	21,514
Property and Investments Group Forestry	vs:	33	20
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance	zs: 27 329	33 318	20 243
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property	vs:	33	20
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group	27 329 341	33 318	20 243 348
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control	27 329 341	33 318 292	20 243 348 4
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group	27 329 341	33 318	20 243 348
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services	27 329 341 5 18 1	33 318 292	20 243 348 4 16 1 3
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control	27 329 341 5 18	33 318 292 - 10 1	20 243 348 4 16 1
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5	33 318 292 - 10 1	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5	33 318 292 - 10 1 1	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5	33 318 292 - 10 1 1	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 5 55 3,107	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 1 - 46 3,027	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 5 55 3,107	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 1 - 46 3,027	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library Parks and Recreation Group	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 55 3,107 5	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 - 46 3,027	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291 4
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library Parks and Recreation Group Camping	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 55 3,107	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 1 - 46 3,027	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library Parks and Recreation Group Camping Cemeteries	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 55 3,107 5 43	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 1 - 46 3,027 1 - -	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291 4 - 5
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library Parks and Recreation Group Camping Cemeteries Parks and Public Spaces	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 55 3,107 5 43 - 44	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 - 46 3,027	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291 4 - 5
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library Parks and Recreation Group Camping Cemeteries	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 55 3,107 5 43	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 1 - 46 3,027 1 - - 22 - 29	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291 4 - 5
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library Parks and Recreation Group Camping Cemeteries Parks and Public Spaces Swimming Roading Group Roading	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 55 3,107 5 43 - 44	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 1 - 46 3,027 1 - - 22 - 29	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291 4 - 5
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library Parks and Recreation Group Camping Cemeteries Parks and Public Spaces Swimming Roading Utilities Group  Roading Utilities Group	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 55 3,107 5 43 - 44 9	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 1 - 46 3,027 1 - - 22 - 29	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291 4 - 5 40 - 44 12
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library Parks and Recreation Group Camping Cemeteries Parks and Public Spaces Swimming Roading Group Roading Utilities Group Sewerage and Sewage	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 55 3,107 5 - 5 43 - 44 9	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 1 - 46 3,027 1 - - 22 - 29	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291 4 - 5 40 - 44 12 23
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library Parks and Recreation Group Camping Cemeteries Parks and Public Spaces Swimming Roading Group Roading Utilities Group Sewerage and Sewage Stormwater Drainage	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 55 3,107 5 - 5 43 - 44 9 7	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 1 46 3,027 1 - - 22 - 29 9	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291 4 - 5 40 - 44 12 23 41 8
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library Parks and Recreation Group Camping Cemeteries Parks and Public Spaces Swimming Roading Group Roading Utilities Group Sewerage and Sewage Stormwater Drainage Waste Management	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 55 3,107 5 - 5 43 - 44 9 7	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 1 - 46 3,027 1 - - 22 - 29 9	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291 4 - 5 40 - 44 12 23 41 8 28
Property and Investments Group Forestry Investments and Finance Property Environmental Services Group Building Control Resource Management Emergency Management Regulatory Services Dog and Animal Control Organisation and Governance Group Community Representation Strategy Managing Services Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library Parks and Recreation Group Camping Cemeteries Parks and Public Spaces Swimming Roading Group Roading Utilities Group Sewerage and Sewage Stormwater Drainage	27 329 341 5 18 1 4 5 55 3,107 5 - 5 43 - 44 9 7	33 318 292 - 10 1 1 1 1 46 3,027 1 - - 22 - 29 9	20 243 348 4 16 1 3 5 13 53 3,291 4 - 5 40 - 44 12 23 41 8

## 1 Summary of Services (continued)

_
Expenditure
Property and Investments Group
Forestry
Investments and Finance
Property
Environmental Services Group
Building Control
Resource Management
Emergency Management
Regulatory Services
Dog and Animal Control
Organisation and Governance Group
Community Representation
Strategy
Managing Services
Community Services Group
Economic Development and Promotions
Community Support
Library
Parks and Recreation Group
Camping
Cemeteries
Parks and Public Spaces
Swimming
Roading Group
Roading
Utilities Group
Sewerage and Sewage
Stormwater Drainage
Waste Management
Water Supply

		4	2018	2017
A	ctual	Anı	nual Plan	Actual
	\$000		\$000	\$000
\$	293	\$	101	\$ 395
	769		431	487
	1,147		1,158	1,166
	453		510	495
	164		225	163
	405		134	317
	146 279		150	156
	219		267	261
	954		928	865
	682		668	575
	2,996		3,115	3,379
	174		263	145
	139		145	188
	357		362	350
	330		312	313
	100		89	76
	760		688	711
	194		213	180
	6,209		5,290	5,605
	404		F00	400
	494		530	432
	97 1,101		112 1,099	83 1,020
	2,120		2,220	2,022
\$	20,363	\$	19,010	\$ 19,384

## 1 Summary of Services (continued)

	2018	2018	2017
	Actual	Annual Plan	Actual
Expenditure	\$000 \$000		\$000
Included within the above amounts is Internal expenses as follo	ws:		
Property and Investments Group			
Forestry	\$ 90	\$ 71	\$ 84
Investments and Finance	347	155	319
Property	293	283	266
Environmental Services Group			
Building Control	188	196	197
Resource Management	66	66	65
Emergency Management	84	86	78
Regulatory Services	80	80	84
Dog and Animal Control	209	209	219
Organisation and Governance Group			
Community Representation	532	535	506
Strategy	235	235	232
Managing Services	176	145	162
Community Services Group			
Economic Development and Promotions	53	53	47
Community Support	25	24	24
Library	154	154	159
Parks and Recreation Group			
Camping	26	25	40
Cemeteries	-	(2)	20
Parks and Public Spaces	(127)	(128)	163
Swimming	13	13	16
Roading Group			
Roading	865	791	809
Utilities Group			
Sewerage and Sewage	149	165	138
Stormwater Drainage	35	42	25
Waste Management	146	148	135
Water Supply	566	570	520
	\$ 4,205	\$ 3,916	\$ 4,308

#### 2 Rates Revenue

	2018		2018	2017
	Actual \$000	Ar	nual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
General rates	\$ 1,070	\$	1,042	\$ 951
Civic Amenities rates	2,378		2,381	2,257
Targeted rates attributable to activities:				
Water Supply	1,992		2,006	1,924
Wastewater	493		495	481
Refuse and sanitation	715		718	694
Waimate Event Centre	189		188	183
Roading and Footpaths	2,348		2,334	2,333
Civil Defence	112		111	110
Community halls	47		48	47
Total rates	\$ 9,344	\$	9,323	\$ 8,980
Rates Remissions				
Land used for sport	\$ (1)	\$	-	\$ (1)
Halls, community centres, and other organisations	(9)		(10)	(7)
Land protected for historical or cultural purposes	-		-	(3)
Resulting from Urban Boundary changes	(2)		-	-
Waimate District Event Centre remission	(19)		(20)	(18)
Civic Amenities for multiple SUIP rating units	(10)		(10)	(10)
Total remissions	\$ (41)	\$	(40)	\$ (39)
Rates (net of remissions)	\$ 9,303	\$	9,283	\$ 8,941

2019 2019

2017

#### **Rates Remissions**

Rates revenue reported has been reduced by rates remissions. Council's rates remission policy provides for rate to be remitted for:

- Halls and Community Centres Waimate Urban Ward (50% of General Rate and 50% of the Sewer Charge
- Halls and Community Centres Outside of the Waimate Urban Rating Area qualifying for Rates Remissions (50% of General Rate)
- Regent Theatre (all rates excluding that portion leased to a private concern)
- Land upon which the Occupier has voluntarily preserved or enhanced natural historical or cultural features (100% Remission on the area of land involved)
- Deceased Estates (Rates Penalties in certain circumstances)
- Glenavy Hall rate remission for Glenavy Fishing Camp (two-thirds of Glenavy Hall Rate)
- Urban Differential for properties greater than 20ha within the urban area boundary (General Rate Remission as per calculation formula)
- Waimate District Event Centre remission- for properties paying both a WEC and Rural Hall rate (25% of WEC rate)
- Community Housing Waimate District Council (50% of Civic Amenities Charges)
- Rating Units affected by Natural Calamity or Fire
- Rates Penalties in certain circumstances

## 3 Contributions, Subsidies and Grants, and Fees and charges

	2018		2018			2017	
	,	Actual \$000	An	nual Plan \$000			
Development and Financial contributions	\$	83	\$	87	\$	68	
NZ Transport Agency government grants Ministry of Health Drinking Water Standards grants Waimate Event Centre Community Fundraising Alpine Energy Grant for Waimate Stadium	\$	2,962 - 84 -	\$	2,656 133 -	\$	2,292	
Other Grants Subsidies and Grants	•	52	\$	52	•	51	
Subsidies and Grants	\$	3,098	Þ	2,841	\$	2,655	
Building and resource consent charges Camping fees Dog registration and animal control fees Cemetery fees Swimming pool revenue Library fees Refuse collection and disposal Other	\$	403 316 119 46 28 13 119 34	\$	357 263 127 47 25 12 112 70	\$	371 319 122 43 21 14 18 116	
Fees and charges	\$	1,078	\$	1,013	\$	1,024	

There are no unfulfilled conditions and other contingencies attached to government grants recognised.

## 4 Interest Revenue/Finance Costs

	2	2018		2018	2017
	-	Actual \$000	An	nual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Interest revenue					
Interest on term deposits	\$	76	\$	34	\$ 33
Interest on community loans		25		1	20
Total finance revenue	\$	101	\$	35	\$ 53
Interest expense					
Interest on bank borrowings	\$	114	\$	207	\$ 96
Interest on other items		-		-	-
Total finance costs	\$	114	\$	207	\$ 96

## 5 Other Revenue

	Actual \$000	 nual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Deemed revenue from vested assets/carbon credits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
Petrol tax	93	97	92
Dividend revenue	456	754	708
Forestry Sales	284	-	216
Sales of Eric Batchelor Place sections	169	134	289
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	8	-	8
Gain on vesting of Boland Park assets	-	-	202
Gain on vesting of Waimate Event Centre	-	-	1,922
Gain on changes in fair value of forestry assets	379	133	181
Other	761	578	847
Total other revenue	\$ 2,150	\$ 1,696	\$ 4,465

2018

Other, within Other revenue, includes Rental revenue and other Miscellaneous revenue.

2018

2017

## 6 Employee Benefit Expenses

Salaries and Wages
Employer contributions to multi-employer defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans Other employment benefit expenses Increase/(decrease) in employee benefit liabilities
Total employee benefit expenses

2018	2018			2017
Actual \$000	An	nual Plan \$000		Actual \$000
\$ 3,669	\$	3,540	\$	3,455
193		188		180
- 21		-		(1)
\$ 3,883	\$	3,728	\$	3,634

Employer contributions to multi-employer defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans include contributions to KiwiSaver, SuperEasy at work, Supertrust, AXA, National Provident Fund, and Lumpsum.

## 7 Depreciation and Amortisation by Activity

	_	
	4	Actual \$000
Property	\$	380
Building Control Emergency Management Dog and Animal Control		3(
Community Representation Managing Services		14
Library		52
Camping Cemeteries Parks and Public Spaces Swimming		8 13 130 33
Roading		2,73
Sewerage and Sewage Stormwater Drainage Waste Management Water Supply		20 <sup>-</sup> 33 44 564
Total depreciation and amortisation by activity	\$	4,47

	2018	2018			2017
	Actual \$000	Ar	nual Plan \$000		Actual \$000
\$	386	\$	346	\$	323
	9 30 3		17 5 3		11 56 3
	1 141		1 157		1 133
	52	51		49	
	87 13 136 32		98 11 150 68		83 3 102 31
	2,734		2,779		3,027
	207 33 44 564		208 39 46 628		192 34 45 611
\$	4,472	\$	4,608	\$	4,706

## 8 Other Expenses

p	2018		2018	2017
	Actual \$000	An	nual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Fees to principal auditor:				
Audit New Zealand fees for financial statement audit	\$ 90	\$	97	\$ 94
Audit New Zealand fees for Long Term Plan audit	76		82	-
Additional Audit fees	15		-	-
Change in provision for doubtful debts/bad debts written off	-		1	-
Cost of forestry harvested	123		-	199
Cost of sections sold	144		-	-
Roading emergency reinstatement	664		60	-
Roading sealed pavement maintenance	440		454	493
Inventories	-		-	211
Minimum lease payments under operating leases	-		-	63
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	240		94	51
Other operating expenses	5,897		5,763	5,528
Total other expenses	\$ 7,689	\$	6,551	\$ 6,639

Other operating expenses above includes Computer Support, Grants, Legal fees, Repairs and maintenance, Insurance, Electricity, Roading expenditure (not itemised above), Water schemes related costs, and other Miscellaneous expenses.

## 9 Taxation expense

2018 Actual \$000	2017 Actual \$000
\$ (345)	\$ 2,131
(97)	597
430	(335)
(287)	(266)
(23)	1
-	-
23	(1)
-	-
(46)	4
\$ -	<u> </u>
	\$ (345) \$ (97) 430 (287) (23) - 23 - (46)

Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	ı	Forestry	Tax loss	ses	Total	
Balance at 1 July 2017	\$	(37)	\$	37	\$	-
Charged to statement of comprehensive revenue and expenditure Charge to equity		23		(23)		-
Charge to equity						_
Balance at 30 June 2018		(14)		14		-
Charged to statement of comprehensive revenue and expenditure		-		-		-
Charge to equity		-		-		_
Balance at 30 June 2018	\$	(14)	\$	14	\$	_

Council has unrecognised tax losses of \$708,121 (2017: \$793,026) with a tax effect of \$198,274 (2017: \$222,047) which are available to carry forward. In addition Council has recognised \$49,640 of tax losses (2017: \$130,417) with a tax effect of \$13,899 (2017: \$36,517) to offset deferred tax liabilities recognised for forestry activities.

## 10 Cash and Cash Equivalents

ANZ Bank cheque account
ANZ Call deposit
Petty cash
National Bank accounts - Hakataramea
BNZ Bank accounts - Downlands
Total cash and cash equivalents

2018 Actual \$000	2018 nual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000
\$ 1,661 2,500	\$ 50 561 1	\$ 310 3,369
13 22 3	- -	22
\$ 4,199	\$ 612	\$ 3,701

2018

2018

2017

The carrying value of cash at bank and short term deposits with maturities less than three months approximates their fair value.

#### **Fair Value**

The carrying value of short term deposits approximates their fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents include the following for the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows:

Cash at bank and on hand Short term bank deposits (less than 3 months)	\$ 1,699 2,500	\$ 51 561	\$ 332 3,369
Total cash, cash equivalents and bank overdrafts	\$ 4,199	\$ 612	\$ 3,701

#### 11 Trade and Other Receivables

	_0.0		_0.0		
		Actual \$000	Ar	nual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Rates receivables	\$	302	\$	30	\$ 343
Other receivables		362		1,339	460
Related party receivables		57		-	89
Sundry receivables		942		70	158
Prepayments		62		-	81
GST refund due		90		-	141
Less provision for doubtful debts		(19)		-	(19)
Total Trade and Other Receivables	\$	1,796	\$	1,439	\$ 1,253
Represented by:					
Current	\$	1,796	\$	1,439	\$ 1,253
Non-current		-		-	_
	\$	1,796	\$	1,439	\$ 1,253

#### **Fair Value**

Trade and other receivables are non-interest bearing and receipt is normally on 30-day terms, therefore the carrying value of trade and other receivables approximates their fair value.

The age of trade and other receivables that are not impaired are as follows:

	\$ 1,796	\$	1,253
Greater than 12 months	61		107
9 to 12 months	66		33
6 to 9 months	52		46
3 to 6 months	65		70
Current	\$ 1,552	\$	996

#### 11 Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

#### Impairment

The Council provided for an impairment on one rate receivable as the debtor had been placed in receivership. The Council does not provide for any other impairment on rates receivables as it has various powers under the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002 to recover any outstanding debts. These powers allow the Council to commence legal proceedings to recover any rates that remain unpaid four months after the due date for payment. If payment has not been made within three months of the Court's judgement, then the Council can apply to the Registrar of the High Court to have the judgement enforced by sale or lease of the rating unit.

Ratepayers can apply for payment plan options in special circumstances. Where such payment plans are in place, debts are discounted to the present value of future repayments if the impact of discounting is material.

The aging profile of trade and other receivables at year end is detailed below:

		<b>2018</b> Actual					2017 Actual	
		\$000					\$000	
	 Gross	Impairment		Net	Gross	lmp	pairment	Net
Current	\$ 1,552	\$ -	\$	1,552	\$ 1,016	\$	(20)	\$ 996
3 to 6 months	65	-		65	70		-	70
6 to 9 months	52	-		52	46		-	46
9 to 12 months	66	-		66	33		-	33
Greater than 12 months	 81	(20	)	61	107		-	107
	\$ 1,816	\$ (20	\$	1,796	\$ 1,272	\$	(20)	\$ 1,252

The impairment provision has been calculated based on a review of specific overdue receivables and a collective assessment. The collective impairment provision is based on an analysis of past collection history and debt write-offs.

		2018		2018		2017
		Actual \$000	Ar	nnual Plan \$000		Actual \$000
Impairment	\$	20	\$	-	\$	20
Total provision for impairment	\$	20	\$	-	\$	20
Movements in the provision for impairment of trade and other rece	eival	bles and co	mn	nunity loans	are	as follows:
As at 1 July Additional provisions made during the year Receivables written off during the year	\$	20 - -	\$	- - -	\$	21 (1)

\$

20 \$

#### 12 Inventories

As at 30 June

Utilities Department stores Information Centre souvenirs Refuse collection bags Land held for sale - Eric Batchelor sections

2018		2018	2017
Actual \$000	Ar	nual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
\$ 91	\$	-	\$ 133
4		8	6
1		3	1
-		285	144
\$ 96	\$	296	\$ 284

- \$

20

The carrying value of inventories held for distribution that are measured at cost (adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential) as at 30 June 2018 amounted to \$96,000 (2017: \$140,000).

All sections at Eric Batchelor Place have been sold as at June 2018.

No inventories are pledged as security for liability.

#### 13 Other Financial Assets

Other I mancial Assets		2018 Actual \$000	Ar	2018 nnual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000
Current portion Investments JV Investments - Downlands and Hakataramea	\$	_	\$	631	\$ 777
Loans and receivables Loans to community groups	·	5	·	16	4
Total current other financial assets	\$	5	\$	647	\$ 781
Non-current portion Investments JV Investments - Downlands and Hakataramea	\$	923	\$	10	\$ _
Loans and receivables Loans to community groups	\$	22	\$	2	\$ 2
Total Loans and receivables		945		12	2
Equity investments (at cost) Combined Rural Traders Ltd (CRT) NZ Local Government Insurance Company Ltd MGI Irrigation Company Ltd Hunter Downs Irrigation Limited		7 28 1 -		7 28 1 250	7 28 1 250
Equity investments (at fair value) Alpine Energy Ltd **		14,635		28,413	29,637
Total Equity Investments		14,671		28,699	29,923
Total non-current other financial assets	\$	15,616	\$	28,711	\$ 29,925

#### \*\* Alpine Energy Ltd

This was the first year that EY valued the shares. EY applied a revised approach to the valuation. EY's valuation also included updated information on the future regulatory environment for AEL, and on the profitability of AEL's subsidiaries and associates.

#### Term deposits

The carrying value of term deposits approximate their fair value.

#### **Unlisted shares - valuation**

The fair values have been determined using a valuation technique based on discounted cash flows and an earnings multiple approach, using a mid-point WACC of 5.71% and earnings multiple for the terminal value of 10.4%. Waimate District Councils share of the valuation ranges in value from \$13.749m to \$15.538 with the mid-point of \$14.635m reflected as the fair value in these financial statements. The independent valuation was completed by EY, at 31 March 2018.

#### Listed shares - valuation

Listed shares are recognised at fair value. The fair values of listed shares are determined by reference to published current bid price quotations in an active market. The Council currently has no publicly listed

#### Maturity analysis and effective interest rates

The maturity dates for financial assets, with the exception of equity investments, and advances to subsidiaries and associates, are as follows:

	2018 Actual \$000
Investments maturing within the next year Investments maturing between 1-5 years Investments maturing after 5 years	\$ 5 15 7
Total current other financial assets	\$ 27

14 Property, Plant and Equipment

2018	Cos	Cost/valuation 1 July 2017 \$000	Accumulated depreciation and impairment charges 1 July 2017 \$000		Carrying amount 1 July 2017 \$000	Current year additions \$000	Current year disposals at cost/valuation \$000	Current year depreciation/	/ Accumulated / depreciation of disposals \$000		Revaluation Go Surplus 3 \$000	Cost/valuation 30 June 2018 \$000	Accumulated depreciation and impairment charges 30 June 2018 \$5000		Carrying amount 30 June 2018 \$000
Operational Assets Operating	<del>U</del>	7. 063	<del>U</del>	<i>\tau</i> .	7. 063	·	<del>U</del>	e.	<i>€</i>	<del>U</del> ,	017	5 773	<del>U</del>	<del>4</del>	5 773
Buildings	<del>)</del>	12,837		(884)		187			_			_	<del>)</del>	<del>)</del>	12,911
Library books		948	<u>(</u> 2)	(534)	414	51			4)			666	(57)	(6	420
Plant and Equipment		1,923	Ĕ.	(788)	1,135	310		_		٠.		2,110	(888)	(6	1,221
Motor vehicles Work in progress		1,159 205	9)	(621)	538 205	110	(267)		2) 198	<b>~</b> :		1,002 73	(53	<u>(</u>	467 73
Total operating assets		22,135	(2,827)	27)	19,308	658	(645)	(870)	0) 264		2,152	22,868	(2,003)	3	20,865
Restricted Land		5,901			5,901	'	·		,	_	200	6,402			6,402
Buildings					•	'					•				•
Total restricted assets		5,901		-	5,901	•					200	6,402		-	6,402
Total operational assets	<b>↔</b>	28,036	\$ (2,827)	27) \$	25,209 \$	\$ 658	\$ (645)	(820)	0) \$ 264	\$	2,652 \$	29,270	\$ (2,003)	3) \$	27,267
Infrastructural Assets															
Wastewater schemes	↔	9,879	↔	<del>⇔</del> '		\$ 32	↔	. \$ (20	3) \$	<del>\$</del>	<del>\$</del>		\$ (20,	<del>1</del>	6,707
Rural water schemes		9,302	(2	(278)	9,024	37	-	(288)	. (8)			9,339	(566)	(C)	8,773
Olbail water scheme Downlands water scheme		2.844	- (2)	(28)	2,049	33 62	•	. (202)	, ,			2.905	(213)	o €	2.042
Rural drainage schemes		22	ِ ٽ	(51)	9	'	•	, °	(2)			22	(23)	· (£	4
Roading network		342,990			342,990	2,441	,	(2,734)				345,431	(2,734)		342,697
Stormwater schemes		2,651			2,651	•	•	. (33)	3)			2,651	(33)	3)	2,618
Sanitation		572			572	1	,	(39)	- (6	,		572	(38)	3	534
Work in progress		989			989	133						819			819
Total infrastructural assets	₩	376,696	\$ (1,137)	\$	375,559	\$ 2,740	\$	. \$ (3,568)	\$	\$ -	\$	379,435	\$ (4,706)	\$	374,729
Total Property, plant and equipment	\$	404,732	(3,964)	\$	400,768	\$ 3,398	\$ (645)	(4,438)	8) \$ 264	\$	2,652 \$	408,705	(6,709)	\$	401,996

14 Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

2017	Cost/valuation 1 July 2016	Accumulated depreciation and impairment charges 1 July 2016	Carry amo 1 July	ying unt Current year 2016 additions	Current year disposals at cost/valuation	Current year depreciation/ impairment	Accumulated depreciation of disposals	Revaluation Surplus	Cost/valuation 30 June 2017	Accumulated depreciation and impairment charges 30 June 2017	Carrying amount 30 June 2017
Operational Assets		9						9			
Operating Land	\$ 5.058	<del>6</del>	89	5.058 \$	S	€	υ •	€	\$ 5.063	<del>У</del>	\$ 5.063
Buildings				6,33		(485)			_	(884)	•
Library books	902	(491)		411 46	9	(44)	· (1	'		(534)	414
Plant and Equipment	1,626			822 502		•	_	(20)	1,923	(788)	1,135
Motor vehicles	1,008			471 203	3 (52)			9		(621)	538
Work in progress	3,840			3,840 (3,636)				'	. 205	•	205
Total operating assets	18,939	(2,231)	_	6,708 3,452	2 (257)	(784)	1) 186	(44)	.) 22,135	(2,827)	19,308
Restricted											
Land	5,901		- 5,	5,901	1	•		•	5,901	•	5,901
Buildings								'		•	'
Total restricted assets	5,901		- 5,	5,901	1		1	•	5,901	ı	5,901
Total operational assets	\$ 24,840	\$ (2,231)	\$	2,609 \$ 3,452	2 \$ (257)	(784)	1) \$ 186	\$ (44)	.) \$ 28,036	\$ (2,827)	\$ 25,209
Infrastructural Assets											
Wastewater schemes	\$ 8,715	(373)	es	8,342 \$ 68	· •	\$ (188)	- 8 (8	\$ 1.657	8 9.879	· ·	\$ 9.879
Rural water schemes				. 4		_				(278)	9,024
Urban water schemes	7,181	(430)		6,751 323		(235)		864	7,715	(13)	7,702
Downlands water scheme	2,813	(726)			0	(69)	- (t	'	2,844	(195)	2,049
Rural drainage schemes	25				•	(2)	· (¿	•			9
Roading network	320,896	(5,355)	31	5,541 2,137		(3,027)	- (	28,339	32	•	342,990
Stormwater schemes	2,753	(89)		2,685 29	6	(34)	- (t	(58)	,	1	2,651
Sanitation	573	(62)		494		(68)	- (t	117	. 572	•	572
Work in progress	481			481 205	- 2	•		'	. 686	•	989
Total infrastructural assets	\$ 353,362	(7,842)	\$ 34	5,520 \$ 3,219	- \$ 6	\$ (3,897)	- \$ (/	\$ 30,719	\$ 376,696	\$ (1,137)	\$ 375,559
Total Property, plant and equipment	\$ 378,202	(10,073)	\$	18,129 \$ 6,671	1 \$ (257)	(4,681)	1) \$ 186	\$ 30,675	\$ 404,732	\$ (3,964)	\$ 400,768

Core Assets additional disclosure	sing Book Value \$000	quisitions - onstructed \$000	quisitions - ansferred \$000	estimated placement cost \$000
Water Supply Treatment plants and facilities Other assets (such as reticulations systems)	\$ 5,016 13,335	\$ - 134	\$ - -	\$ 10,254 27,437
Total Water Supply	\$ 18,351	\$ 134	\$ -	\$ 37,691
Water Supply assets were revalued in July 2017				
Sewerage Treatment plants and facilities Other assets (such as reticulations systems)	\$ 1,353 8,354	\$ - 32	\$ - -	\$ 3,190 20,110
Total Sewerage	\$ 9,707	\$ 32	\$ -	\$ 23,300
Sewerage assets were revalued in July 2017				
Stormwater drainage Stormwater Drainage assets were revalued in July 2017	\$ 2,618	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,377
Flood protection and control works Flood protection is undertaken by ECAN	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Roading and footpaths Roading and footpath assets were revalued in June 2017	\$ 342,697	\$ 2,441	\$ -	\$ 455,797

## Valuation - general

Land, buildings (operational and restricted) and infrastructural assets (excluding Downlands Water Scheme and rural drainage at Elephant Hill) are revalued with sufficient regularity to ensure that their carrying amount does not differ materially from fair value and at least every three years. The Downlands Water Scheme was last revalued at 30 June 2005 and Elephant Hill at 30 June 1993. All other assets are carried at depreciated historical cost.

The Council assesses the carrying values of its revalued assets annually to ensure that they do not differ materially from the assets' fair values. If there is a material difference, then the off-cycle asset classes are revalued.

The Council accounts for revaluations of property, plant and equipment on a class of asset basis.

The results of revaluing are credited or debited to an asset revaluation reserve for that class of asset. Where this results in a debit balance in the asset revaluation reserve, this balance is expensed in the statement of financial performance. Any subsequent increase on revaluation that off-sets a previous decrease in value recognised in the statement of financial performance will be recognised first in the statement of financial performance up to the amount previously expensed, and then credited to the revaluation reserve for that class of asset.

#### Valuation - operational assets

#### Land (operational and restricted)

Land is valued at fair value using market-based evidence based on its highest and best use with reference to comparable land values. Adjustments have been made to the "unencumbered" land value where there is a designation against the land or the use of the land is restricted because of reserve and endowment status. These adjustments are intended to reflect the negative effect on the value of the land where an owner is unable to use the land more intensely.

The most recent valuation was performed by Aidan Young of Quotable Value and the valuation is effective as at 30 June 2018. Additions are recorded at cost.

#### **Buildings (operational and restricted)**

Specialised buildings are valued at fair value using depreciated replacement cost because no reliable market data is available for such buildings.

Depreciated replacement cost is determined using a number of significant assumptions. Significant assumptions include:

- The replacement asset is based on the reproduction cost of the specific assets with adjustments where appropriate for obsolescence due to over-design or surplus capacity.
- The replacement cost is derived from recent construction contracts of similar assets and Property Institute of New Zealand cost information.
- The remaining useful life of assets is estimated.
- Straight-line depreciation has been applied in determining the depreciated replacement cost value of the asset.

Non-specialised buildings (for example, residential buildings) are valued at fair value using market-based evidence. Market rents and capitalisation rates were applied to reflect market value.

The most recent valuation was performed by Aidan Young of Quotable Value and the valuation is effective as at 30 June 2018. Additions are recorded at cost.

#### Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment consists of furniture, plant and equipment and office equipment. This was valued by Gerald Norton (ANZIV SNZPI FREINZ) of Morton and Company Ltd and the valuation is effective as at 30 June 2009. From this date additions are recorded at cost and no further valuations will be undertaken.

#### Motor vehicles

Motor vehicles are recorded at cost.

#### Library books

From 1 July 2006 Library books additions are recorded cost.

#### Valuation - infrastructural assets

Infrastructural asset classes are: wastewater, urban and rural water, Downlands water scheme, rural drainage, roading, stormwater and sanitation.

Infrastructural asset classes (except Downlands water scheme and rural drainage) are valued using the depreciated replacement cost method. There are a number of estimates and assumptions exercised when valuing infrastructural assets using the depreciated replacement cost method. These include:

- Estimating any obsolescence or surplus capacity of the asset.
- Estimating the replacement cost of the asset. The replacement cost is derived from recent construction contracts in the region for similar assets.
- Estimates of the remaining useful life over which the asset will be depreciated. These estimates can be affected by the local conditions. For example, weather patterns and traffic growth. If useful lives do not reflect the actual consumption of the benefits of the asset, then the Council could be over-or under-estimating the annual depreciation charge recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive revenue and expenditure. To minimise this risk, infrastructural asset useful lives have been determined with reference to the NZ Infrastructural Asset Valuation and Depreciation Guidelines published by the National Asset Management Steering Group, and have been adjusted for local conditions based on past experience. Asset inspections, deterioration, and condition-modelling are also carried out regularly as part of asset management planning activities, which provides further assurance over useful life estimates.

Wastewater assets were valued by Council and peer reviewed by Robert Berghuis and Marvin Clough of Beca Projects NZ Limited using optimised depreciated replacement cost and the valuation is effective as at 1 July

Urban and rural water assets were valued by Council and peer reviewed by Robert Berghuis and Marvin Clough of Beca Projects NZ Limited using optimised depreciated replacement cost and the valuation is effective as at 30 June 2017.

Downlands water scheme assets were valued by Graeme Hughson (BE, CEng, MIPENZ, MNZIM) of Maunsell & Co using depreciated replacement cost and the valuation is effective at 1 July 2005. Downlands water scheme assets are now valued at deemed cost.

Rural drainage assets (Elephant Hill) were valued by Environment Canterbury using replacement cost and the valuation is effective as at 30 June 1993. Rural drainage assets are now valued at deemed cost.

Roading assets were valued by Tui Craven of Opus International Consultants Limited using optimised depreciated replacement cost and the valuation is effective as at 30 June 2017. Land under roads is valued at cost or the value determined from the 2011 revaluation.

Stormwater assets were valued by Council and peer reviewed by Robert Berghuis and Marvin Clough of Beca Projects NZ Limited using optimised depreciated replacement cost and the valuation is effective as at 1 July

Sanitation assets (transfer station and recycling building) were valued by Debbie Weeds, and John Vessey of Opus International Consultants Limited using optimised depreciated replacement cost and the valuation is effective as at 30 June 2017.

All additions are recorded at cost.

Land and Buildings - 30 June 2018 - Aidan Young of Quotable Value	25,085,452
Furniture, plant & machinery and office equipment - 30 June 2009 - Gerald Morton of Morton	
& Company Ltd	385,620
Roading - 30 June 2017 - Tui Craven of Opus International Consultants	342,990,268
Wastewater, urban and rural water, and stormwater - 30 June 2017 - valued by Council and	
peer reviewed by Robert Berghuis and Marvin Clough of Beca Projects NZ Limited	29,256,581
Sanitation - 30 June 2017 - Debbie Weeds and John Vessey of Opus International Consultant	572,158

#### Impairment

The value of impairment gains/losses was \$nil (2017 nil).

#### Work in progress

The total amount of property, plant and equipment in the course of construction is \$892,000 (2017 \$891,000). Work in progress is disclosed above.

#### Leasing

The net carrying amount of plant and equipment held under finance leases is \$nil (2017 \$nil).

#### Water Schemes (additional note)

Rural Water Scheme and Urban Water Scheme asset classes comprise of assets that were not revalued in 2017. The assets not subject to revaluation continue to be depreciated, and therefore retain accumulated depreciation as per the note; in the case an asset is revalued, accumulated depreciation is booked to the asset revaluation reserve.

#### 15 Forestry Assets

	2	2018		2018	2017
		Actual \$000	An	nual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Opening balance	\$	1,471	\$	1,291	\$ 1,489
Gains/(losses) arising from changes in fair value less estimated point of sale costs		379		133	181
Capital works		-		-	-
Decreases due to harvest		(123)		-	(199)
Transfer to non-current assets held for sale		-		-	-
Closing balance	\$	1,727	\$	1,424	\$ 1,471

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#### Represented by (R M Consulting Ltd yearly valuation dated 1 July 2018):

Joint venture	\$ 74	\$ -	\$ 197
Reserves	344	316	277
Waihao Forest	1,309	1,108	997
Transfer to non-current assets held for sale	-	-	-
Closing balance	\$ 1,727	\$ 1,424	\$ 1,471

#### **Valuation Method**

The 2018 valuation uses the Hybrid method. Council's interest in each of the forest stands it either fully owns or has under joint venture or stumpage agreements. The total value of the forestry estate is the sum of each of these values. The valuation was performed by Mike Marren (B.For.Sc(Hons)) of R M Consulting Ltd.

The "Hybrid" method uses the following procedure:

- For stands under 6 years old, cost compounding is applied to current efficient operations costs.
- For stands over 15 years old the value has been determined by discounting estimated future costs and returns.
- For stands between 6 years and 14 years old a transition of 10% per annum is applied to cost compound and discounting. For a 6 year old stand the value is 90% cost compounded and discounted by 10%, whereas a 13 year old stand is 20% cost compounded and discounted by 80%.
- Each stand value is added to give an overall value. Separate values are shown for the three management units used by the Council.

The New Zealand Institute of Forestry Forest Valuation Standards adopt the convention that trees change age at 11.30pm on 30 June each year. This valuation is assumed to have been conducted after midnight on 30 June 2018, so that trees planted in 2008, for example, are aged ten years in terms of this convention.

#### **Date to Maturity**

Council monitors its forests for harvest in general once they reach 28-30 years of age.

The following table shows Council's current age class distributions, by forest, at 30 June 2018:

		Area l	oy Age (yea	rs) by Class	s (ha)		
0-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25	25-30	30+	Total
						4.0	4.0
- 17.0	- 5.0	- 3.5	- 2.5	20.9	-	4.0 -	4.0 48.9
-	-	-	-	103.3	-	-	103.3
17.0	5.0	3.5	2.5	124.2	-	4.0	156.2
10.9%	3.2%	2.2%	1.6%	79.5%	-	2.6%	100.0%
	17.0 - 17.0	17.0 5.0 	0-5     5-10     10-15       17.0     5.0     3.5       -     -     -       17.0     5.0     3.5	0-5     5-10     10-15     15-20       17.0     5.0     3.5     2.5       17.0     5.0     3.5     2.5	0-5         5-10         10-15         15-20         20-25           17.0         5.0         3.5         2.5         20.9           -         -         -         103.3           17.0         5.0         3.5         2.5         124.2	17.0 5.0 3.5 2.5 20.9 - 103.3 - 17.0 5.0 3.5 2.5 124.2 -	0-5         5-10         10-15         15-20         20-25         25-30         30+           -         -         -         -         -         4.0           17.0         5.0         3.5         2.5         20.9         -         -           -         -         -         103.3         -         -           17.0         5.0         3.5         2.5         124.2         -         4.0

## 16 Intangible Assets

italigible Assets						
	2	2018		2018		2017
		Actual \$000		Annual Plan \$000		Actual \$000
ETS Carbon Credits Cost						
Balance at 1 July Additions	\$	69 -	\$	69 -	\$	69 -
Balance at 30 June	\$	69	\$	69	\$	69
Software Cost						
Balance at 1 July Additions	\$	278 131	\$	270 25	\$	222 56
Balance at 30 June	\$	409	\$	295	\$	278
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses Balance at 1 July Amortisation charge for the year	\$	(149) (36)		(155) (39)	\$	(123) (26)
Balance at 30 June	\$	(185)	\$	(194)	\$	(149)
Software carrying value at 30 June	\$	224	\$	101	\$	129
Total Intangible assets carrying value at 30 June	\$	293	\$	170	\$	198

Following registration with the Emissions Trading Scheme, Council has applied for carbon credits for the pre-1990 forests it operates. A total number of 2,460 credits has been received so far, and if sold these would have a value of \$51,414 on the tradable carbon credit market as at 30 June 2018.

As at 30th June 2018 there were 20,239 NZUs in the account pertaining to the Post89 Registration, with a tradable value of \$422,955. The last emissions return was lodged in February 2018 where a total of 12,662 NZUs were claimed.

The cost of the remaining intangibles is amortised over the estimated useful life. There are no restrictions over the title of intangible assets. No intangible assets are pledged as security for liabilities.

#### Easements

Easements are non cash generating in nature as they give the Council the right to access private property where infrastructural assets are located. These easements have not been valued as the Council believes that this amount would be immaterial. As a result, no value for easements has been included as intangible

## 17 Trade and Other Payables

Sundry payables
Revenue received in advance
Accrued expenses
Amounts due on contract work
Related party payables
GST payable
Other

**Total Trade and other payables** 

2018		2018	2017			
Actual \$000	Ar	nnual Plan \$000	Actual \$000			
\$ 1,486 214	\$	1,465 -	\$ 1,359 227			
3		-	-			
-		-	-			
19		-	18			
- 25		-	52			
\$ 1,746	\$	1,465	\$ 1,656			

#### Fair value

Trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day terms, therefore the carrying value of trade and other payables approximates their fair value.

#### 18 Provisions

	2010		2010	2017
	Actual \$000	Ar	nnual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Current liability portion Landfill aftercare	\$ 6	\$	6	\$ 6
Total Current liability portion	\$ 6	\$	6	\$ 6
Non-current liability portion Landfill aftercare	\$ 61	\$	61	\$ 61
Total Non-current liability portion	\$ 61	\$	61	\$ 61
Total Provisions	\$ 67	\$	67	\$ 67

2018

2018

2017

The 2014 valuation prepared by Waimate District Council is on the same basis as the 2012 valuation. The 2012 valuation was peer reviewed by MWH New Zealand Limited on 6 August 2012.

#### Landfill aftercare (post-closure) costs

As operator of the Waimate District landfills, the Council has a legal obligation under the resource consent to provide on-going maintenance and monitoring services at the landfill sites after closure. A provision for post-closure costs is recognised as a liability when the obligation for post-closure arises.

The provision is measured based on the present value of future cash flows expected to be incurred, taking into account future events including new legal requirements, and know improvements in technology. The provision includes all other costs associated with landfills post-closure.

Post-closure care is required on seven closed rural landfills through to and including the year commencing 1 July 2033. Care for the Waimate landfill is required for one further year. This assumes that care is not required beyond the term of current resource consents.

The discount rate used is a rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to Council.

#### 19 Employee Benefit Liabilities

Accrued salaries and wages Annual leave Long service leave Retirement gratuities
Total employee benefit liabilities
Represented by:
Current liabilities  Non-current liabilities
Non-our on thabilities

2018 Actual \$000		2018 Inual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000
\$ 75 285	\$	120 246	\$ 50 286
4		16	6
-	28		-
\$ 364	\$	410	\$ 342
364		410	342
364		410 -	342
\$ 364 - 364	\$	410 - <b>410</b>	\$ 342 - <b>342</b>

#### 20 Public Debt

		2018		2018	2017
	Actual \$000		Annual Plan \$000		Actual \$000
Current liability portion Secured debt	\$	33	\$	26	\$ 71
Total Current liability portion	\$	33	\$	26	\$ 71
Non-current liability portion Secured debt	\$	2,704	\$	3,398	\$ 2,734
Total Non-current liability portion	\$	2,704	\$	3,398	\$ 2,734
Total Public Debt	\$	2,737	\$	3,424	\$ 2,805

The interest rates applying to the above loans is 3.99% (2017: 3.99%).

#### Fixed-rate debt

The Council's secured debt of \$2,737,000 (2017: \$2,804,780) is issued at fixed rates of interest until 2021.

#### Security

The overdraft is unsecured. The maximum amount that can be drawn down against the overdraft facility is \$200,000 (2017: \$200,000). There are no restrictions on the use of this facility.

Council loans are secured over either separate or general rates of the District.

#### Refinancing

Council manages its borrowings in accordance with its funding and financial policies, which includes a Liability Management policy. These have been adopted as part of the Council Long Term Plan.

#### Maturity analysis and effective interest rates

The following is a maturity analysis of Council borrowings. There are no early repayment options.

	2018		2	2017
	\$000			\$000
Less than one year				
Overdraft	\$	-	\$	-
Weighted average effective interest rate	9.50	%		9.40%
Secured loans	\$ 3	33	\$	71
Weighted average effective interest rate	3.99	%		3.99%
Between one and five years				
Secured loans	\$ 2,70	04	\$	2,734
Weighted average effective interest rate	3.99	%		3.99%

#### Fair values of non-current borrowings

The carrying amounts of borrowings repayable approximate their fair value, as the effect of discounting is not significant.

The carrying amounts and the fair values of borrowings are as follows:

	<b>2018</b> \$000		2 <b>017</b> \$000
Carrying amount Secured loans	\$ 2,737		\$ 2,805
Fair Value Secured loans	\$ 2,737		\$ 2,805

## 21 Equity

Equity						
		2018		2018		2017
		Actual	An	nual Plan		Actual
		\$000		\$000		\$000
Public Equity - Retained earnings						
As at 1 July	\$	86,351	\$	91,187	\$	84,602
Transfers from/(to) special separate and trust funds	•	(1,338)	•	665	•	(382)
Transfers from/(to) asset revaluation reserves		-		-		-
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		(345)		(138)		2,131
Total Public Equity as at 30 June	\$	84,667	\$	91,714	\$	86,351
	_		_		_	
Asset revaluation reserve						
As at 1 July	\$	324,567	\$	310,414	\$	293,849
Transfers from/(to) public equity	·	-	•	-	•	-
Revaluation gains/(losses)		2,652		3,630		30,718
Impairment of revalued asset/reversal		-		-		-
Total Association and associat		007.040	_	044044	_	004 507
Total Asset revaluation reserve as at 30 June	\$	327,219	\$	314,044	\$	324,567
Special separate and trust funds (restricted reserves)						
As at 1 July	\$	1,869	\$	(3,983)	\$	1,487
Transfers from/(to) public equity	Ψ	1,338	Ψ	(665)	Ψ	382
Transfers from comprehensive revenue and expenditure		1,550		(003)		-
Total Special separate and trust funds as at 30 June	\$	3,207	\$	(4,648)	\$	1,869
Establish the control of the control		(-l				
Fair value through comprehensive revenue and expenditure rese			•	40.504	•	10.501
As at 1 July	\$	20,724	\$	19,501	\$	19,501
Revaluation gains/(losses)		(15,002)		-		1,223
Total Fair value through comprehensive revenue and expenditure reserve as at 30 June	\$	5,722	\$	19,501	\$	20,724
experiental of reserve as at 60 bulle	Ψ		Ψ	13,001	<u> </u>	
Asset revaluation reserves consist of:						
Operational assets						
Land - freehold	\$	5,172	\$	4,667	\$	4,462
Buildings		6,961		5,857		5,519
Plant and equipment		-		-		-
Restricted assets						
Land - restricted		4,720		4,530		4,219
Infrastructural assets						
Wastewater schemes		7,257		7,093		7,257
Rural water schemes		4,938		7,551		4,938
Urban water scheme		5,763		6,544		5,763
Roading network		289,628		275,109		289,629
Stormwater schemes		2,304		2,333		2,304
Sanitation		476		359		476
	\$	327,219	\$	314,043	\$	324,567
				<u> </u>		
Special separate and trust funds (restricted reserves) consist of:						
Discretionary reserves	\$	755	\$	687	\$	690
Restricted reserves		601		519		619
Trusts		214		201		204
Special Reserves		3,825		89		3,297
Depreciation Reserves		3,029		(111)		2,663
Non-Cash Reserves		811		402		674
Internal Loan Reserves		(6,028)		(6,435)		(6,278)
	\$	3,207	\$	(4,648)	\$	1,869

Restricted reserves relate to funds that are subject to specific conditions accepted as binding by the Council and which may not be revised by the Council without reference to the Courts or a third party. Also included in restricted reserves are reserves restricted by Council decision and Council may alter these reserves without reference to the Courts or a third party.

#### **Financial reserves**

Council has Restricted Reserves, several types of Council created Reserves, and a Fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expenditure reserve (for movements in share investments value).

The Council created reserves, which are maintained by the council for a specific purpose, are categorised as follows:

- General Reserves
- Civic Amenities Rate Reserves
- Targeted Rate Reserves
- Internal Loan ReservesAsset Renewal Reserves

Separate Accounts are maintained for each activity to ensure that the funds are held and used for the specific purpose

intended.		O						01
		Opening balance						Closing balance
		July 2017		Deposits	w	ithdrawals	30	June 2018
Restricted Reserves	-	\$000		\$000		\$000		\$000
Discretionary		<del></del>		<del>- +</del>		4000		7000
Perpetual Graves	\$	90	\$	3	\$	_	\$	94
Esplanade	•	44	•	2	•	_	·	46
Subdivision Contribution		407		36		-		443
Waste Minimisation		149		23		-		172
Mayors Welfare Relief Fund		2		-		(1)		1
Restricted								
Endowment Land		219		11		-		229
Te Aka Road Grant - Rock fall Protection		59		3		-		62
Te Aka Road Grant - Recreational		80		4		-		84
Waimate Event Centre		226		9		(47)		188
Heritage Fund Reserve		6		2		-		6
Creative New Zealand Grant Reserve		1		-		(1)		1
NZ Sport & Recreation Grants - Reserve		1		-		-		2
Community Grant Reserve		2		-		-		2
Waimate Community Halls		26		1		-		27
Trusts								
Friends of Knottingley Park		1		-		-		1
Library Bequests		201		9		-		212
Non-cash		250		407				700
Downlands Asset Replacement		659		137		-		796
Downlands Capital Contributions		15		-		-		15
Total Restricted Reserves	\$	2,188	\$	240	\$	(49)	\$	2,381
General Reserves								
General Reserves	\$	769	\$	623	\$	(716)	\$	675
Property Reserve	Ψ	11	Ψ	225	Ψ	(78)	Ψ	157
Community Housing		(156)		-		(10)		(156)
Forestry Reserve		(58)		249		(111)		80
Camping		634		44		(14)		663
Rates Smoothing Reserve		368		70		-		437
Economic Development Special Grant Fund		-		100		(93)		7
Total General Reserves	\$	1,568	\$	1,311	\$	(1,012)	\$	1,863
0.1.4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				, , ,		
Civic Amenities Rate Reserve	•	4 077	•	100	•	(450)	_	4 0 4 =
Civic Amenities Rate Reserve	\$	1,277	\$	193	\$	(153)	\$	1,317
Total Civic Amenities Rate Reserve	\$	1,277	\$	193	\$	(153)	\$	1,317
Targeted Rate Reserves								
Urban Water Scheme	\$	(117)	\$	63	\$	_	\$	(54)
Sewerage	Ψ	272	Ψ	76	Ψ	_	Ψ	349
Waste Management - Collection		161		7		_		169
Rural Water Scheme Operating Reserves				•				.00
Cannington/Motukaika		79		4		_		82
Cattle Creek		(15)		-		(1)		(16)
Hook/Waituna		(92)		_		(2)		(94)
Lower Waihao		99		28		-		127
Otaio/Makikihi		133		8		-		140
Waihaorunga		(53)		-		(11)		(64)
Waikakahi		(12)		-		`(5)		(16)
Total Targeted Rate Reserves	\$	455	\$	186	\$	(19)	\$	623
			•		,	( /	,	

#### **Financial reserves**

For each reserve the below specifies the purpose of that Reserve/Fund, and the Council Activity to which it relates.

stricted Reserves Discretionary	Purpose	Council Activity
Perpetual Graves	Future development of cemeteries in the District	Cemeteries
Esplanade	To purchase/develop esplanade strips or reserves	Parks and Public Spaces
Subdivision	Development of recreational reserves in the Waimate district	Parks and Public Spaces
Waste Minimisation	Waste Levy revenue received to fund waste minimisation initiatives	Waste Management
Mayors Welfare Relief Fund	Mayoral reserve for district welfare claims	Community Representation
Restricted		
Endowment Land	Purchase of endowment land	Property
Te Aka Road Grant - Rock fall Protection	Rock fall protection at Te Akatarawa Road	Roading
Te Aka Road Grant - Recreational	Development of public recreational areas adjoining Te Akatarawa Road	Camping
Waimate Event Centre	Investigation and/or refurbishment of the Waimate Event Centre	Property
Heritage Fund Reserve	Funding of district heritage related funds	Community Support
Creative New Zealand Grant Reserve	Funds allocated for distribution in the coming year	Community Support
NZ Sport & Recreation Grants - Reserve	Funds allocated for distribution in the coming year	Community Support
Community Grant Reserve	Funds allocated or to be allocated for distribution in the coming year	Community Support
Waimate Community Halls	To be determined - surplus funds from old Stadium Committee	TBD
Trusts		
Friends of Knottingley Park	Beautification of Knottingley Park	Parks and Public Spaces
Library Bequests Non-cash	Purchase of Library Books	Library
Downlands Asset Replacement	Asset Replacement for Downlands Water Scheme	Water Supply
Downlands Capital Contributions	Capital Contributions for Downlands Water Scheme	Water Supply
neral Reserves		
General Reserves	General funds accumulated/borrowed over time	Investments and Finance, Building Control, Emergency Management, Regulatory Services, Dog and Anin Control, Community Representatio Strategy, Managing Services, Economic Development and Promotions, Community Support, Roading, and Stormwater Drainage
Property Reserve	Funds accumulated over time for Council property, including Rental Property, Local Government Centre, Waimate Airport, Waimate Event Centre and Queen Street Subdivision	Property
Community Housing	Funds accumulated/borrowed over time for Community Housing	Property
Forestry Reserve	Funds accumulated/borrowed over time for Forestry	Forestry
Camping	Funds accumulated over time for Camping facilities at Waitaki Lakes, Victoria Camp, Knottingley Park Camp and St Andrews Recreational Reserve Camp	Camping
Rates Smoothing Reserve	To spread the funding of specific expenditure items over a number of years to smooth the rates impact, e.g. District Plan revenue and	Resource Management
de Amendales Det D	expenditure	
Civia Amenities Rate R		Dranarty Like Co. 1 2 2
Civic Amenities Rate Reserve	Civic Amenities rates accumulated funds over time for activities subject to the Civic Amenities Rate	Property, Library, Cemeteries, Park and Public Spaces, Swimming, and Waste Management
rgeted Rate Reserve	s	
Urban Water Scheme	General funds accumulated/borrowed for operation of the Waimate Urban Water Supply	Water Supply
Sewerage	General funds accumulated/borrowed for operation of the Waimate	Sewerage and Sewage
Waste Management -	Urban Sewerage Network	

Rural Water Scheme Operating Reserves

	bi 1 Ji	pening alance uly 2017 \$000	Deposits \$000	w	ithdrawals \$000	30	Closing balance June 2018 \$000
Internal Loan Reserves Urban Water Scheme Sewerage Roading Renewals / Bridge Renewals Waste Management - Disposal Waimate District Community Complex WEC Build - Additional Spend	\$	(1,303) (1,043) (400) (593) (2,805) (133)	\$ 41 33 2 22 68 83	\$	- - - -	\$	(1,262) (1,009) (398) (572) (2,737) (50)
Total Internal Loan Reserves	\$	(6,277)	\$ 249	\$	-	\$	(6,028)
Asset Renewal Reserves General Asset Renewal Reserves General Reserves Property Reserve Community Housing Forestry Reserve Camping Stormwater Civic Amenities Rate Asset Renewal Reserve Civic Amenities Rate Asset Renewal Reserve Targeted Rate Asset Renewal Reserves Sewerage Waste Management - Collection	\$	364 760 398 (85) 43 (36) 141	\$ 197 161 48 - 87 33 212 174 28	\$	(159) (55) - - (17) (11) (371) (31) (4)	\$	402 866 446 (85) 113 (14) (18) 470 197
Roading Reserve Urban Water Scheme Rural Water Schemes Cannington/Motukaika Cattle Creek Hook/Waituna Lower Waihao Otaio/Makikihi Waihaorunga Waikakahi		142 2 128 6 230 (200) (115) 59 325	157 14 1 70 41 67 16 52		(142) (139) - (16) (12) (33) -		20 141 8 284 (172) (82) 75 378
Total Asset Renewal Reserves	\$	2,662	\$ 1,358	\$	(990)	\$	3,029
Fair Value through other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure Reserve Fair Value through other Comprehensive Revenue and							
Expenditure	\$	20,724	\$ -	\$	(15,002)	\$	5,722
Total Fair Value through other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure Reserve	\$	20,724	\$ -	\$	(15,002)	\$	5,722
Total Reserves	\$	22,597	\$ 3,537	\$	(17,225)	\$	8,907

#### **Internal Loan Reserves**

Urban Water Scheme	Internally borrowed funds for future repayment by the users of the service	Water Supply
Sewerage	Internally borrowed funds for future repayment by the users of the service	Sewerage and Sewage
Roading Renewals /	Internally borrowed funds for future repayment by the users of the	Roading
Bridge Renewals	service	
Waste Management -	Internally borrowed funds for future repayment by the users of the	Waste Management
Disposal	service	
Waimate District	Internally borrowed funds for future repayment by the users of the	Property
Community Complex	service	
WEC Build - Additional	Internally borrowed funds for future repayment by the users of the	Property
Spend	service	

#### **Asset Renewal Reserves**

#### **General Asset Renewal Reserves**

General Reserves	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement	Investments and Finance, Building
	·	Control, Resource Management,
		Emergency Management, Regulatory
		Services, Dog and Animal Control,
		Community Representation, Strategy,
		Managing Services, Economic
		Development and Promotions, and
		Community Support
Property Reserve	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement	Property
Community Housing	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement	Property
Forestry Reserve	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement	Forestry
Camping	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement for Camping facilities at	Camping
	Waitaki Lakes, Victoria Camp, Knottingley Park Camp and St Andrews	
	Recreational Reserve Camp	
Stormwater	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement	Stormwater Drainage

Civic Amenities Rate Asset Renewal Reserve

Civic Amenities Rate Funds accumulated for future asset replacement for activities subject to Property, Library, Cemeteries, Parks Asset Renewal Reserve the Civic Amenities Rate and Public Spaces, Swimming, and Waste Management

Targeted Rate Asset Renewal Reserves

Sewerage	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement	Sewerage and Sewage
Waste Management -	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement	Waste Management
Collection		
Roading Reserve	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement	Roading
Urban Water Scheme	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement	Water Supply
<b>Rural Water Schemes</b>		
Cannington/Motukaika	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement of the	Water Supply
	Cannington/Motukaika water supply	
Cattle Creek	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement of the Cattle Creek	Water Supply
	water supply	
Hook/Waituna	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement of the Hook/Waituna	Water Supply
	water supply	
Lower Waihao	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement of the Lower Waihao	Water Supply
	water supply	
Otaio/Makikihi	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement of the Otaio/Makikihi	Water Supply
	water supply	
Waihaorunga	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement of the Waihaorunga	Water Supply
	water supply	·
Waikakahi	Funds accumulated for future asset replacement of the Waikakahi water	Water Supply
	supply	

#### Fair Value through other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure Reserve

Fair Value through other	Financial assets revaluation gains/(losses), at fair value, through Other	Investments and Finance
Comprehensive	Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure	
Revenue and		
Expenditure		

#### 22 Capital Commitments and Operating Leases

There was one capital commitment in relation to projects from Council's capital programme (2017: One).

Capital commitments represent capital expenditure contract for at balance date but not yet incurred. The following contracts have been entered into:

Roading - In October 2015 Council signed a new three year contract commencing 1 November 2015.

	2018 Actual \$000	2017 Actual \$000
Capital Commitments		
Capital expenditure contracted for at balance date not yet incurred for property, plant and equipment:		
Buildings	\$ -	\$ -
Rural Water Schemes	-	-
Roading	2,261	5,105
	\$ 2,261	\$ 5,105
Capital Commitments		
Not later than one year	2,261	3,829
Later than one year, not later than five years	-	1,276
Later than five years	-	-
	\$ 2,261	\$ 5,105

#### Operating leases as lessee

Council leases property, plant and equipment in the normal course of business. The majority of these leases have non-cancellable terms between 36 to 60 months. The future aggregate minimum lease payments to be paid under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Actual \$000	Actual \$000
Non-cancellable operating leases as lessee  Not later than one year  Later than one year, not later than five years  Later than five years	\$ 152 35 -	\$ 171 106
	\$ 187	\$ 277

#### Operating leases as lessor

Council leases its vacant and leased land and property under operating leases. The majority of these leases have non-cancellable terms between 36 to 60 months. The future aggregate minimum lease payments to be collected under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2018 Actual \$000	2017 Actual \$000
Non-cancellable operating leases as lessor  Not later than one year  Later than one year, not later than five years  Later than five years	\$ 110 362 3	\$ 82 26 6
	\$ 475	\$ 114

No contingent rents have been recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure during the period.

2018

2017

#### 23 Contingencies

#### **Contingent Assets**

There are no Contingent Assets as at 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: nil).

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

Council has a potential liability under the Emissions Trading Scheme if forests harvested in the last two years are not replanted.

Council is a participating employer in the DBP Contributions Scheme (the scheme), which is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme. If the other participating employers cease to participate in the scheme, Council could be responsible for any deficit of the scheme. Similarly, if a number of employers cease to participate in the scheme, Council could be responsible for an increased share of any deficit.

As at 31 March 2018, the scheme had a past service surplus of \$6.606 million (exclusive of Employer Superannuation Contribution Tax), (Net assets of \$114.853 million, Past service liabilities \$108.247 million, at a funding level of 106.1%). This surplus was calculated using a discounted rate equal to the expected return on net assets.

The Actuary of the scheme has recommended that the employer contribution continue to be suspended from 1 April 2016. This recommendation was accepted and endorsed by the Board.

Council is not aware of any other contingent assets or contingent liabilities at 30 June 2018 (2017: \$nil). There are no unfulfilled conditions and other contingencies attached to New Zealand Transport Agency subsidies recognised.

#### 24 Related Party Transactions and Key Management personnel

The following groups have been identified as related parties, through their relationship as subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

#### **Joint Ventures**

Joint venture forestry blocks

Timaru District Council - Downlands rural water scheme

# Related party transactions and balances (Inter group transactions and balances) Timaru District Council - Downlands rural water scheme Services provided by Council Accounts payable to Council

2018 Actual \$000		2017 Actual \$000
\$ 234 (234)	\$	214 (214)
\$ -	\$	-

0040

Waimate District Council collects rates on behalf of the Downlands Water Scheme and distributes them exactly to Timaru District Council.

#### **Key Management personnel**

Salaries and other short term employee benefits
Post employment benefits
Termination benefits
Councillors

2018 Actual \$000		2017 Actual \$000
\$ 918	\$	893
-		-
215		216
\$ 1,133	\$	1,109

Key management personnel includes the Mayor, Councillors, Chief Executive and other senior management personnel.

#### 25 Remuneration

	2018 Actual \$000	2017 Actual \$000
Chief Executive (current from 6 February 2017)	\$ 175	\$ 67
Chief Executive (previous up to 4 December 2016)	-	93
Additional benefits		
Employer Superannuation contribution	9	9
Motor Vehicle	4	4
Communication expenses	-	1
Total Chief Executive	\$ 188	\$ 174
Council Representatives		
Craig Rowley (Mayor)	\$ 66	\$ 65
Sharyn Cain (Deputy Mayor)	25	25
David Anderson	18	18
Peter Collins	18	18
Arthur Gavegan Peter McIlraith	-	5
Miriam Morton	18	6 18
Tom O'Connor	18	18
Sheila Paul	18	18
Jakki Guildford	18	13
David Owen	18	13
Total Council representatives	\$ 215	\$ 216

Note that the above amounts for Council Representatives are inclusive of reimbursement of expenses claimed.

#### 26 Employee Staffing Levels and Remuneration

	2018 Actual \$000	2017 Actual \$000
Total full time equivalent number of employees	48.58	47.61
Represented by: Full time employees Full time equivalent of all other employees	42.00 6.58	43.00 4.61
(Full time employees have employment contracts that are expressed as either 40 hours per week or 37.5 hours per week. An employee working either of these hours per week is classified as a "full time employee". For other employees their full time equivalent value is expressed as a ratio of either 40 hours per week or 37.5 hours per week depending on the employment contract they are a party to).		
Numbers of employees, who are employed at 30 June, where annual remuneration is within the following bands:		
\$0 - \$60,000	35.00	30.00
\$60,001 - \$80,000	10.00	15.00
\$80,001 - \$140,000	12.00	10.00
\$140,001 - \$200,000	1.00	1.00
	58.00	56.00

For both 2018 and 2017, the number of employees in the \$80,001 - \$100,000, and \$100,001 to \$120,000 bands was minimal and has been combined in the \$80,001 - \$140,000 band.

## 27 Severance Payments

For the year ended 30 June 2018 there were two (2017: nil) severance payments made to employees of \$20,000 and \$6,000 (2017: \$nil).

## 28 Financial Instrument Categories

Financial Assets Fair value through comprehensive revenue and expenditure Derivative financial instrument assets  \$		\$	_
· ·		\$	_
Derivative financial instrument assets \$		\$	-
	4.400		
Lagra and mashing lag	4 100		
Loans and receivables Cash and cash equivalents \$		\$	3,701
Trade and other receivables (excluding Prepayments)	1,734	Ψ	1,172
Term deposits	923		777
Community loans	27		6
Loans to related parties	-		
\$	6,883	\$	5,656
Available for sale: Equity investments (at cost)			
Combined Rural Traders Ltd (CRT) \$	7	\$	7
NZ Local Government Insurance Company Ltd	28	*	28
MGI Irrigation Company Ltd	1		1
Hunter Downs Irrigation Limited	-		250
Equity investments (at fair value)			
Alpine Energy Ltd	28,150		29,637
\$	28,186	\$	29,923
Total financial assets	35,069	\$	35,579
Financial Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities Fair value through comprehensive revenue and expenditure			
Derivative financial instrument liabilities \$	_	\$	_
		,	
Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
Trade and other payables \$		\$	1,656
Borrowings	2,737		2,805
\$	4,483	\$	4,461
Total financial liabilities \$	4,483	\$	4,461

#### 29 Capital Management

The Council's capital is its equity (or ratepayers' funds), which comprise retained earnings and reserves. Equity is represented by net assets.

The LGA requires the Council to manage its revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, investments, and general financial dealings prudently and in a manner that promotes the current and future interests of the community. Ratepayer's funds are largely managed as a by-product of managing revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, investments, and general financial dealings.

The objective of managing these items is to achieve intergenerational equity, which is a principle promoted in the Act and applied by the Council. Intergenerational equity requires today's ratepayers to meet the costs of utilising the Council's assets and not expecting them to meet the full cost of long term assets that will benefit ratepayers in future generations. Additionally, the Council has in place asset management plans for major classes of assets detailing renewal and maintenance programmes, to ensure ratepayers in future generations are not required to meet the costs of deferred renewals and maintenance.

The LGA requires the Council to make adequate and effective provision in its Long Term Plan (LTP) and in its annual plan (where applicable) to meet the expenditure needs identified in those plans. The act sets out the factors that the Council is required to consider when determining the most appropriate sources of funding for each of its activities.

The source and levels of funding are set out in the funding and financial policies in the LTP.

Council has the following Council created reserves:

- reserves for different areas of benefit;
- self-insurance reserves; and
- trust and bequest reserves.

Reserves for different areas of benefit are used where there is a discrete set of rate or levy payers as distinct from the general rate. Any surplus or deficit relating to these separate areas of benefit is applied to the specific reserves.

Self-insurance reserves are built up annually from general rates and are made available for specific unforeseen events. The release of these funds generally can only be approved by Council.

Trust and bequest reserves are set up where Council has been donated funds that are restricted for particular purposes. Interest is added to trust and bequest reserves where applicable and deductions are made where funds have been used for the purpose they were donated.

#### 30 Insurance Disclosure

During the 2017/18 year Council had cover in place for its below ground infrastructure assets, provided by the Local Authority Protection Programme Disaster Fund (LAPP). In the event of a claim during this year Council would have had to fund 8 times its annual contribution before the LAPP Fund would pay 40% of the reinstatement costs of the loss, with Central Government meeting the remaining 60%.

The impact on insurance costs for the past four years is shown below:

2018 Actual \$000		2017 Actual \$000		2016 Actual \$000	2015 Actual \$000			
\$	228	\$	228	\$ 211	\$ 219			

Insurance costs

#### Insurance on Assets

The Council has insurance policies covering water network; property, plant and equipment; motor vehicles and moving plant; and forestry assets. There is currently no council insurance on roading assets or any other self-insurance funds maintained by council.

#### **Water Network Assets**

The Council insures 40% of its value of underground water network assets with LAPP (Local Authority Protection Programme) with the remaining 60% being funded by Central Government. The total asset value for insurance purposes is \$58,613,933. Total group cover across 27 member councils in any one event is to a maximum of \$50 million less a \$10 million excess.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment

The combined sum insured of all Council Property, Plant and Equipment is \$40,557,774.

#### Vehicles and Moving plant

The total asset value for insurance purposes is \$1,028,694. All vehicles are insured for replacement value.

#### Forestry

The maximum insurance cover is \$1,472,033 for fire events and \$645,396 for windstorm.

#### **Roading and Footpath Assets**

The total asset value is \$455,797,000. However there is no current insurance for roads or bridges within the Waimate District. there is an expectation that Council will use NZTA emergency funds and council reserves and/or loans for local share. This is a risk in itself given NZTA has indicated that emergency works will be subject to stricter regime in the future.

## 31 Explanation of Major Variances against Budget

Council reported a deficit of \$345,000 against a reported LTP Budget deficit of \$575,000. The major variances are explained in the following table:

	2018		2018		2018		2018	
	Actual \$000		LTP Budget \$000		Annual Plan \$000		Var to LTP \$000	
Income Variances								
General rates	\$	1,070	\$	1,242	\$	1,042	\$	(172)
Rates Penalties		92		42		64		50
NZ Transport Agency government grants		2,962		2,363		2,656		599
Fees and Charges income		1,078		892		1,013		186
Interest Revenue		101		28		35		73
Dividend revenue		456		577		754		(120)
Forestry sales		284		-		-		284
Sales of Eric Batchelor Place sections		169		-		134		169
Gain on changes in fair value of forestry assets		379		133		133		246
Expenditure Variances								
Employee benefit expenses		3,690		3,439		3,540		(251)
Depreciation and amortisation		4,472		4,694		4,608		222
Finance costs		114		258		207		144
Cost of forestry harvested		123		-		-		(123)
ost of sections sold		144		-		-		(144)
Roading emergency reinstatement		664		-		60		(664)
All other Roading expenditure		1,946		1,432		1,566		(514)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		240		2		94		(239)
Conferences, Seminars and Training		100		172		183		72
Consultancy		53		144		129		91
Repairs and Maintenance		187		233		232		46
Impairment of investments		250		-		-		(250)
Insurance		228		255		264		26
Sub-total Major Variances		(5,622)		(5,351)		(5,050)		(270)
All other revenues and expenditure		5,276		4,776		4,912		500
Total Surplus/(deficit)		(345)	\$	(575)	\$	(139)	\$	230

General rates income is lower than the LTP Budget but in line with the Annual Plan Budget. Each year revenue and expenditure is reviewed and rates revenue may change depending on what level of expenditure is required.

NZ Transport Agency government grants income have exceeded the LTP and Annual Plan Budgets due to additional Roading Expenditure, along with Emergency Reinstatement works carried out.

Forestry Sales were not allowed for in the LTP and Annual Plan Budgets. This income is partially offset by the Cost of forestry harvested expense.

Gain on changes in fair value of forestry assets are the gains Council receive based on the Annual Forest Valuations, the gains on tree growth. This year the gains have exceeded LTP and Annual Plan Budgets due to price changes.

Employment Benefit Expenses have exceeded LTP and Annual Plan Budgets due to additional resources required. This has been partially offset by reduced spending on conferences, seminars and training.

Depreciation costs are below Budget and is predominately due to reduced depreciation than planned in the Water activity, in addition to reduced depreciation on plant and equipment.

Following the transfer of assets, from 1 July 2017, to Fire and Emergency New Zealand (FENZ) an impairment of those assets resulted in a Loss on disposal of \$239,000.

Impairment of investments - The Hunter Downs Irrigation development shares have been impaired as they hold no value to Council.

#### 32 Events After Balance Date

There are no significant events after balance date.

#### 33 Breach of Statutory Deadline

As outlined in the Statement of Compilance and Responsibility, Council breached its statutory deadline of adopting the audited financial statements and annual report by 31 October 2018.

## **Cost of Service Variances for the year ended 30 June 2018**

	2018	2018	2017
	Actual \$000	Annual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Forestry	394	65	22
Investments and Finance	(414)	171	(92)
Property	36	(180)	2,235
Building Control	118	_	20
Resource Management	86	51	60
Emergency Management	(270)	-	(16)
Regulatory Services	24	-	26
Dog and Animal Control	(10)	-	(9)
Community Representation	46	12	42
Strategy	(63)	(82)	4
Managing Services	194	(13)	147
Economic Development and Promotions	58	(33)	27
Community Support	11	·	(48)
Library	10	-	11
Camping	30	(27)	45
Cemeteries	(20)	(10)	6
Parks and Public Spaces	(76)	(34)	160
Swimming	20	(2)	(23)
Roading	(774)	(235)	(848)
Sewerage and Sewage	75	45	136
Stormwater Drainage	16	(6)	13
Waste Management	25		99
Water Supply	140	127	113
Total Surplus/(deficit)	(345)	(139)	2,131

# Capital Expenditure for the year ended 30 June 2018

Property		Key	201 Actu \$00	ıal		2018 nual Plan \$000		2017 Actual \$000
Local Government Centre - Blinds	Property							
Local Government Centre - Virry    REP		REP	\$	_	\$	3	\$	_
Local Government Centre - Floor coverings			•	-	Ť		•	-
Council Property - Tennant St dwelling				2		5		-
Community Housing - Replacement stoves				-		-		-
Community Housing - Replacement stoves						10		- 0
Community Housing - Hot water cylinders				_		- 3		0
Community Housing - Bathroom upgrade   REP   -   200   -   200   -   Public Toilets - Waimate town (new)   LOS   -   200   -     200   -				_				-
Public Toilets - Victoria Park Playground		REP		-		-		16
Walmate Event Centre - Refurbishment		_		-		200		-
Walmate Event Centre - IT and CCTV equipment		_		44		-		
Walmate Event Centre - Normwater installation   LOS   39   - 55		_		-		-		
Waimate Event Centre - Internal fitout (WDCF Funds)   LOS   4				-		-		
Sample   S		_		39		_		
Building Control - Inspection hardware/software   LOS		LOS				-		-
Building Control - Inspection hardware/software   Building Control - Sundry   REP   -   1   0   0			\$	99	\$	231	\$	622
Building Control - Inspection hardware/software   Building Control - Sundry   REP   -   1   0   0								
REP								
Sample				-		-		
Emergency Management   Rural Fire - Cannington appliance   LOS	Building Control - Suriary	KEP				I		
Rural Fire - Cannington appliance			\$	-	\$	1	\$	11
Rural Fire - Cannington appliance	Emergency Management							
Rural Fire - St Andrews tanker   LOS   -   -   80		LOS	\$	_	\$	_	\$	75
Rural Fire - Computer equipment and radio upgrade Civil Defence - Mobile technology hardware   REP			•	-	Ť	-	*	
Civil Defence - Mobile technology hardware		REP		-		-		7
Sample   S				-		-		3
Nanaging Services	Civil Defence - Mobile technology hardware	REP				1		-
Nanaging Services			\$	-	\$	1	\$	164
Nanaging Services	Dog and Animal Control							
Sample   Services   Sample		REP	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1
Managing Services           Hardware         REP         -         \$ -         \$ 19           Motor vehicles         REP         28         -         47           Plant         REP         -         -         11           Furniture and other equipment         REP         -         -         11           Furniture and other equipment         REP         -         -         11           Utilities - Office upgrade and furniture         LOS         -         -         6           Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment         REP         7         6         -           Miscellaneous         REP         7         6         -           Computers/hardware         REP         4         10         -           Electronic Document Management System         LOS         -         -         17           Server replacement         REP         -         90         64           Telephone / PABX upgrade         REP         -         15         -           Single Customer Database         LOS         27         5         -           Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades         REP         64         -         22           UPS					_			
Hardware   REP   Motor vehicles   REP   REP   28   - 47			•		Ė		<u> </u>	
Motor vehicles         REP Plant         28         -         47           Plant         REP         -         -         11           Furniture and other equipment         REP         2         -         111           Utilities - Office upgrade and furniture         LOS         -         -         6           Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment         REP         7         6         -           Miscellaneous         REP         4         10         -           Computers/hardware         REP         4         10         -           Computers/hardware         REP         6         10         -           Computers/hardware         REP         6         10         -           Electronic Document Management System         LOS         -         -         17           Server replacement         REP         -         90         64           Telephone / PABX upgrade         REP         -         15         -           Single Customer Database         LOS         27         5         -           Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades         REP         64         -         22           UPS         REP         3 <t< td=""><td>Managing Services</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Managing Services							
Plant REP 11 Furniture and other equipment REP 2 - 11 Utilities - Office upgrade and furniture LOS 6 Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment REP 7 6 - 6 Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment REP 7 6 6 Miscellaneous REP 4 10 Computers/hardware REP 6 10 17 Server replacement Management System LOS 17 Server replacement REP - 90 64 Telephone / PABX upgrade REP - 15 15 Single Customer Database LOS 27 5 Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades REP 64 - 22 UPS REP 3 15			\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Furniture and other equipment Utilities - Office upgrade and furniture LOS Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment REP To Miscellaneous REP To				28		-		
Utilities - Office upgrade and furniture  Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment  REP  REP  REP  REP  REP  REP  REP  RE				-		-		
Utilities - Sundry plant and equipmentREP76-MiscellaneousREP410-Computers/hardwareREP610-Electronic Document Management SystemLOS17Server replacementREP-9064Telephone / PABX upgradeREP-15-Single Customer DatabaseLOS275-Magiq - Performance and EPO upgradesREP64-22UPSREP315-Event CentreREP-7-GeneralREP-7-Magiq / NCS UpgradeREP17Health and Safety - EquipmentREPCCTV EquipmentLOS45				-		_		
Miscellaneous         REP         4         10         -           Computers/hardware         REP         6         10         -           Electronic Document Management System         LOS         -         -         17           Server replacement         REP         -         90         64           Telephone / PABX upgrade         REP         -         15         -           Single Customer Database         LOS         27         5         -           Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades         REP         64         -         22           UPS         REP         3         15         -           Event Centre         REP         -         7         -           General         REP         -         2         -           Magiq / NCS Upgrade         REP         17         -         -           Health and Safety - Equipment         REP         -         -         -           CCTV Equipment         LOS         45         -         -				7		6		-
Electronic Document Management System		REP		4		10		-
Server replacement         REP         -         90         64           Telephone / PABX upgrade         REP         -         15         -           Single Customer Database         LOS         27         5         -           Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades         REP         64         -         22           UPS         REP         3         15         -           Event Centre         REP         -         7         -           General         REP         -         2         -           Magiq / NCS Upgrade         REP         17         -         -           Health and Safety - Equipment         REP         -         -         10           CCTV Equipment         LOS         45         -         -				6		10		-
Telephone / PABX upgrade         REP         -         15         -           Single Customer Database         LOS         27         5         -           Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades         REP         64         -         22           UPS         REP         3         15         -           Event Centre         REP         -         7         -           General         REP         -         2         -           Magiq / NCS Upgrade         REP         17         -         -           Health and Safety - Equipment         REP         -         -         10           CCTV Equipment         LOS         45         -         -				-				
Single Customer Database         LOS         27         5         -           Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades         REP         64         -         22           UPS         REP         3         15         -           Event Centre         REP         -         7         -           General         REP         -         2         -           Magiq / NCS Upgrade         REP         17         -         -           Health and Safety - Equipment         REP         -         -         10           CCTV Equipment         LOS         45         -         -				-				04
Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades         REP         64         -         22           UPS         REP         3         15         -           Event Centre         REP         -         7         -           General         REP         -         2         -           Magiq / NCS Upgrade         REP         17         -         -           Health and Safety - Equipment         REP         -         -         10           CCTV Equipment         LOS         45         -         -				27				-
UPS         REP         3         15         -           Event Centre         REP         -         7         -           General         REP         -         2         -           Magiq / NCS Upgrade         REP         17         -         -           Health and Safety - Equipment         REP         -         -         10           CCTV Equipment         LOS         45         -         -						-		22
General         REP         -         2         -           Magiq / NCS Upgrade         REP         17         -         -           Health and Safety - Equipment         REP         -         -         10           CCTV Equipment         LOS         45         -         -	UPS			3				-
Magiq / NCS UpgradeREP17Health and Safety - EquipmentREP10CCTV EquipmentLOS45				-				-
Health and Safety - Equipment REP 10 CCTV Equipment LOS 45				17		2		-
CCTV Equipment LOS 45				-		-		10
\$ 204 \$ 160 \$ 208				45		-		-
			\$	204	\$	160	\$	208

Capital Expenditure (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2018	Key	2018 Actual \$000	2018 nual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000
Library Library books Furniture and shelving	REP REP	\$ 51 -	\$ 62 4	\$ 46 18
		\$ 51	\$ 66	\$ 64
Camping Waitaki Lakes - Water pipes investigation/replace Waitaki Lakes - Water monitoring system Waitaki Lakes - Signage St Andrews Camping - Upgrade power sites St Andrews Camping - Miscellaneous Victoria Park - Upgrade cabins Victoria Park - Appliances Knottingley Park - Miscellaneous	REP REP REP REP REP REP REP	\$ - 1 - - 13 3	\$ - 1 4 - - - 5	\$ 27 - 16 2 18 2 2
		\$ 17	\$ 10	\$ 67
Cemeteries Replace tip truck Upgrade workshop / office / toilet	REP REP	\$ - 7	\$ - -	\$ 46 33
		\$ 7	\$ -	\$ 79
Parks and Public Spaces  Morven Reserve - Domain electrical points  Morven Reserve - Relocate playground  Victoria park - Mower replacement  Victoria park - Parks officer motor vehicle  Victoria park - Sundry plant  Victoria park - Repair asphalt in works yard  Victoria park - Repair asphalt, playground carpark  Victoria park - Restain cycle track oval fence  Victoria park - Replace Ausplay, playground  Knottingley park - Driveway upgrade  Knottingley park - Replace see saws  Urban Reserves - Playground safety matting	REP REP REP REP REP REP REP REP REP	\$ - 1 - 30 8 - - - 209 3 1	\$ 4 5 61 - 7 5 2 9 47 - -	\$ - 16 - 6 - - - - 5
		\$ 252	\$ 153	\$ 27
Swimming  Pool Cover replacement  Upgrade Mens changing rooms  Other - Plant and equipment	REP REP REP	\$ - - 6	\$ - - -	\$ 20 23 12
		\$ 16	\$ 244	\$ 55
Roading Group  Resealing Drainage construction Culvert replacements Kerb and channel renewal Concrete ford renewals Pavement rehabilitation Structures component replacement Sign renewal Minor improvements Footpath renewal Minor improvements (not subsidised) Seal extensions Roading development Holme Station bridge replacement	REP REP REP REP REP LOS REP REP LOS LOS	\$ 1,203 291 133 2 - 110 152 60 380 107 - -	\$ 1,160 85 60 86 25 175 260 52 340 91 25 51 51	\$ 1,208 129 70 25 137 29 43 379 21 19 15 40 25
		\$ 2,436	\$ 2,942	\$ 2,142

Mill Road sewer extension	Capital Expenditure (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2018	Key		2018 Actual \$000	Ann	018 ual Plan		2017 Actual \$000
Stomwater Drainage Group   Upgrade Manse Street/Harris Street   LOS	Mill Road sewer extension Programmed renewals Replace Aerator 2	REP REP	\$		\$		\$	16
Upgrade Manse Street/Harris Street   LOS			\$	31	\$	243	\$	490
Waste Management Group	Upgrade Manse Street/Harris Street Manse Street (Town Belt to Harris), New sumps Consent and Management Plan	LOS LOS		-		- 15		107 -
Water Supply Group (Rural and Urban)			<b>\$</b>	11	\$	160	\$	131
Water Supply Group (Rural and Urban)         LOS         4         -         \$ 17           Hook/Waituna - Bells renewal (1600m)         LOS         \$ 4         -         \$ 17           Hook/Waituna - Renewals         REP         -         11         13           Hook/Waituna - Filtration / Coagulation         REP         12         -         -           Lower Waihao - Rising main renewal (1600m)         LOS         -         -         28           Lower Waihao - Renewals         REP         5         5         -         28           Lower Waihao - Prinking water standards         LOS         -         -         -         28           Lower Waihao - Drinking water standards         LOS         7         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Wheelie bin replacements		\$	4 -	\$	6	\$	
Hook/Waituna - Bells renewal (1600m)			\$	4	\$	6	\$	19
Hook/Waituna - Bells renewal (1600m)	Water Crophy Cropp (Dural and Hyber)							
Total Capital Expenditure   \$ 200 \$ 852 \$ 488	Hook/Waituna - Bells renewal (1600m) Hook/Waituna - Renewals Hook/Waituna - Caywood renewal Hook/Waituna - Filtration / Coagulation Lower Waihao - Rising main renewal (1600m) Lower Waihao - Tawai renewal (2300m) Lower Waihao - Benewals Lower Waihao - Drinking water standards Otaio/Makikihi - Renewal (Skinner 2000m) Otaio/Makikihi - Sullivan/Tavistock 1000m uPVC Waihaorunga - Renewals Waihaorunga - Pump renewal Waikakahi - Renewals Cannington/Motukaika - Renewals Urban Supply - Painting AVG filter Urban Supply - CI main renewals Urban Supply - AC water mains renewals Urban Supply - Lateral renewals	REP REP LOS LOS REP LOS REP REP REP REP REP REP REP	\$	12 - - 5 7 - 33 - - - 37 33	\$	- - 5 - 45 - - 5 - 214 160 107 54	\$	13 - - 57 28 - - 7 - 11 3 6 1 74 111 91 25
\$ 200 \$ 852 \$ 488	Urban Supply - Urban plant redundancy	REP				-		-
Total Capital Expenditure   \$ 3,329 \$ 5,069 \$ 4,569	отраті очерту - імпосенатерию ригонавев	INLF	\$		\$	252	<u>\$</u>	
Represented by:   Infrastructural assets   \$ 2,682 \$ 4,202 \$ 3,269     Operational assets   \$ 3,329 \$ 5,069 \$ 4,569			Ψ	200	Ψ	032	Ψ	400
Sample   S	Total Capital Expenditure		\$	3,329	\$	5,069	\$	4,569
Categories         Meets additional demand       AD       \$ 5       - \$ 464         Improve level of performance/service       LOS       560       1,237       1,545         Replace existing assets       REP       2,763       3,832       2,560         \$ 3,329       \$ 5,069       4,569	Infrastructural assets			647		867		1,300
Meets additional demand         AD Improve level of performance/service         AD LOS Explace existing assets         464 Example 1 (a) Service         464 Example 2 (a) Service <td>Categories</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-,</td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Categories			-,	,			
	Meets additional demand Improve level of performance/service	LOS	\$	560	\$		\$	1,545
Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets	Many AD - Manda additional Language Lan						45	

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

# **Waimate District Council Activities**

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Community Services Group Economic Development and Promotions Community Support Library	<b>155</b> 158 160 162

# Water Supply Group

### What is Water Supply and Why Do We Deliver It?

Council's water services provide the essentials of life for our community.

The Group involves the following activities:

### Water Supply — Urban

The provision of a clean safe supply of water for drinking and fire fighting purposes.

### Water Supply — Rural

The provision of a clean safe supply of water for drinking, stock, irrigation and fire fighting purposes.

	Water Supply — Community Outcomes and Rationale Linkages									
	Wealthy Community	Safe and Healthy People	Sustainable District and Environment	Active and Supportive Community						
Outcome		A place where people are safe in their homes, work and public spaces.	N/A	N/A						
Rationale		Water Supply — Protecting the communities from drinking water related health issues and providing fire fighting capability.								
Outcome		Our services, infrastructure and environment maintains quality of life.								
Rationale	Water Supply —the timely provision of utility services is essential to supporting growth.	Water Supply — we have reliable, efficient and well planned water infrastructure that meet the needs of residents the community.								



## Funding Impact Statement - Water Supply Group (Rural and Urban) for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 LTP Budget \$000	2017 LTP Budget \$000
Sources of operating funding General rates, UAGC and rates penalties Targeted rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	\$ 12 1,992	\$ 12 1,936	\$ 11 1,902
Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered Interest and dividends from investments Local authority fuel tax, fines, infringement fees other	32 117 29 52	20 42 18 96	20 33 18 92
Total sources of operating funding	2,234	2,124	2,076
Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs	991	1,245 -	1,169 -
Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications	567 -	296	293 -
Total applications of operating funding	1,558	1,541	1,462
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding	676	583	614
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase/(decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets	- 28 - -	- 25 -	- 24 - -
Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	-
Total sources of capital funding	28	25	24
Applications of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand		_	
Capital experiorities - to meet additional demand Capital expenditure - to improve level of service Capital expenditure - to replace existing assets Increase/(decrease) in reserves Increase/(decrease) in investments	11 189 504	611 (3)	679 (41)
Total applications of capital funding	704	608	638
Surplus/(deficit) of capital funding	(676)	(583)	(614)



**Funding balance** 

# Service Performance Statement - Water Supply Group (Rural and Urban) for the year ended 30 June 2018

Expenditure				2018 Actual \$000		2018 nual Plan \$000		2017 Actual \$000
Targeted rates	Revenue							
Revenue from activities   204   299   94			\$		\$		\$	
Section	S .							
Expenditure								
Expenditure	Other revenue					32		107
Employee benefit expenses	Total revenue			2,260		2,347		2,135
Employee benefit expenses	Expenditure							
Depreciation and amortisation   Finance expenses   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   134   99   95   95   95   95   95   95   9				-		-		_
1,461				564		628		612
Capital Expenditure	Finance expenses			95		134		99
Samplus   Surplus   Samplus   Samp	Other expenses			1,461		1,458		1,311
Capital Expenditure	Total expenditure			2,120		2,220		2,022
Hook/Waituna - Bells renewal (1600m)	Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$	140	\$	127	\$	113
Hook/Waituna - Bells renewal (1600m)								
Hook/Waituna - Renewals		-						
Hook/Waituna - Caywood renewal   REP	,		\$	4	\$	-	\$	17
Hook/Waituna - Filtration / Coagulation				-		11		13
Lower Waihao - Rising main renewal (1600m)				-		-		-
Lower Waihao - Tawai renewal (2300m)				12		-		-
Lower Waihao - Renewals				-		-		
Lower Waihao - Drinking water standards	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			- 5		- 5		26
Otaio/Makikihi - Renewal (Skinner 2000m)         LOS         -         -         7           Otaio/Makikihi - Sullivan/Tavistock 1000m uPVC         REP         33         45         -           Waihaorunga - Renewals         REP         -         -         11           Waihaorunga - Pump renewal         REP         -         -         3           Waikakahi - Renewals         REP         -         -         3           Waikakahi - Renewals         REP         -         -         -         3           Urban Supply - Painting AVG filter         LOS         -         -         -         74           Urban Supply - Rising main renewals         REP         37         214         111           Urban Supply - Rising main renewals         REP         33         160         91           Urban Supply - AC water mains renewals         REP         28         107         25           Urban Supply - Lateral renewals         REP         -         54         45           Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement         REP         -         250         -           Urban Supply - Wiscellaneous purchases         REP         39         -         -           Total Capital Expenditure						-		_
Otaio/Makikihi - Sullivan/Tavistock 1000m uPVC         REP         33         45         -           Waihaorunga - Renewals         REP         -         -         11           Waihaorunga - Pump renewal         REP         -         -         3           Waikakahi - Renewals         REP         -         5         6           Urban Supply - Painting AVG filter         LOS         -         -         74           Urban Supply - Rising main renewals         REP         37         214         111           Urban Supply - CI main renewals         REP         33         160         91           Urban Supply - CI main renewals         REP         28         107         25           Urban Supply - AC water mains renewals         REP         28         107         25           Urban Supply - Lateral renewals         REP         -         54         45           Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement         REP         -         250         -           Urban Supply - Miscellaneous purchases         REP         39         -         -           Total Capital Expenditure         \$ 200         \$ 851         488    Categories  Meets additional demand Improve level of performance/service LOS In The Action of the pr	<del>_</del>			_		_		7
Waihaorunga - Renewals       REP       -       -       11         Waihaorunga - Pump renewal       REP       -       -       3         Waikakahi - Renewals       REP       -       5       6         Urban Supply - Painting AVG filter       LOS       -       -       74         Urban Supply - Rising main renewals       REP       37       214       111         Urban Supply - Cl main renewals       REP       33       160       91         Urban Supply - AC water mains renewals       REP       28       107       25         Urban Supply - Lateral renewals       REP       -       54       45         Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement       REP       -       250       -         Urban Supply - Urban plant redundancy       REP       39       -       -         Urban Supply - Miscellaneous purchases       REP       2       -       -         Total Capital Expenditure       \$ 200       \$ 851       \$ 488     Categories  Meets additional demand  AD \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -				33		45		-
Waihaorunga - Pump renewal       REP       -       -       3         Waikakahi - Renewals       REP       -       5       6         Urban Supply - Painting AVG filter       LOS       -       -       74         Urban Supply - Rising main renewals       REP       37       214       111         Urban Supply - CI main renewals       REP       33       160       91         Urban Supply - AC water mains renewals       REP       28       107       25         Urban Supply - Lateral renewals       REP       -       54       45         Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement       REP       -       250       -         Urban Supply - Urban plant redundancy       REP       39       -       -         Urban Supply - Miscellaneous purchases       REP       2       -       -         Total Capital Expenditure       \$ 200       \$851       \$ 488     Categories  Meets additional demand  AD  \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	Waihaorunga - Renewals					_		11
Urban Supply - Painting AVG filter         LOS         -         -         74           Urban Supply - Rising main renewals         REP         37         214         111           Urban Supply - CI main renewals         REP         33         160         91           Urban Supply - AC water mains renewals         REP         28         107         25           Urban Supply - Lateral renewals         REP         -         54         45           Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement         REP         -         250         -           Urban Supply - Urban plant redundancy         REP         39         -         -           Urban Supply - Miscellaneous purchases         REP         2         -         -           Total Capital Expenditure         \$ 200         \$ 851         \$ 488           Categories           Meets additional demand         AD         -         -         -         -           Improve level of performance/service         LOS         11         -         183           Replace existing assets         REP         189         851         305	•	REP		-		-		3
Urban Supply - Rising main renewals Urban Supply - CI main renewals REP 37 214 111 Urban Supply - CI main renewals REP 33 160 91 Urban Supply - AC water mains renewals REP 28 107 25 Urban Supply - Lateral renewals REP - 54 45 Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement Urban Supply - Urban plant redundancy REP 39 - 250 - Urban Supply - Miscellaneous purchases REP 2	Waikakahi - Renewals	REP		-		5		6
Urban Supply - CI main renewals Urban Supply - AC water mains renewals Urban Supply - AC water mains renewals Urban Supply - Lateral renewals Urban Supply - Lateral renewals Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement Urban Supply - Whanchester Road bore replacement Urban Supply - Urban plant redundancy Urban Supply - Miscellaneous purchases REP 250 - Total Capital Expenditure REP 39 - 2 Total Capital Expenditure  \$ 200 \$ 851 \$ 488  Categories  Meets additional demand AD Improve level of performance/service LOS 11 - 183 Replace existing assets				-		-		74
Urban Supply - AC water mains renewals Urban Supply - Lateral renewals Urban Supply - Lateral renewals Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement Urban Supply - Urban plant redundancy Urban Supply - Miscellaneous purchases REP 39 Total Capital Expenditure  \$ 200 \$ 851 \$ 488   Categories  Meets additional demand AD Improve level of performance/service LOS REP 189 851 305								
Urban Supply - Lateral renewals Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement Urban Supply - Urban plant redundancy Urban Supply - Miscellaneous purchases REP 39 Total Capital Expenditure  \$ 200 \$ 851 \$ 488   Categories  Meets additional demand Improve level of performance/service LOS REP 189 851 305								
Urban Supply - Manchester Road bore replacement Urban Supply - Urban plant redundancy Urban Supply - Miscellaneous purchases REP				28				
Urban Supply - Urban plant redundancy Urban Supply - Miscellaneous purchases  REP REP 2				-				45
Urban Supply - Miscellaneous purchases  REP 2  Total Capital Expenditure  \$ 200 \$ 851 \$ 488   Categories  Meets additional demand Improve level of performance/service Replace existing assets  REP 2  \$ 200 \$ 851 \$ 488				30		250		_
Categories  Meets additional demand Improve level of performance/service Replace existing assets  AD \$ - \$ - \$ - 183  11 - 183  REP 189 851 305						-		-
Meets additional demandADImprove level of performance/serviceLOS11-183Replace existing assetsREP189851305	Total Capital Expenditure		\$	200	\$	851	\$	488
Meets additional demandADImprove level of performance/serviceLOS11-183Replace existing assetsREP189851305	Categories							
Improve level of performance/service LOS 11 - 183 Replace existing assets REP 189 851 305		ΔD	\$	_	\$	_	Φ.	-
Replace existing assets REP 189 851 305			Ψ	11	۳	-	Ψ	183
\$ 200 \$ 851 \$ 488						851		305
Ψ 200 Ψ 001 Ψ 400			\$	200	\$	851	\$	488

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

#### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Revenue from Activities exceeded the LTP budget due to higher than expected recoveries and interest for Downlands Water Scheme.

Depreciation expenses are below the LTP budget due to reduced capital works and asset values following revaluations at 30 June 2017.

Other expenses have increased compared to Actual 2017 predominately due to increases in electricity costs (\$40,000), Asset Management Plan costs (\$22,000) and Downlands line maintenance costs (\$17,000).

# **Urban Water Supply**

#### What Do We Do Now?

Council provides a regular supply of potable water to the designated urban area and the fringe rural areas of Waimate (population 3,000 approx.) to serve drinking, commercial and fire protection uses. Timaru Road and Manchester Road Bores supply the urban network via a reservoir at Mill Road. Council monitors water quality, and plans for future water supply needs. Currently only Timaru Road Bore holds secure ground water status. Upgrade works have been started at Manchesters Bore and Treatment Plant to meet current drinking water standards.

### Why Do We Do It?

Council is required by statute to provide potable water to the residents of Waimate. (ie Health Act 1956, Local Government Act 2002).

# **Rural Water Supply**

#### What Do We Do Now?

The Waimate District Council operates six rural water schemes (Cannington/Motukaika, Lower Waihao, Otaio/ Makikihi, Waihaorunga, Waikakahi, Hook/Waituna) and in addition, incorporated societies run Hakataramea and Cattle Creek (Upper Waihao), with Downlands being supplied and administered by Timaru District Council, with a share holding by Waimate District Council. Some schemes do not currently comply with NZ Drinking Water Standards 2005 (Revised 2008).

Council staff are dedicated to support the schemes 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

Council provides quarterly management reports and financial reports for the schemes it operates.

### Why Do We Do It?

The Local Government Act 2002 places responsibility with the Council to supply a safe, regular and efficient potable supply of water to the consumers within the District.

#### How We Measure The Service Provided

	Customer Performance Measure						
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18				
Safety of Drinking Water. Council will provide potable water. (M)	The extent of compliance with part four of the drinking-water standards (bacteria compliance criteria).	Waimate: Timaru Rd - Yes  Waimate: Manchesters Bore - Yes  Otaio/Makikihi: Tavistock - Yes  Hook/Waituna - No  Lower Waihao - Yes  Waikakahi - Yes	Partially achieved <sup>1</sup> (2016/17: Partially achieved <sup>1</sup> )				
		Waihaorunga: Main -Yes Waihaorunga: Tavendales - Yes Cannington/Motukaika - No					

	Customer Pe	erformance Measure	
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18
Safety of Drinking Water. Council will provide potable water. (M)	The extent of compliance with part five of the drinking-water standards (protozoal compliance criteria).	Waimate: Timaru Rd - Yes Waimate: Manchesters Bore - No Otaio/Makikihi: Tavistock - No Hook/Waituna - No Lower Waihao - No Waikakahi - No Waihaorunga: Main - No Waihaorunga: Tavendales - No Cannington/Motukaika - No	Partially achieved <sup>1</sup> (2016/17: Partially achieved <sup>1</sup> )
	Maintain secure source status (Waimate Urban, Otaio- Makikihi RWS)	Waimate: Timaru Rd - Achieved  Waimate: Manchesters Bore - Not Achieved. Could not fulfil Criterion 2 for secure bore head as there was no proof bore construction.  Otaio/Makikihi: Tavistock - Not Achieved. Bore security was lost on 7 May 2018. Ground water testing (constant composition) for re-establishing bore security status is in process. There are planned upgrades of the treatment processes (barriers) in the plant for the 2018/19 financial year to bring it up to protozoal complainant standards without bore security status.	Partially achieved <sup>2</sup> (2016/17: Partially achieved <sup>2</sup> )
	Comply with UV requirements (Hook-Waituna RWS)	Non-Compliant. In process of upgrading plant to meet requirements.	Not achieved (2016/17: Not Achieved)

### Note:

All results for the 2017/18 compliance year are from Drinking Water Online data base and are unpublished. Community & Public Health Annual 2017/18 Compliance Report is still to be completed.



Customer Performance Measure							
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Re	sult	Achievement 2017/18			
Customer satisfaction. Council manages the water schemes wisely. (M)	The total number of complaints received by Council about any of the following: drinking water clarity;	Urban connections = 1921 Urban Water: 3 justified;	Rural connections = 1255 Rural Water: 1 justified; (1 unjustified)	Urban Water: Achieved (2016/17:			
	drinking water clarity,	2 justified;	none; (2 unjustified)	Achieved) Rural Water: Achieved³			
	drinking water odour;	1 justified;	none;	(2016/17: Not achieved³)			
	drinking water pressure;	none; (1 unjustified)	18 justified, (17 unjustified)				
	continuity of supply; and	3 justified;	27 justified, (10 unjustified)				
	Council's response to any of these issues.	none	3 justified.				
	Target: Urban < 10 justified complaints per 1000 connections.	Justified complaints per 1000 connections = 9/1921 = 4.69 per 1000 connections	Justified complaints per 1000 = 49/1255 = 39.04 per 1000 connections.				
	Target Rural < 40 justified complaints per 1000 connections.						
Demand Management. Council manages the water schemes	Average consumption of drinking water per day per resident within the Waimate district.	Average consumption part 1387.7 m <sup>3</sup> /day / 3000 pper day per person.		Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)			
wisely. (M)	Target: average normal demand <840 litres per day.						
Fault response times. Council will minimise disruptions to the supply. (M)	Where Council attends to a call-out in response to a fault or unplanned interruption of its networked reticulation system, the following median response times measured:						
	attendance for urgent call- outs:	Council's median respo	onse time to urgent	(a) Achieved			
	Target: response time ≤ 1 hour.	call-out = 0:30 (h:mm)		(2016/17: Achieved)			
	resolution of urgent call-outs: .  Target: resolution time ≤ 24	Council's median responsal-out = 2:13 (h:mm)	onse to resolve urgent	(b) Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)			
	hours. attendance for non-urgent call-outs:	Council's median responsall-out = 2:00 (h:mm)	onse to a non-urgent	(c) Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)			
	Target: response time ≤ 24 hours.	Councilla madian re-	ongo to reach a see	(d) Achieved			
	resolution of non-urgent call- outs:	Council's median response urgent call-out = 4:18 (		(2016/17: Achieved)			
	Target: resolution time ≤ 72 hours.						

	Customer Pe	erformance Measure	
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18
Maintenance of the reticulation network. Water is used efficiently and in a sustainable manner. (M)	The percentage of real water loss from Council's networked reticulation system (including a description of the methodology used to calculate this).  Target: < 35% real water loss.	Real water loss from urban reticulation = 54.8%  (Calculation methodology: Minimum Night Flow (MNF) Analysis)	Not achieved <sup>4</sup> (2016/17: Not achieved <sup>4</sup> )
Council manages the water scheme wisely.	Percentage of satisfied or very satisfied residents with the overall performance of the water service.  Target: > 85% satisfied or very satisfied residents.	Next survey 2018/19.	Not measured (2016/17: Achieved - 92%)
Council will minimise disruptions to the supply.	Number of unprogrammed maintenance interruptions to service per year.  Target: Urban < five interruptions.  Target: Rural < 50 interruptions.	Number of unprogrammed urban interruptions = None  Number of unprogrammed rural interruptions = None.  (Note: Council Rural Water Scheme Policy requires consumers to have 96 hours storage. Therefore any interruption is minimised or a non-event.)	Urban: Achieved (2016/17: Achieved) Rural: Achieved (2016/16: Achieved)
Council provides a restricted supply of water to customers for its rural water schemes.	Number of complaints per year on restricted rate of flow to tanks on rural water schemes sufficient to deliver not less than the contracted water litreage per day (this excludes complaints relating to the actions of parties external to Council.  Target: < six complaints.	Rural low pressure/no water complaints = 62 (45 justified complaints, 17 unjustified complaints.)	Not achieved <sup>5</sup> (2015/16: Not achieved <sup>5</sup> )

#### **Performance Measure Details**

- <sup>1</sup> Compliance (bacterial and protozoal) with drinking-water standards: This measure is only partially achieved as a number of the plants are yet to be upgraded to meet the bacteria and protozoal compliance criteria required by the drinking water standards. The following plants are to be upgraded:
  - Hook/Waituna: A trial ultrafiltration plant has been trailed at the plant with good results. Completion of the upgrade is planned for the 2018/19 financial year.
  - Lower Waihao: Drinking Water Standards upgrades to be completed in 2020/21 year. The scheme has an active Water Safety Plan.
  - Waikakahi. Waihaorunga: Main and Tavendales and Cannington/Motukaika: Water Safety Plans for these
    schemes have been approved and are being implemented. Note, currently there is a review of the present New
    Zealand drinking water standards, and depending on the outcomes of that review, these three water safety
    plans may be reviewed and re-submitted.

As there is a review of the present New Zealand drinking water standards, compliance upgrade options for water supplies are still being reviewed. This includes costings for a single plant supplying three schemes alongside proposed connecting pipework and affordability. Council continues to work with the rural water scheme Committees to ensure a suitable outcome as part of the 2018-28 Long Term Plan and compliance with drinking water standards.

<sup>2</sup> Maintain secure source status: The target was not achieved as secured source status for Otaio-Makikihi was reduced from provisional to unsecure groundwater status. Bore security was lost on 7 May 2018. Ground water testing (constant composition) for re-establishing bore security status is in process. There are planned upgrades of the treatment processes (barriers) in the plant for the 2018/19 financial year to bring it up to protozoal complainant

standards without bore security status.

The target was not also achieved for Manchester's Bore as Criterion 2 of the drinking water standards "for secure bore head" could not be fulfilled as there was no proof bore construction. At the time of this report work is being done to upgrade the bore and plant to meet current drinking water standards requirements for compliance.

- <sup>3</sup> Complaints about rural water supply: Due to the nature and mechanics of a rural water scheme, and a number of factors beyond Council's control (ie members of public damaging pipe network) there is a greater potential for a loss of water pressure and continuity of supply. Council does have a renewals programme for pipe and points of supply (ie restrictors).
- <sup>4</sup> Real Water Loss: At present Council only has meters at the Timaru Road and Manchesters Road plants and no zone or points of supply meters. Therefore we are unable to measure true water usage in Waimate and have to rely on an assumed water loss calculation for this reporting.
- <sup>5</sup> Complaints on restricted flow: With regards to the number of complaints per year on restricted rate of flow to tanks on rural water schemes, Council recorded the number of low pressure/no water complaints, where the user was not getting their contracted rate of water due to a fault (eg partially blocked ballcock, leak, mechanical damage to the main). There have been no complaints where the Council has deliberately or mistakenly provided less than the consumer was paying for.

#### **Points of Interest**

Drinking Water Standards changes and challenges

- Increased compliance expectations from Ministry of Health and Drinking Water Assessors
- · The possibility of a single regulatory Drinking Water authority.
- · The potential changes to the Drinking Water Standards.
- Consultation with community about the challenges around drinking water standards and water supply upgrades.
- LGNZ Water Forum and the future of 3 waters infrastructure (drinking water, wastewater and storm water) in New Zealand.
- Waimate District Councils input and petitioning around the potential changes to the drinking water industry and the standards, which may impact council management and rural water supplies.

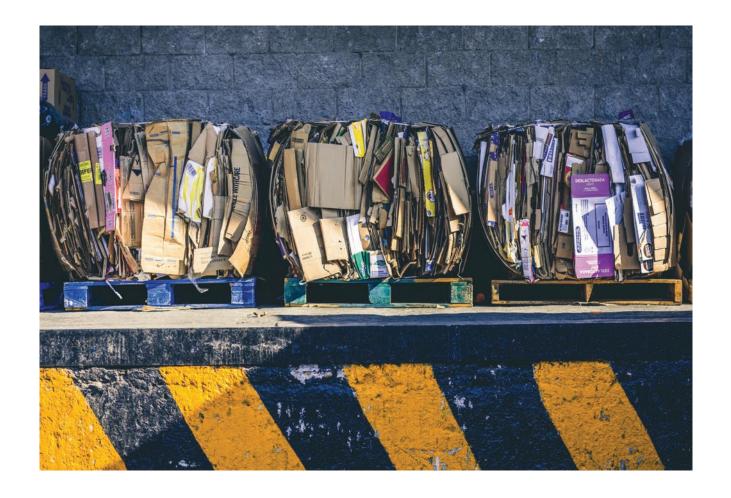


# Waste Management Group

## What is Waste Management and Why Do We Deliver It?

Council's Waste Management services provide a solid waste collection, processing and disposal system that encourages recycling and waste reduction for the households and business in our District. Resource Recovery Park for processing and transferring of waste and recycling.

	Waste Management — Community Outcomes and Rationale Linkages									
	Wealthy Community	Safe and Healthy People	Sustainable District and Environment	Active and Supportive Community						
Outcome	N/A	A place where people are safe in their homes, work and public spaces.	We value the natural environment, biodiversity and landscapes.	N/A						
Rationale		Waste Management — we have reliable, efficient and well planned infrastructure that meet the needs of the community.	Waste Management — we encourage waste minimisation for long term sustainability within the District.							



# Funding Impact Statement - Waste Management for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 LTP Budget \$000	2017 LTP Budget \$000
Sources of operating funding General rates, UAGC and rates penalties Targeted rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered Interest and dividends from investments Local authority fuel tax, fines, infringement fees other	\$ - 945 31 119 31 -	\$ - 967 27 83 26 -	\$ - 947 27 81 26 -
Total sources of operating funding	1,126	1,103	1,081
Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications	911 - 146 -	929 - 123	896 - 118
Total applications of operating funding	1,057	1,052	1,014
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding	69	51	67
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase/(decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
Total sources of capital funding	-	-	-
Applications of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand Capital expenditure - to improve level of service Capital expenditure - to replace existing assets Increase/(decrease) in reserves Increase/(decrease) in investments	- - 4 65	- - - 51	- - - 67
Total applications of capital funding	69	51	67
Surplus/(deficit) of capital funding	(69)	(51)	(67)
Funding balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# Service Performance Statement - Waste Management Group for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018 Actual \$000	Aı	2018 nnual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000
Revenue					
Civic Amenities rates		\$ 230	\$	230	\$ 254
Targeted rates		715		718	694
Revenue from activities Other revenue		150 31		143 20	143 28
Other revenue		31		20	26
Total revenue		1,126		1,111	1,119
Expenditure					
Employee benefit expenses		-		-	-
Depreciation and amortisation		44		46	45
Finance expenses		30		32	31
Other expenses		1,027		1,021	944
Total expenditure		1,101		1,099	1,020
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$ 25	\$	12	\$ 99
Capital Expenditure	Key				
Wheelie bin replacements	REP	\$ 4	\$	6	\$ 16
Recycling Depot - Morven	REP	-		-	3
Total Capital Expenditure		\$ 4	\$	6	\$ 19
Categories					
Meets additional demand	AD	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Improve level of performance/service	LOS	-		-	-
Replace existing assets	REP	4		6	19 
		\$ 4	\$	6	\$ 19

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Revenue from activities exceeded the LTP Budget due to increased income through Fees & Charges.

Other expenses have increased from Actual 2017 due to increased contractor costs (\$26,000), and Asset Management Plan costs (\$21,000).



# Waste Management

### What Do We Do Now?

Provide a range of refuse collection and disposal services for urban and rural areas of Waimate District for homes and businesses.

Provide a range of recycling services for urban and rural areas of Waimate District for homes and businesses.

Operate a resource recovery park to process and sell recyclable materials and to transfer residual waste to landfill in Timaru District.

Provide education regarding recycling and waste reduction.

### Why Do We Do It?

Waste Management is necessary for the health and wellbeing of the community and environment. It supports business activity and should encourage waste minimisation across all sectors ensuring compliance with the provisions and directions of the Waste Minimisation Act 2008. Council has a statutory requirement to ensure adequate waste services are provided.

Council also aims to eliminate all uncontrolled disposal of waste and the storage of potentially harmful substances where no longer required for immediate use.

#### How We Measure The Service Provided

	Customer Performance Measure						
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18				
Convenient and accessible waste management services are provided to the community.	Council provides access to kerbside refuse collection service for a minimum of 67% of our District's properties.  Target: ≥ 67% of District properties.	Council provides access to kerbside refuse collection service for 71.6% of our District's properties.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved - 71.7%)				
	Council provides access to kerbside recycling collection services for a minimum of 45% of our District properties.  Target: ≥ 45% of District properties.	Council provides access to kerbside recycling collection services for 49.0% of our District's properties.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved - 49.1%)				
	Council provides a minimum of 6 rural recycling drop-off points.  Target: ≥ six drop-off points.	Council provides eight drop-off points for rural recycling.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved - 8 drop-off points)				

Customer Performance Measure						
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18			
Council manages the waste management services wisely.	Percentage of satisfied or very satisfied residents with the overall performance of the waste management service.	Next survey 2018/19.	Not measured (2016/17: Not achieved - 70%)			
	Target: ≥ 80% satisfied or very satisfied.					
	Provide waste minimisation information and education programmes to households and schools to encourage the reduction in quantity of waste sent to landfill.  Target: Two programmes annually.	Council provided information (pamphlets) on request, to non-compliers, new bin allocations, Community education programmes provided by MSL. Over the last financial year MSL have taken five education programmes in the district. The Waimate District Council has also supported the "Love Food Hate Waste" campaign.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)			
	Reduce waste tonnage to landfill.  Target: ≤ 51% residual waste.	Residual waste = 53.4%  Note: Economic viability of recycling some materials has meant a reduction in recyclable product, and increase of refuse to landfill. There is potential that this percentage could still be reduced with more education around recycling within the district.	Not achieved (2016/17: Not achieved - 53.3%)			

### **Points of Interest**

Council signalled to the community that we are to investigate options around the waste management collection and further education to improve the way people recycle.

An audit has been undertaken on the composition of refuse collected in the kerb-side rubbish bins.



# Stormwater Drainage Group

### What is Stormwater Drainage and Why Do We Deliver It?

Council provides stormwater drainage systems for the removal of surface water following rainfall events for the safety and well being of the public.

	Stormwater Dra	inage — Community	y Outcomes and Rat	ionale Linkages
	Wealthy Community	Safe and Healthy People	Sustainable District and Environment	Active and Supportive Community
Outcome	A District that provides infrastructure for economic activity.	A place where people are safe in their homes, work and public spaces.	N/A	N/A
Rationale	Stormwater — the timely provision of utility services is essential to supporting growth.	Stormwater — flooding is adequately managed within urban areas.	Stormwater — we preserve the environment by ensuring the quality and quantity of discharges to the environment.	
Outcome		Our services, infrastructure and environment maintains quality of life.		
Rationale		Stormwater — we have reliable, efficient and well planned stormwater infrastructure that meet the needs of the community.		



# Funding Impact Statement - Stormwater Drainage for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 LTP Budget \$000	2017 LTP Budget \$000
Sources of operating funding General rates, UAGC and rates penalties Targeted rates	\$ 107	\$ 69	\$ 66
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered Interest and dividends from investments Local authority fuel tax, fines, infringement fees other	- - 6 -	- 15 -	- 15 -
Total sources of operating funding	113	84	81
Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications	28 - 35 -	57 - 7 -	42 - 6 -
Total applications of operating funding	63	64	48
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding	50	20	33
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase/(decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding	:	- 4 - - -	- 4 - - -
Total sources of capital funding	-	4	4
Applications of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand Capital expenditure - to improve level of service Capital expenditure - to replace existing assets Increase/(decrease) in reserves Increase/(decrease) in investments	- 11 - 39	- 160 - (136)	- 246 - (209)
Total applications of capital funding	50	24	37
Surplus/(deficit) of capital funding	(50)	(20)	(33)
Funding balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# Service Performance Statement - Stormwater Drainage Group for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018 Actual \$000	An	2018 Inual Plan \$000		2017 Actual \$000
Revenue						
General rates		\$ 107	\$	103	\$	86
Targeted rates		-		-		-
Revenue from activities		-		3		2
Other revenue		6		-		8
Total revenue		113		106		96
Expenditure						
Employee benefit expenses		-		-		-
Depreciation and amortisation		34		39		34
Finance expenses		2		9		-
Other expenses		61		64		49
Total expenditure		97		112		83
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$ 16	\$	(6)	\$	13
Capital Expenditure	Key					
Upgrade Manse Street/Harris Street	LOS	\$ -	\$	-	\$	24
Manse Street (Town Belt to Harris), New sumps	LOS	-		145		-
Consent and Management Plan	LOS	11		-		107
Total Capital Expenditure		\$ 11	\$	160	\$	131
Categories						
Meets additional demand	AD	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Improve level of performance/service	LOS	11		160		131
Replace existing assets	REP	-		-		-
		\$ 11	\$	160	\$	131
Kov. AD - Mosts additional demand LOC - Improve love		 /: DE	- n	D1	: _ 4:	

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Capital expenditure for the Manse/Harris Street upgrade has not been completed with the project still in progress.



# Stormwater Drainage

### What Do We Do Now?

We provide for the removal of surplus surface water resulting from heavy rainfall. The removal of surface water in urban catchments is by a piped stormwater drainage system and existing kerb and channel networks.

### Why Do We Do It?

Stormwater collection and disposal enables the roading network to function in rain events and protects people and property and minimises the effects on the environment. There is a community expectation that high environmental standards will be met.

### **How We Measure The Service Provided**

	Customer Pe	erformance Measure			
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18		
System adequacy. (M)	The number of flooding events that occur in a territorial district; and  For each flooding event, the number of habitable floors affected.  Target: Number of habitable floors affected is ≤ 1 per 1000 properties.	Number of habitable floors affected per 1000 properties = 0	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)		
Discharge compliance. (M)	Compliance with the territorial authority's resource consents for discharge from its stormwater system, measured by the number of: abatement notices; infringement notices; enforcement orders; and convictions received by the territorial authority in relation to those resource consents.  Target: Comply with resource consents	abatement notices: 0 infringement notices:0 enforcement orders: 0 convictions: 0	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)		
Response times. (M)	The median response time to attend a flooding event, measured from the time that the territorial authority receives notification to the time that service personnel reach the site.  Target: ≤ 180 minutes.	Median response time = 0:00 (h:mm)	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)		

Customer Performance Measure						
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18			
Customer Satisfaction. (M)	The number of complaints received by a territorial authority about the performance of its stormwater system, expressed per 1000 properties connected to the territorial authority's stormwater system.	Number of complaints per 1000 properties = 0.6	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)			
	Target: Number of complaints ≤ 2 complaints per 1000 properties.					
Council manages stormwater scheme wisely.	Percentage of satisfied or very satisfied residents with the overall performance of the stormwater service	Next survey 2018/19.	Not measured (2016/17: Achieved - 72%)			
	Target: 70% of urban residents satisfied or very satisfied.					
A reliable stormwater collection system is provided for	Continuous access to the service is provided with no blockages to the pipework measured by complaints	There where no blockages to the pipework.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)			
Waimate town.	Target: Nil complaints.					

### **Points of Interest**

Not only is drinking water under scrutiny by the Government, but also waste water and storm water. The investigation into a single regulatory authority for drinking water has includes waste water and storm water.



# Sewerage and Sewage Group

### What is Sewerage and Sewage and Why Do We Deliver It?

Council provides a piped sewer collection system, a sewage treatment plant and disposal system that safely removes sewage from urban homes and businesses in Waimate.

	Group: Sewerage and Sewage — Community Outcomes and Rationale Linkages							
	Wealthy Community	Safe and Healthy People	Sustainable District and Environment	Active and Supportive Community				
Outcome	A District that provides infrastructure for economic activity.	A place where people are safe in their homes, work and public spaces.	We value the natural environment, biodiversity and landscapes.	N/A				
Rationale	Sewerage and Sewage —the timely provision of utility services is essential to supporting growth.	Sewerage and Sewage — protects public health by ensuring a safe and viable sewage disposal system.	Sewerage and Sewage — we preserve the environment by ensuring the quality and quantity of discharges to the environment.					
Outcome		Our services, infrastructure and environment maintains quality of life.						
		Sewerage and Sewage — we have reliable, efficient and well planned sewerage infrastructure that meet the needs of the community.						



## Funding Impact Statement - Sewerage and Sewage for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 LTP Budget \$000	2017 LTP Budget \$000
Sources of operating funding			
General rates, UAGC and rates penalties	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Targeted rates	487	477	465
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	-	-
Fees and charges	2	1	1
Internal charges and overheads recovered	29	44	43
Interest and dividends from investments  Local authority fuel tax, fines, infringement fees other	12	3	3
		_	
Total sources of operating funding	530	525	512
Applications of operating funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	137	231	197
Finance costs	-	-	-
Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications	149	105	104
	<u>-</u>		
Total applications of operating funding	286	336	301
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding	244	189	211
Sources of capital funding			
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	_	_	_
Development and financial contributions	39	21	21
Increase/(decrease) in debt	-	-	-
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-
Other dedicated capital funding		-	-
Total sources of capital funding	39	21	21
Applications of capital funding			
Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand	5	_	_
Capital expenditure - to improve level of service	-	-	-
Capital expenditure - to replace existing assets	26	243	205
Increase/(decrease) in reserves	252	(33)	27
Increase/(decrease) in investments		-	-
Total applications of capital funding	283	210	232
Surplus/(deficit) of capital funding	(244)	(189)	(211)
Funding balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# **Service Performance Statement - Sewerage and Sewage Group** for the year ended 30 June 2018

Revenue         General rates       \$ - \$ - \$         Targeted rates       487 495         Revenue from activities       53 71         Other revenue       29 9         Total revenue       569 575    Expenditure	- 475 52 41 <b>568</b>
Targeted rates       487       495         Revenue from activities       53       71         Other revenue       29       9         Total revenue       569       575    Expenditure	52 41 <b>568</b>
Revenue from activities         53         71           Other revenue         29         9           Total revenue         569         575           Expenditure	52 41 568
Other revenue         29         9           Total revenue         569         575           Expenditure	568 -
Total revenue 569 575  Expenditure	568
Expenditure	-
·	- 193
	- 193
Employee benefit expenses	193
Depreciation and amortisation 207 208	
Finance expenses 52 68	55
Other expenses 235 254	184
Total expenditure 494 530	432
Operating Surplus/(deficit) \$ 75 \$ 45 \$	136
Capital Expenditure Key	
Mill Road sewer extension AD \$ 5 \$ - \$	464
Programmed renewals REP 26 210	16
Replace Aerator 2 REP - 33	-
Upgrade Allan St - King St REP	10
Total Capital Expenditure \$ 31 \$ 243 \$	490
Categories	
Meets additional demand AD \$ 5 \$ - \$	464
Improve level of performance/service LOS	
Replace existing assets REP 26 243	26
\$ 31 \$ 243 \$	490

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

#### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Other expenses have increased from Actual 2017 due to additional costs associated with St Andrews Wastewater consent and monitoring.

Capital expenditure - Some funding was reallocated to renew the WWTP screen and associated pipework. Funding also went towards the purchase of a new wet well sewer pump and the reconditioning of the older pump. Remaining funds will be diverted to wastewater mains replacements.

# Sewerage and Sewage

### What Do We Do Now?

Waimate District Council operates a wastewater collection and treatment system for the majority of the Waimate township. Some outlying areas of the Waimate township and the smaller towns of St Andrews, Makikihi, Studholme, Morven and Glenavy are not serviced. The treatment plant was upgraded in 2002/03 to include screen, oxidation and maturation ponds with the treated effluent going to a land disposal area before entering the general environment. The Waimate sewerage system comprises:

- · 34.4km of gravity sewer mains
- · 15km of gravity lateral connections
- 371 manholes, inspection pit, and cleaning eyes (combined total)
- · One treatment and disposal facility
- 4.8km of gravity stormwater pipes

It is Council policy to implement programmes for the relocation of wastewater disposal areas from riverbeds, wetlands or the margins of rivers, lakes and the coast and to implement programmes to reduce, and eventually cease, the discharge of waste from the Council's sewage reticulation and treatment systems into natural waters.

### Why Do We Do It?

Waimate District Council is required by statute — the Health Act 1956 and the Local Government Act 2002 — to protect the health of the community and the environment by collecting, treating and appropriately disposing of treated wastewater.

This assists expansion and development of the township by enabling smaller lot sizes and averages the cost of treating and disposing of the treated effluent across the broader community.

### How We Measure The Service Provided

Customer Performance Measure					
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18		
System and adequacy. (M)	The number of dry weather sewerage overflows from Council's sewerage system, expressed per 1000 sewerage connections to that sewerage system.  Target: ≤ 2 per 1000 connections.	Sewerage connections = 1730.  Number of dry weather sewerage overflows per 1000 connections = 1	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)		
Discharge compliance. (M)	Compliance with Council's resource consents for discharge from its sewerage system measured by the number of:		Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)		
	abatement notices;	Number of abatement notices = 0			
	infringement notices;	Number of infringement notices = 0			
	enforcement orders; and	Number of enforcement orders = 0			
	convictions,	Number of successful prosecutions = 0			
	received by Council in relation to those resource consents.	Council target (all enforcement actions) = 0			
	Target: Comply with resource consents				

	Customer Pe	erformance Measure		
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18	
Fault response times. (M)	Where council attends to sewerage overflows resulting from a blockage or other fault in Council's sewerage system, the following median response times measured: attendance time	Time to get to site = 1:13 (h:mm)  Time to resolve the problem = 2:52 (h:mm)	Not achieved (2016/17: Achieved) Achieved (2016/17:	
	Target: ≤ 60 minutes. resolution time Target: ≤ 12 hours.		Achieved)	
Customer satisfaction. (M)	The total number of complaints received by Council about any of the following:	Sewerage connections = 1730.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)	
	sewerage odour; sewerage system faults;	odour = $0/1730 = 0.58$ per 1000 connections. (1 unjustified)		
	sewerage system blockages; and	system faults = 2/1730 = 1.16 per 1000 connections. (1 unjustified)		
	the territorial authority's response to issues with its sewerage system,	system blockages = 2/1730 = 1.16 per 1000 connections. (4 unjustified) council response = 1/1730 = 0.58 per 1000		
	expressed per 1000 connections to Council's sewerage system.	Connections.  Total complaints = 5/1730 = 2.89 per 1000		
	Target: ≤ 5 complaints per 1000 connections.	connections.		
Council manages sewerage and schemes wisely	Percentage of satisfied or very satisfied residents with the overall performance of the sewerage service.  Next survey 2018/19.		Not measured (2016/17: Achieved - 95%)	
	Target: ≥ 80% satisfied or very satisfied.			
Sewerage connections are available upon request within the rateable area of the	Sewerage connections for 100% of applicants are completed within the rateable area of the sewerage network	100% of sewerage connections are available within the rateable area of the sewerage network.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved - 100%)	
sewerage network	Target: 100% connection	Suprainability of the Weimote severe	Achievad	
Council will manage community infrastructure in a strategic manner	Improve the sustainability of the Waimate sewerage scheme by conducting pipe investigation programme	Sustainability of the Waimate sewerage scheme continued by conducting pipe investigation through on-going CCTV studies.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)	
	Target: 2015/16, 2016/17 and 2018/19.			

### **Points of Interest**

Not only is drinking water under scrutiny by the Government, but also waste water and storm water. The investigation into a single regulatory authority for drinking water also includes waste water and storm water.

# Roading and Footpaths Group

### What is Roading and Why Do We Deliver It?

The Waimate District Council exists principally to supply core services that meet the needs of the community. The road network forms a backbone of Waimate's infrastructure and is vital for the economic viability and for potential development in the District.

The group involves the following activities:

#### **Roading and Footpaths**

Managing our road network includes providing and maintaining:

- · Road pavements sealed and unsealed; and
- Bridges; and
- · Drainage (culverts, concrete fords and surface water channels); and
- Footpaths; and Street lighting.

	Roading and Footpaths — Community Outcomes and Rationale Linkages						
	Wealthy Community	Safe and Healthy People	Sustainable District and Environment	Active and Supportive Community			
Outcome	A District that provides infrastructure for economic activity.	A place where people are safe in their homes, work and public spaces.	N/A	District assets that provide recreation and leisure choice.			
Rationale	Roads and Footpaths — we have reliable, efficient and well planned infrastructure that meet the needs of the community.	Roads and Footpaths — users are safe when using the District Transportation network.		Roads and Footpaths — roads and footpaths are an important element in both the residential and rural environment for physical exercise, leisure activities and social contact.			
Outcome		Our services, infrastructure and environment maintains quality of life.					
Rationale		Roads and Footpaths — we have reliable, efficient and well planned infrastructure that meet the needs of the community.					



# Funding Impact Statement - Roading for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 LTP Budget \$000	2017 LTP Budget \$000
Sources of operating funding General rates, UAGC and rates penalties Targeted rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges	\$ - 2,346 1,702	\$ - 2,385 925	\$ - 2,180 889 -
Internal charges and overheads recovered Interest and dividends from investments Local authority fuel tax, fines, infringement fees other	52 1 118	50 - 48	49 - 47
Total sources of operating funding	4,219	3,408	3,165
Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications	2,610 - 910 -	1,870 42 380	1,830 42 370
Total applications of operating funding	3,520	2,292	2,242
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding	699	1,116	923
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase/(decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding	1,261 - - - -	1,438 - (3) - -	1,634 - 397 - -
Total sources of capital funding	1,261	1,435	2,031
Applications of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand Capital expenditure - to improve level of service Capital expenditure - to replace existing assets Increase/(decrease) in reserves Increase/(decrease) in investments	380 2,056 (476)	366 2,131 54	815 2,087 52
Total applications of capital funding	1,960	2,551	2,954
Surplus/(deficit) of capital funding	(699)	(1,116)	(923)
Funding balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# Service Performance Statement - Roading Group for the year ended 30 June 2018

		Δ	Actual \$000	Ann	2016 nual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Revenue						
General rates		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Targeted rates			2,346		2,334	2,333
New Zealand Transport Agency Subsidy			2,962		2,656	2,292
Revenue from activities			120		65	110
Other revenue			7		-	22
Total revenue			5,435		5,055	4,757
Expenditure						
Employee benefit expenses			_		_	_
Roading expenses			3,155		2,182	2,342
Depreciation and amortisation			2,734		2,779	3,027
Finance expenses			28		31	46
Other expenses			292		298	190
Total expenditure			6,209		5,290	5,605
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$	(774)	\$	(235)	\$ (848)
Capital Expenditure	Key					
Minor improvements	LOS	\$	379	\$	340	\$ 380
Holme Station bridge replacement	LOS		-		482	25
Roading development	LOS		-		51	40
Resealing	REP		1,202		1,159	1,209
Drainage construction	REP		291		85	129
Concrete ford renewals	REP		-		25	-
Culvert replacements	REP		133		60	70
Kerb and channel renewal	REP		2		86	25
Pavement rehabilitation	REP		110		175	137
Structures component replacement	REP		152		260	29
Sign renewal	REP		60		52	43
Footpath renewal	REP		107		91	21
Minor improvements (not subsidised)	REP		-		25	19
Seal extensions	REP		-		51	15
Total Capital Expenditure		\$	2,436	\$	2,942	\$ 2,142
Categories						
Meets additional demand	AD	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Improve level of performance/service	LOS		379		873	445
Replace existing assets	REP		2,057		2,069	1,697
		\$	2,436	\$	2,942	\$ 2,142

2018

2018

2017

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

The New Zealand Transport Agency subsidy income exceeded LTP Budget and Actual 2017 due to an increased overall roading spend, including capital expenditure and emergency reinstatements.

Roading expenses exceeded the LTP Budget, and increased from Actual 2017, predominately due to emergency reinstatement works following a flood event (\$664,000 - partially subsidised by NZTA subsidy income). There was also increased expenditure on metalling of \$166,000 and drainage maintenance of \$100,000.

Depreciation expenses reduced from Actual 2017 following asset revaluations at 30 June 2017 and subsequent updated depreciation rates.

Capital expenditure - The Holme Station bridge replacement project was withdrawn due to detailed estimates exceeding budgets.

# Roading and Footpaths

#### What Do We Do Now?

The Waimate District Council is responsible for the day-to-day operation, maintenance, renewal and improvement of the District's local roading network, this excludes State Highways 1 and 82 which are managed by the New Zealand Transport Agency.

Council works with New Zealand Transport Agency and the Regional Transport Committee to meet its obligations with regard to roading and to be consistent with the Regional Land Transport Strategy.

#### Regular Tasks

- Sealed Roads: Pavement Maintenance, Reseal and Pavement Renewal.
- · Unsealed Roads: Grading and metalling.
- · Drainage: Maintenance and renewal of surface drains and culverts.
- Bridges: Maintenance and renewal of the Districts 182 bridges.
- Footpaths: Maintenance, cleaning and renewal of footpaths.
- Traffic Services: Maintenance and renewal of lighting, signs and pavement marking.
- Environmental Maintenance: Routine care and attention of the road corridor includes snow and ice control, vegetation control, removal of slips, litter and spillages.
- Network and Asset Management: Management and control of the road network and road assets. Includes bridge structural inspections and Road Assessment and Maintenance Management System (RAMM).

### Roading Assets — as at June 2018

Asset Description	Replacement Cost
Land	\$72,308,496
Formation	\$155,238,776
Unsealed Pavement Structure	\$38,098,140
Seal Pavement Structure	\$107,411,921
Sealed Pavement Surface	\$15,976,182
Bridges and Large Culverts	\$31,736,540
Drainage Culverts, & Fords	\$15,991,225
Surface Water Channels	\$11,617,828
Signs Street lights & Traffic Facilities	\$984,390
Footpath	\$6,256,665
Total Road Assets	\$455,890,163

Asset	Number	Lenght	
Length of Road	1373 kn		
Sealed Road	644 kn		
Unsealed Road	729 kr		
Bridges and Large Culverts	182	3362 m	
Culverts	344 38485 r		
Concrete Fords	77 1565 n		
Kerb and Channel	48244 m		
Signs	3047		
Street Lights	567		
Footpaths	59 km		

## Why Do We Do It?

Waimate District Council is defined under legislation as the "Road Controlling Authority" for the District's roads. As such it is required by law to control activities on roads, although Council may choose the service level at which it will maintain a road and whether or not to maintain or form a road with limited public benefit.

The purpose of road assets is to provide a sustainable, safe, convenient, comfortable and cost effective road network for the movement of people, goods and vehicles throughout the Waimate District.

### **How We Measure The Service Provided**

	Customer Pe	erformance Measure	
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory Result performance measure		Achievement 2017/18
Respond to customer complaints and requests in a timely manner. (M)	Reported maintenance related faults that are likely to affect driver behaviour (eg require evasive action or reduction in speed) will be responded to within two working days.	Apart from those that occurred in the Flooding Event on 21 July. Council received 2 complaint which were responded to within 2 days.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)
	Target: 100% of reports responded to within two working days.		
	Customer complaints and service requests are responded to within five working days.	407 complaints and service requests were received 405 and responded to within five working days = 99.5%	Not achieved (2016/17: Achieved)
	Target: 100% of reports responded to within five working days.		
Provide a safe transport environment. (M)	The change from the previous financial year in the number of fatalities and serious injury crashes on the local road network, expressed as a number.	2016/17 serious injuries and fatalities = 5 2017/18 serious injuries and fatalities = 7 Change = +1	Not Achieved (2016/17: Not achieved)
	Target: reduction in number of fatalities and serious injuries.		
Provide well maintained footpaths and cycleways. (M)	Compliance with the footpath prioritisation model.  Target: < 7km non-compliant	4.6km non-compliant.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)
cycleways. (ivi)	The percentage of footpaths within a territorial authority's district that fall within the level of service or service standard for the condition of footpaths that is set out in the Roading Asset Management Plan.	94% of footpaths with a condition rating of 1-3.	Achieved. (2016/17: Achieved)
	Target: 92% of footpaths with a condition rating of 1-3.		
Adequate resurfacing of the seal road network is completed. (M)	Percentage of sealed network resurfaced.  Target: ≥ 4.5% of network resurfaced.	Percentage of sealed network resurfaced = 6.2%.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved - 5.6%)
Provide quality roads and footpaths. (M)	The average quality of ride on a sealed local road network, measured by smooth travel exposure.	Smooth travel exposure = 95%.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved - 96%)
	Target: 94%.		

Customer Performance Measure						
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18			
Provide quality roads and footpaths.	Percentage of customers satisfied with roads and footpaths.	Next survey 2018/19.	Roads: Not measured (2016/17: Not			
	Target Roads: 75% satisfied.		achieved - 67%)			
	Target Footpaths: 60% satisfied.		Footpaths: Not measured			
			(2016/17: Achieved - 61%)			

### **Points of Interest**

The 2015-18 National Land Transport Programme (NLTP) has been completed. The operation and renewal of the roading network received financial assistance from the New Zealand Transport Agency at a subsidy rate of 56% for the base programme and 76% for flood damage.

Council's Roading Activity Management Plan has been updated and enhanced to support our funding bid for the 2018-21 NLTP. NZ Transport Agency Board (NZTA) has indicative investment of our maintenance and renewal programme will increase 24% to \$14,247,000 on our current (2015-18) NLTP maintenance and renewal 3-year programme of \$11,500,000. The Financial Assistance Rate (FAR) will increase from 57% to 60%.NZTA has also signalled that footpath maintenance as now being eligible for NLTF funding.

Major rain storm caused wide spread damage to the roading network on 21 July 2017. Rain was especially heavy rain in the lower Hakataramea Valley. The Hakataramea River peaked at 712 cumecs, which is in excess of a 20 year annual recurrence interval (ARI) flood. The damage has been repaired for a cost of \$645,000.



## Property and Investments Group

### What is Property and Investments and Why Do We Deliver It?

This group of activities encompasses Council's investment portfolio and Council owned property used largely for running its operations and to provide community facilities.

The group involves the following activities:

### **Forestry**

A portfolio of forestry assets.

#### **Investments and Finance**

• Management of Council's share holdings and Council's internal and external cash flows.

### **Property**

A collection of land and buildings, mainly owned by Council.

	Property and Investments — Community Outcomes and Rationale Linkages								
	Wealthy Community	Safe and Healthy People	Sustainable District and Environment	Active and Supportive Community					
Outcome	A District that provides infrastructure for economic activity.	Our services, infrastructure and environment maintains quality of life.	N/A	N/A					
		<b>Property</b> — affordable community housing is provided.							
		<b>Property</b> — we have reliable and efficient infrastructure that meets the needs of the community.							
Rationale		Property — we have reliable and efficient property management that meets the needs of residents and Council.							



# Funding Impact Statement - Property and Investments as at 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 LTP Budget \$000	2017 LTP Budget \$000
Sources of operating funding General rates, UAGC and rates penalties Targeted rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered	\$ (580) 325 84 - 697	\$ 78 374 21 - 531	\$ 76 370 20 - 522
Interest and dividends from investments Local authority fuel tax, fines, infringement fees other	525 793	586 270	585 263
Total sources of operating funding	1,844	1,860	1,836
Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications	464 114 729	576 216 508	561 217 488
Total applications of operating funding	1,307	1,300	1,266
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding	537	560	570
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase/(decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding	- (68) - -	- (15) - - -	- (14) - -
Total sources of capital funding	(68)	(15)	(14)
Applications of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand Capital expenditure - to improve level of service Capital expenditure - to replace existing assets Increase/(decrease) in reserves Increase/(decrease) in investments	87 12 370	- - 19 526	200 13 343
Total applications of capital funding	469	545	556
Surplus/(deficit) of capital funding	(537)	(560)	(570)
Funding balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

## Service Performance Statement - Property and Investments Group for the year ended 30 June 2018

			2018 Actual \$000		2018 Inual Plan \$000		2017 Actual \$000
Revenue							
General rates		\$	(671)	\$	(632)	\$	(766)
Civic Amenities rates			108		`109 <sup>°</sup>		` 98 <sup>´</sup>
Targeted rates			216		213		212
Grants and Subsidies			-		-		-
Revenue from activities			2,051		1,586		2,158
Other revenue			520		470		2,512
Total revenue			2,224		1,746		4,214
Expenditure							
Employee benefit expenses			37		36		-
Depreciation and amortisation			386		346		323
Finance expenses			610		448		490
Other expenses			1,177		860		1,235
Total expenditure			2,210		1,690		2,048
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$	14	\$	56	\$	2,166
Capital Expenditure	Key						
Local Government Centre - Blinds	REP	\$	_	\$	3	\$	_
Local Government Centre - Vinyl	REP	Ψ	_	Ψ.	5	Ψ	_
Local Government Centre - Sundry purchases	REP		2		5		_
Local Government Centre - Floor coverings	REP		-		-		-
Council Property - Reseal Michael Street yard	REP		9		10		-
Council Property - Tennant St dwelling	REP		2		-		8
Community Housing - Replacement stoves	REP		-		3		-
Community Housing - Hot water cylinders	REP		-		5		-
Community Housing - Bathroom upgrade	REP		-		-		16
Public Toilets - Waimate town (new)	LOS		<b>-</b>		200		-
Public Toilets - Victoria Park Playground	LOS		44		-		31
Waimate Event Centre - Refurbishment	LOS		-		-		330
Waimate Event Centre - IT and CCTV equipment Waimate Event Centre - Stormwater installation	LOS LOS		-		-		18 55
Waimate Event Centre - Stormwater installation Waimate Event Centre - Internal fitout (WDCF Funds)	LOS		39		-		164
Waimate Event Centre - Miscellaneous purchases	LOS		4		-		-
·		\$	99	\$	231	\$	622
Categories							
Meets additional demand	AD	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Improve level of performance/service	LOS		86		200		598
Replace existing assets	REP		13		31		24

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Refer to the attached Service Performance Statements for Forestry, Investments and Finance, and Property for explanation of variances.

### Forestry

### What Do We Do Now?

Waimate District Council has a unique mix of forestry assets.

The three distinct forest entities are:

- 1. Joint Venture Forests, where the Waimate District Council owns a varying share of the tree crop; and
- 2. Waihao Forest, where land and trees are owned; and
- 3. Reserve forests which are scattered throughout the District, where the District trees are owned and the land either owned or occupied.

The forest area as at 10 June 2018:

Forest	Stocked Area (ha)	Awaiting Replant	Total
Reserves	48.9	8.0	56.9
Joint Venture	4.0	0	4.0
Waihao	103.3	0	103.3
All Forests	156.2	8.0	164.2

### Why Do We Do It?

Forestry is a form of investment capable of adding dollar value to Council via harvested sales and gain on growth.

## Service Performance Statement - Forestry for the year ended 30 June 2018

Revenue
General rates
Targeted rates
Revenue from activities
Other revenue
Total revenue
Expenditure
Employee benefit expenses
Depreciation and amortisation
Finance expenses
Other expenses
Total expenditure
Operating Surplus/(deficit)
Significant variations from Long Torm Plan

2018 Actual \$000	Actual Annual Plan	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
660 27	133 33	397 20
687	166	417
-	-	-
34 259	16 85	29 366
293	101	395
\$ 394	\$ 65	\$ 22

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Revenue from activities exceeded the LTP Budget and Actual 2017 due to the harvesting of one Joint Venture forest block (\$180,000 above budget). The annual forest valuation resulted in gains on growth exceeding the LTP budget

Other expenses exceeded the LTP Budget due to costs of harvesting (\$123,000).

### Investments and Finance

### What Do We Do Now?

Council's Investments and Finance function serves three major objectives:

- Managing Council's annual cash flow cycle, in order to ensure there are always adequate current account bank funds to meet monthly commitments, whilst also maximising opportunities to invest surplus monies on call to gain interest earnings.
- 2. Managing Council's relationship with Council's principal bankers to ensure that when Council needs to borrow funds that adequate funds are available.
- 3. Managing Council's other financial assets, principally Council's share holding in Alpine Energy Ltd.

### Why Do We Do It?

To ensure the smooth functioning of receipt of Council revenues and paying of Council expenses, and to maximise interest earned on current account throughout the annual cash flow cycle.

To provide for longer term Council borrowing which may be necessary for long term projects and capital expenditures.

## **Service Performance Statement - Investments and Finance** for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 Annual Pla \$000	ın	2017 Actual \$000
Revenue				
General rates	\$ (729)	\$ (68	37)	\$ (806)
Targeted rates	46	4	18	47
Revenue from activities	616	82	27	702
Other revenue	421	4	14	452
Total revenue	354	60	)2	395
Expenditure				
Employee benefit expenses	-		-	-
Depreciation and amortisation	-		-	-
Finance expenses	411	27	77	367
Other expenses	358	15	54	120
Total expenditure	769	43	31	487
Operating Surplus/(deficit)	\$ (415)	\$ 17	71	\$ (92)

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

General Rates for Investments and Finance are intended to equate Revenue (exclusive of Rates Penalties) and Expenditure initially from a budget perspective. With a surplus of revenue this generally results in negative rates income for this activity. The 2018 financial year General Rates were lower than Actual 2017 predominately due to a reduction in reliance on Dividend income to reduce the overall rates requirement.

Revenue from Activities were lower than LTP Budget and Actual 2017 predominately due to dividend revenue recognition.

Other Revenue exceeded the LTP Budget and Actual 2017 predominately due to internal interest revenue received. This increased revenue is offset by reduced internal interest expense within Finance expenses.

Finance expenses have exceeded the LTP Budget and Actual 2017 predominately due to interest revenue charged on internal loans (referred to above), plus external interest on loans.

Other expenses includes an impairment of \$250,000 for the Hunter Downs Investment shares, therefore expenditure has exceeded the LTP Budget and Actual 2017.

### **Property**

### What Do We Do Now?

We manage a variety of properties for community use - mainly community venues, public toilets, Council administration buildings and community housing.

Property consists of land and buildings.

### Why Do We Do It?

We provide community venues because they offer an environment for a diverse range of social, cultural and community based activities, including sports, arts and theatre. We provide public toilets to safeguard public health and ensure they are physically accessible, cleaned and maintained to an appropriate standard.

We provide community housing to cater for low income, aged residents on the basis of zero cost to rate payers.

### **How We Measure The Service Provided**

Customer Performance Measure						
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18			
Council provides community housing at a cost to tenants which is equal to or less than market rental.	Each year Council will obtain a written report from a qualified Waimate real estate agent identifying market rental value of housing stock equivalent to Council's community housing configuration.	The rental charge is equal to or less than the market rent as at July 2018.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)			
	Target: Rental charge is equal to or less than market rental.					
Council maintains toilets throughout the District to a high standard.	69% of residents are satisfied or very satisfied with the standard of toilet facilities in our District.	Next survey 2018/19.	Not measured (2016/17: Not achieved - 61%)			
	Target: 69% satisfied or very satisfied.					
Council maintains community and corporate buildings at a safe standard.	The following properties will be subject to monthly internal control checks and will achieve building warrant of fitness: Waimate Local Government Centre building (including library), Waimate Regent Theatre and Waimate Event Centre.	Monthly internal control checks completed and awaiting BEOF to be issued on Council's specified buildings.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)			
	Target: Building warrants of fitness in place.					

### **Points of Interest**

The Waimate Event Centre is well utilised, which is evident with the increase of patronage. We are excited to see new hirers in both the sports and meeting room areas.

The last sections in the Eric Batchelor Place subdivision were sold, creating an additional 22 ratepayers.

Upgrading of public toilets at the Victoria Park playground.

### **Service Performance Statement - Property** for the year ended 30 June 2018

			2018 Actual \$000	2018 Annual Plan \$000		2017 Actual \$000
Revenue						
General rates		\$	58	\$ 55	\$	40
Civic Amenities rates		Ф	108	\$ 55 109	Ф	98
Targeted rates			170	165		165
Grants and Subsidies			-	103		103
Revenue from activities			775	626		1,059
Other revenue			72	23		2,040
Total revenue			1,183	978		3,402
Total Tovollad			.,	0.0		
Expenditure						
Employee benefit expenses			37	36		_
Depreciation and amortisation			386	346		323
Finance expenses			165	155		94
Other expenses			560	621		749
Total expenditure			1,148	1,158		1,166
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$	35	\$ (180)	\$	2,236
Capital Expenditure	Key					
Local Government Centre - Blinds	REP	\$	_	\$ 3	\$	_
Local Government Centre - Vinyl	REP		-	5		-
Local Government Centre - Sundry purchases	REP		2	5		-
Local Government Centre - Floor coverings	REP		-	-		-
Council Property - Reseal Michael Street yard	REP		9	10		-
Council Property - Tennant St dwelling	REP		2	-		8
Community Housing - Replacement stoves	REP		-	3		-
Community Housing - Hot water cylinders	REP		-	5		-
Community Housing - Bathroom upgrade	REP		-	-		16
Public Toilets - Waimate town (new)	LOS			200		-
Public Toilets - Victoria Park Playground	LOS		44	-		31
Waimate Event Centre - Refurbishment	LOS		-	-		330
Waimate Event Centre - IT and CCTV equipment	LOS		-	-		18
Waimate Event Centre - Stormwater installation	LOS		- 20	-		55 164
Waimate Event Centre - Internal fitout (WDCF Funds) Waimate Event Centre - Miscellaneous purchases	LOS LOS		39 4	_		164 -
Total Capital Expenditure		\$	99	\$ 231	\$	622
				, <u>-</u>		

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Revenue from Activities includes community donations for the Waimate Event Centre. Actual 2018 included \$84,000 of community donations (Actual 2017 \$272,000). Also included in Revenue from activities are the sale of sections at Eric Batchelor Place (Actual 2018 \$169,000 : LTP Budget \$nil: Actual 2017 \$289,000).

Other Revenue for Actual 2017 included recognition of \$1.9m income in relation to the vesting of assets at the Waimate Event Centre.

Depreciation charges are favourable compared to LTP Budget following building revaluations which were applied from 1 July 2015.

Other expenses have reduced compared to Actual 2017 predominately due to the cost of sections sold at Eric Batchelor Place (Actual 2018 \$144,000 : Actual 2017 \$255,000).

## Parks and Recreation Group

### What is Parks and Recreation and Why Do We Deliver It?

This group includes infrastructure to allow people to join together in sporting, social and cultural events and enjoy the outdoors. It also includes burial facilities which fulfils a social and cultural need in the community.

The group involves the following activities:

### Camping

• A mix of camping grounds to meet the recreation and leisure needs of our community and visitors to the District.

#### Cemeteries

• Provision of burial facilities that meet the needs of the community.

#### **Parks and Public Spaces**

• A mix of parks and reserve facilities throughout the District.

#### **Swimming**

• Provision of a public swimming pool to promote community wellbeing.

	Parks and Recr	eation — Communit	v Outcomes and Rat	tionale Linkages
	Wealthy Community	Safe and Healthy People	Sustainable District and Environment	Active and Supportive Community
Outcome	A District that provides infrastructure for economic activity.	A place where people are safe in their homes, work and public spaces.	We value the natural environment, biodiversity and landscapes.	District assets that provide recreation and leisure choice.
Rationale		Parks and Public Spaces, Swimming — users feel safe when using the facilities at Council's parks and recreation facilities.		Camping — reserves, public open spaces and facilities are an important element in both the residential and rural environment for physical exercise, leisure activities and social contact.
Outcome		Our services, infrastructure and environment maintains quality of life.		
Rationale		Camping, Cemeteries, Parks and Public Spaces, Swimming — we have reliable, efficient and well planned infrastructure that meet the needs of the community.		

# Funding Impact Statement - Parks and Recreation for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018	2018	2017
	Actual \$000	LTP Budget \$000	LTP Budget \$000
Sources of operating funding General rates, UAGC and rates penalties Targeted rates	\$ - 756	\$ - 792	\$ - 711
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges	4 390	323 112	315 112
Internal charges and overheads recovered Interest and dividends from investments Local authority fuel tax, fines, infringement fees other	97 2 88	93	90
Total sources of operating funding	1,337	1,320	1,228
Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs	1,203	883	866 -
Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications	(86)	126 -	122
Total applications of operating funding	1,117	1,009	988
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding	220	311	240
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions		-	-
Increase/(decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions	-	- - -	-
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	-
Total sources of capital funding	-	-	-
Applications of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand		-	-
Capital expenditure - to improve level of service	-	405	-
Capital expenditure - to replace existing assets Increase/(decrease) in reserves	293 (73)	425 (114)	158 82
Increase/(decrease) in investments	-	-	-
Total applications of capital funding	220	311	240
Surplus/(deficit) of capital funding	(220)	(311)	(240)
Funding balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

### Service Performance Statement - Parks and Recreation Group for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018 Actual \$000	Annı	018 ual Plan 6000	2017 Actual \$000
Revenue					
General rates		\$ _	\$	_	\$ _
Civic Amenities rates		757		758	670
Targeted rates		-		-	-
Revenue from activities		482		412	500
Other revenue		99		59	298
Total revenue		1,338		1,229	1,468
Expenditure					
Employee benefit expenses		106		86	80
Depreciation and amortisation		268		328	219
Finance expenses		16		10	14
Other expenses		994		878	967
Total expenditure		1,384		1,302	1,280
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$ (46)	\$	(73)	\$ 188
Capital Expenditure	Key				
Waitaki Lakes - Water pipes investigation/replace	REP	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 27
Waitaki Lakes - Water monitoring system	REP	1		1	-
Waitaki Lakes - Signage	REP	-		4	-
St Andrews Camping - Upgrade power sites	REP	-		-	16
St Andrews Camping - Miscellaneous Victoria Park - Upgrade cabins	REP REP	13		-	2 18
Victoria Park - Opgrade cabins Victoria Park - Appliances	REP	3		5	2
Knottingley Park - Miscellaneous	REP	-		-	2
Replace tip truck	REP	_		_	46
Upgrade workshop / office / toilet	REP	7		-	33
Morven Reserve - Domain electrical points	REP	-		4	-
Morven Reserve - Relocate playground	REP	1		5	-
Victoria park - Mower replacement	REP	-		61	16
Victoria park - Parks officer motor vehicle	REP	30		_	-
Victoria park - Sundry plant	REP	8		7	6
Victoria park - Repair asphalt in works yard Victoria park - Repair asphalt, playground carpark	REP REP	-		5 2	-
Victoria park - Restain cycle track oval fence	REP	_		9	_
Victoria park - Replace Ausplay, playground	REP	209		47	-
Knottingley park - Driveway upgrade	REP	3		· ·	_
Knottingley park - Replace see saws	REP	1		_	5
Urban Reserves - Playground safety matting	REP	_		14	-
Pool Cover replacement	REP	-		-	20
Upgrade Mens changing rooms	REP	-		-	23
Other - Plant and equipment	REP	6		-	12
Heating system replacement	REP	10		243	-
		\$ 292	\$	406	\$ 228
Categories					
Meets additional demand	AD	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Improve level of performance/service	LOS	-		<u>-</u>	<b>-</b>
Replace existing assets	REP	292		406	228
Key: ΔD = Meets additional demand LOS = Improve level		\$ 292	\$	406	\$ 228

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Refer to the attached Service Performance Statements for Camping, Cemeteries, Parks and Public Spaces, and Swimming for explanation of variances.

### Camping

### What Do We Do Now?

Council operated camping grounds and cabins:

- Victoria Park is located on Naylor Street, Waimate, five minutes walk from the centre of town.
- Tennant Street Camp Facility, Waimate, is located adjacent to Victoria Park.
- Knottingley Park Motor Camp is located on Waihao Back Road, 2km from the town centre.
- St Andrews Reserve is located on State Highway 1, St Andrews.
- · Morven Domain is located on Donald Street, Morven.
- Waitaki Lakes Reserves are located on Lake Aviemore and Lake Waitaki, 90km from Waimate. There are camping sites at Briars Gully, Te Aka, Waitangi East, Waitangi West and Fisherman's Bend and other areas of camping along the shoreline.

### Why Do We Do It?

To provide and maintain camping grounds to meet the recreation and leisure needs of local residents and visitors to the District. To allow camping in essentially wilderness spaces of Waitaki Lakes to be safe and hygienic.

### How We Measure The Service Provided

Customer Performance Measure						
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18			
Provide quality	Less than five complaints	Two complaints in total for the year.	Achieved			
camping facilities.	about camping facilities not well maintained or tidy.		(2016/17: Not achieved)			
	Target: < five complaints per year.					
Camping facilities	80% of customers are	Next survey 2018/19.	Not measured			
are provided that meet user needs.	satisfied or very satisfied with camping facilities.		(2016/17: Achieved - 86%)			
	Target: 80% satisfied or very satisfied.					

### **Points of Interest**

Interior upgrading in the Tennant Street cabins was undertaken. Fireproof ceilings, painting, new lighting and new beds and bunks.



## **Service Performance Statement - Camping for the year ended 30 June 2018**

		2018	2018	2017
		Actual \$000	Annual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Revenue				
General rates		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Targeted rates		-	-	-
Revenue from activities		317	263	318
Other revenue		43	22	40
Total revenue		360	285	358
Expenditure				
Employee benefit expenses		50	26	31
Depreciation and amortisation		87	99	83
Finance expenses		9	8	9
Other expenses		184	179	190
Total expenditure		330	312	313
Operating Surplus/(deficit)	_	\$ 30	\$ (27)	\$ 45
0 11 15 11				
	ey			
		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	EP	1	1 4	-
5 5	REP REP	-	4	16
- 1 3 -13 1	EP	_	_	2
- 1 3	EP	13	_	18
	REP	3	5	2
Knottingley Park - Miscellaneous F	REP	-	-	2
Total Capital Expenditure		\$ 17	\$ 10	\$ 67

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Revenue from Activities has exceeded the LTP Budget due to increased camping fees revenue.



### Cemeteries

### What Do We Do Now?

There are nine cemeteries in the Waimate District.

- The two active Council operated cemeteries are in Otaio (0.3495 ha), and Waimate (4.514 ha). Hakataramea area, Esk Valley and Waihao Downs cemeteries are run by community boards.
- Glenavy (0.3462 ha) and Morven (0.814 ha) cemeteries are closed for interments but are maintained by the Council.
- There are two Maori cemeteries (Urupa) at Te Huruhuru Road near Waimate and Waihao Marae where burial may be permitted upon application to Te Runanga O Waihao.

Burial records are maintained by Council for the Otaio and Waimate cemeteries to assist relatives and genealogical research.

### Why Do We Do It?

Local Authorities are required through the Burial and Cremation Act 1964 to provide cemeteries for their communities. To provide an interment facility to service the need of the community.

### How We Measure The Service Provided

Customer Performance Measure						
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/17			
Provide quality cemetery facilities.	80% of community are satisfied or very satisfied with cemeteries facilities and services.  Target: 80%	Next survey 2018/19	Not measured (2015/16: Not achieved - 74%)			
	Less than five complaints per year about cemetery facilities.  Target: < five complaints.	One complaint in total for the year.	Achieved (2015/16: Achieved)			

### **Points of Interest**

Remedial work was carried out on sunken graves by topping up with soil and sowing grass.



## Service Performance Statement - Cemeteries for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018 Actual \$000	2018 Annual PI \$000	an	<b>2017</b> Actual \$000
Revenue					
General rates		\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Civic Amenities rates		33		33	39
Revenue from activities		45		46	43
Other revenue		2		-	-
Total revenue		80		79	82
Expenditure					
Employee benefit expenses		-		-	-
Depreciation and amortisation		13		11	3
Finance expenses		4		2	1
Other expenses		83		76	72
Total expenditure		100		89	76
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$ (20)	\$ (	(10)	\$ 6
Capital Expenditure	Key				
Replace tip truck	REP	\$ -	\$	_	\$ 46
Upgrade workshop / office / toilet	REP	7		-	33
Total Capital Expenditure		\$ 7	\$	-	\$ 79
Var. AD - Masta additional demand I OC - Impres	laval of manfarma	 /aamiiaa DE	D = Doples		 a cooto

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025



### Parks and Public Spaces

### What Do We Do Now?

Maintain and develop Council owned facilities being;

#### **Formal and Recreational Parks**

In Waimate they consist of:

- Victoria Park:
- Knottingley Park;
- · Manchester Park; and
- Internal propagation and display; Glasshouse showhouse; and Nursery/small glasshouse.

**Victoria Park** comprises of animal and bird enclosures, barbecue area, annual show display, plants and shrubberies, sports facilities for netball, outdoor bowls, cycling and athletics as well as facilities for other local community organisations eg Scouts.

Under **internal propagation and display** Council undertakes plant rearing and propagation for annual garden displays in the town and at Victoria Park; while a show house display exists at Victoria Park. There are up to 30,000 plants.

The main formal recreational tree park is in **Knottingley Park**, Waihao Back Road, Waimate, 2 km from the town centre. The 33.59 ha have been extensively planted species of trees and attracts the attention of many visitors. A new parcel of land in Horgans Road has recently been added. A voluntary organisation — Friends of Knottingley Park — also assist in the maintenance and development of the park. Knottingley Park hosts equestrian events and cricket.

Manchester Park is the main sporting ground for playing rugby and touch rugby in both winter and summer.

#### **Rural Reserves**

 Intersection of SH1 and SH82 — visually attractive roadsides and walkways; Wilderness Reserves; and Centrewood Park.

This includes thresholds to townships of St Andrews, Makikihi, Glenavy and Waimate. Totara forests at Maori Cemetery at Point Bush Road and reserves at William Street, Gorge Road and Railway Terrace.

#### **Rural Recreational Reserves**

• Morven — farming; Waihaorunga; Glenavy; Hunter; St Andrews; and Studholme.

The rural recreational reserves are all self sufficient domains maintained by local committees.

#### **Urban Reserves**

 Boland Park; Seddon Square; and General urban reserves (includes Gretna Green, Event Centre site, Town Belt, Cameron Street and Wilkin Street etc).

Urban reserves, used for fairs and festivals, playgrounds and picnics, are situated in the centre of Waimate township.

It is Council policy to maintain and enhance public access to the District's public forests and significant waterways, wetlands and coastal areas, having regard to their traditional importance as mahika kai.

### Why Do We Do It?

Waimate District Council provide these reserves for recreational and leisure purposes for the Waimate community and visitors to the District. Community pride and public expectation is that Council continues to provide these reserves.



### **How We Measure The Service Provided**

Customer Performance Measure						
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18			
Provide quality facilities.	80% of customers are satisfied or very satisfied with Parks and Public facilities, that have used them in the last year.  Target: 80% satisfied or very satisfied.	Next survey 2018/19.	Not measured (2016/17: Achieved - 97%)			
Safe playgrounds are provided.	All Council playgrounds are assessed against appropriate New Zealand Safety Standards.  Target: 100%	No licensed playground assessor has been available to give a rating. However a Code of Compliance has been issued for the new playground in Victoria Park.	Not achieved (2016/17: Not measured)			

### **Points of Interest**

A new playground was installed in Victoria Park with safety surfacing to comply with New Zealand standards (NZ5828.2015).

Seesaw and a junior double slide was added to the Knottingley Park Playground.

An Arborist was engaged to prune out dead and damaged branches within Knottingley Park.



## **Service Performance Statement - Parks and Public Spaces** for the year ended 30 June 2018

			2018	2018	2017
			Actual \$000	Annual Plan \$000	Actual \$000
Revenue					
General rates		\$	_	\$ -	\$ -
Civic Amenities rates		·	547	548	506
Revenue from activities			92	78	118
Other revenue			45	28	247
Total revenue			684	654	871
Expenditure					
Employee benefit expenses			12	10	3
Depreciation and amortisation			136	150	102
Finance expenses			3	-	4
Other expenses			609	528	602
Total expenditure			760	688	711
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$	(76)	\$ (34)	\$ 160
Capital Expenditure	Key				
Morven Reserve - Hall painting	REP	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Morven Reserve - Domain electrical points	REP		-	4	-
Morven Reserve - Relocate playground	REP		1	5	-
Victoria park - Mower replacement	REP		-	61	16
Victoria park - Parks officer motor vehicle	REP		30	-	-
Victoria park - Sundry plant	REP		8	7	6
Victoria park - Repair asphalt in works yard	REP REP		-	5 2	-
Victoria park - Repair asphalt, playground carpark Victoria park - Restain cycle track oval fence	REP		_	9	-
Victoria park - Replace Ausplay, playground	REP		209	47	_
Knottingley park - Driveway upgrade	REP		3	-	_
Knottingley park - Replace see saws	REP		1	_	5
Urban Reserves - Playground safety matting	REP		-	14	-
Total Capital Expenditure		\$	252	\$ 153	\$ 27

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Other Revenue for Actual 2017 included recognition of income of \$202,000 in relation to the vesting of assets at Boland Park (Skatepark and Gym Equipment).

Other expenses have reduced from the LTP Budget and Actual 2017 due to reduced allocations of internal resources



### **Swimming**

### What Do We Do Now?

The Norman Kirk Memorial Swimming Pool is a memorial to the late Prime Minister Norman Kirk, who was born in Waimate. It was opened in November 1978 and is located at the south end of Queen Street, Waimate. It is a six-lane pool, 33.3 metres long, set in a 0.28 ha enclosure. The pool is outdoors, heated, landscaped and has a canteen.

The swimming pool is generally open from Labour weekend to mid March. The average temperature is 24-30°C. There are sessions to cater for lane swimmers, children, swimming clubs, fitness classes and schools.

### Why Do We Do It?

The Council provision of a large, heated swimming pool contributes to community outcomes by providing a means of recreation and physical exercise for the community and visitors. Learning to swim is important to people's safety.

### How We Measure The Service Provided

Customer Performance Measure						
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18			
Safe swimming facilities are provided to public.	All safety incidents relating to the Swimming Pool are reported and responded to within two hours.  Target: Report and response time ≤ two hours.	All reports filed within two hours.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)			
	All serious incidents are responded to immediately.  Target: 100% immediate response.	No serious incidents reported.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)			
Provide quality pool facilities.	85% of customers are satisfied or very satisfied with swimming pool facilities.  Target: 85% satisfied or very satisfied.	Next survey 2018/19.	Not Measured (2016/17: Achieved - 90%)			

#### **Points of Interest**

A large inflatable monster was purchased for the enjoyment of children aged 15 years and under. Both women's and men's changing rooms flooring have had a covering of Allnex Terraflake applied.



## Service Performance Statement - Swimming for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018 Actual \$000	An	2018 Inual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000
Revenue					
General rates		\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Civic Amenities rates		177		177	125
Revenue from activities		28		25	21
Other revenue		9		9	11
Total revenue		214		211	157
Expenditure					
Employee benefit expenses		44		50	46
Depreciation and amortisation		32		68	31
Finance expenses		-		-	-
Other expenses		 118		95	103
Total expenditure		194		213	180
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$ 20	\$	(2)	\$ (23)
Capital Expenditure	Key				
Pool Cover replacement	REP	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 20
Upgrade Mens changing rooms	REP	-		-	23
Other - Plant and equipment	REP	6		-	12
Heating system replacement	REP	10		243	-
Total Capital Expenditure		\$ 16	\$	243	\$ 55

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Civic Amenities rates income has increased from Actual 2017 due to an expected increase in Depreciation and amortisation expenses, following the expected capital expenditure on the Heating System replacement.

Depreciation and amortisation expenses were below LTP and Annual Plan budgets due to the Heating System capital project not being completed.

## Organisation and Governance Group

### What is Organisation and Governance and Why do we do it?

Through this group of activities the elected Council help the community contribute to Council plans and processes and then make decisions on the community's behalf. These decisions help ensure that the Council is contributing towards improving the social, cultural, economic and environmental wellbeing of the District's communities.

The group involves the following activities:

#### **Community Representation**

Elected members perform a governance role.

#### Strategy

• To plan for the future of the Waimate District.

### **Managing Services**

• The organisational support functions that help Council provide its activities in the most efficient and effective manner.

	Organisation and Governance — Community Outcomes and Rationale Linkages							
	Wealthy Community	Safe and Healthy People	Sustainable District and Environment	Active and Supportive Community				
Outcome	N/A	Our services, infrastructure and environment maintains quality of life.	N/A	People participate in our democratic process.				
		Managing Services		Community Representation — we encourage and value community feedback.				
Rationale	— we provide reliable information on Council services.			Community Representation — we have a reliable and effective governance group that meet the needs of the community.				



# Funding Impact Statement - Organisation and Governance for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 LTP Budget \$000	2017 LTP Budget \$000
Sources of operating funding General rates, UAGC and rates penalties Targeted rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	\$ 563 935	\$ 529 868	\$ 512 845
Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered Interest and dividends from investments Local authority fuel tax, fines, infringement fees other	3,178 - 126	2,094 - 13	2,033 - 13
Total sources of operating funding	4,802	3,504	3,403
Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications	3,547 - 943 -	2,658 - 833 -	2,547 - 807
Total applications of operating funding	4,490	3,491	3,354
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding	312	13	49
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase/(decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding	- - 15 -	- - - - -	- - - - -
Total sources of capital funding	15	-	-
Applications of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand Capital expenditure - to improve level of service Capital expenditure - to replace existing assets Increase/(decrease) in reserves Increase/(decrease) in investments	72 132 123	- 106 (93) -	- - 88 (39) -
Total applications of capital funding	327	13	49
Surplus/(deficit) of capital funding	(312)	(13)	(49)
Funding balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

## **Service Performance Statement - Organisation and Governance Group for the year ended 30 June 2018**

Civic Amenities Rates				2018 Actual \$000	An	2018 Inual Plan \$000		2017 Actual \$000
Seneral rates	Revenue							
Civic Amenities Rates			\$	563	\$	540	\$	526
Revenue from activities	Civic Amenities Rates		·		·	936	·	892
Capital Expenditure	Targeted rates			-		-		-
Total revenue	Revenue from activities					549		643
Expenditure	Other revenue			2,639		2,603		2,951
Émployee benefit expenses         3,182         3,048         2, bepreciation and amortisation         142         158         158         158         158         158         158         150         30         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512         4,512	Total revenue			4,809		4,628		5,012
Employee benefit expenses         3,182         3,048         2, bepreciation and amortisation         142         158           Finance expenses         30         3         3         3           Other expenses         1,278         1,502         1,           Total expenditure         4,632         4,711         4,           Capital Expenditure         Key           Hardware         REP         -         \$         -           Motor vehicles         REP         28         -         -           Plant         REP         28         -         -         -           Furniture and other equipment         REP         2         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Expenditure							
Depreciation and amortisation   Finance expenses   30				3.182		3.048		2,981
Simple compose								134
Total expenditure				30				29
Sample   Surplus   Sample	Other expenses			1,278		1,502		1,675
Capital Expenditure         Key           Hardware         REP           Motor vehicles         REP           Plant         REP           Furniture and other equipment         REP           Plant         REP           Furniture and other equipment         REP           Utilities - Office upgrade and furniture         LOS           Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment         REP           Miscellaneous         REP           Computers/hardware         REP           Electronic Document Management System         LOS           Server replacement         REP           Telephone / PABX upgrade         REP           Single Customer Database         LOS           Single Customer Database         LOS           UPS         REP           Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades         REP           UPS         REP           Event Centre         REP           General         REP           Magiq / NCS Upgrade         REP           Health and Safety - Equipment         REP           CCTV Equipment         LOS           LOS         45           -         -           Sevent Cetter         - <td>Total expenditure</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4,632</td> <td></td> <td>4,711</td> <td></td> <td>4,819</td>	Total expenditure			4,632		4,711		4,819
Hardware   REP   Motor vehicles   REP   REP   REP   Plant   REP	Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$	177	\$	(83)	\$	193
Hardware   REP   Motor vehicles   REP   REP   REP   Plant   REP								
Motor vehicles	Capital Expenditure	Key						
Plant	Hardware	REP	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19
Furniture and other equipment Utilities - Office upgrade and furniture Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment REP Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment REP To 6 Miscellaneous REP To 6 To 10 REP REP To 90 REP Telephone / PABX upgrade REP To 90 Telephone / PABX upgrade REP To 15 Single Customer Database LOS REP To 15 Single Customer Database REP To 15 Single Customer Database REP To 15 Single Customer Database REP REP To 5 Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades REP REP To 7 General REP To 7 Rep To 8 Rep To 8 Rep To 8 Rep To 9 R	Motor vehicles	REP		28		-		47
Utilities - Office upgrade and furniture Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment REP To 6 Miscellaneous REP To 6 To 10 REP REP To 6 To 10 REP To 90 Telephone / PABX upgrade REP To 15 Single Customer Database LOS To 5 Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades REP To 6 REP To 15				-		-		11
Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment Miscellaneous REP Miscellaneous REP Computers/hardware REP				2		-		11
Miscellaneous       REP       4       10         Computers/hardware       REP       6       10         Electronic Document Management System       LOS       -       -         Server replacement       REP       -       90         Telephone / PABX upgrade       REP       -       15         Single Customer Database       LOS       27       5         Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades       REP       64       -         UPS       REP       3       15         Event Centre       REP       3       15         Event Centre       REP       -       7         General       REP       -       2         Magiq / NCS Upgrade       REP       17       -         Health and Safety - Equipment       REP       -       -         CCTV Equipment       LOS       45       -         Categories         Meets additional demand       AD       \$       -       \$         Improve level of performance/service       LOS       72       5						-		6
Computers/hardware         REP Electronic Document Management System         LOS         -         -         -         -         Server replacement         REP         -         90         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -								-
Electronic Document Management System								-
Server replacement				6		10		-
Telephone / PABX upgrade       REP       -       15         Single Customer Database       LOS       27       5         Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades       REP       64       -         UPS       REP       3       15         Event Centre       REP       -       7         General       REP       -       2         Magiq / NCS Upgrade       REP       17       -         Health and Safety - Equipment       REP       -       -         CCTV Equipment       LOS       45       -         \$       204       \$       160       \$     Categories  Meets additional demand  AD  Solution   Solutio				-		- 00		17 64
Single Customer Database				-				04
Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades       REP       64       -         UPS       REP       3       15         Event Centre       REP       -       7         General       REP       -       2         Magiq / NCS Upgrade       REP       17       -         Health and Safety - Equipment       REP       -       -         CCTV Equipment       LOS       45       -         \$       204       \$       160       \$     Categories  Meets additional demand  AD  \$         Improve level of performance/service       LOS       72       5				27				-
UPS	•					-		22
Event Centre						15		-
Magiq / NCS Upgrade         REP         17         -           Health and Safety - Equipment         REP         -         -           CCTV Equipment         LOS         45         -           \$ 204         \$ 160         \$    Categories  Meets additional demand Improve level of performance/service  AD S T S T S T S T S T S T S T S T S T S				-				_
Health and Safety - Equipment   REP   -   -	General	REP		-		2		-
CCTV Equipment	Magiq / NCS Upgrade	REP		17		-		-
\$ 204 \$ 160 \$  Categories  Meets additional demand Improve level of performance/service  \$ 204 \$ 160 \$  LOS 72 5	Health and Safety - Equipment	REP		-		-		10
Categories  Meets additional demand Improve level of performance/service  AD \$ - \$ - \$  LOS 72 5	CCTV Equipment	LOS		45		-		
Meets additional demand AD \$ - \$ Improve level of performance/service LOS 72 5			\$	204	\$	160	\$	208
Meets additional demand AD \$ - \$ Improve level of performance/service LOS 72 5	Categories							
Improve level of performance/service LOS 72 5		AD	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
				72		5		23
	Replace existing assets	REP		131		155		185
\$ 204 \$ 160 \$			\$	204	\$	160	\$	208

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Refer to the attached Service Performance Statements for Community Representation, Strategy, and Managing Services for explanation of variances.

### Community Representation

### What Do We Do Now?

The Council provides services to enable effective District management by the Mayor and Councillors.

The activity provides management support and advice to Elected Members and Council Officers. It also ensures that high levels of service are maintained, and that customers and staff are valued.

The role of the Elected Members as part of this group is of the utmost importance. They represent the views of the community when decisions are being considered by Council.

Council has a duty to recognise and respond to special local issues as they arise and is sometimes required to lobby central government on matters concerning the District.

Elected Members provide a governance role for the District, set the strategic direction of the Council including determining the activities the Council undertakes (within legal parameters) and monitor the Council's performance on behalf of the District residents and ratepayers.

### Why Do We Do It?

To ensure good governance and decision-making, and to meet legal requirements. To allow residents of the Waimate District to participate in decision making for the good of their community. To enable Council to understand what the desired outcomes of the community are.

### How We Measure The Service Provided

Customer Performance Measure							
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18				
Council provides opportunities for the community to raise local issues.	Council provides a time slot for public forum in the agenda of each of its ordinary Council Meetings.	7 Ordinary Council Meetings and 8 Committee meetings were held between 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018 offering Public Forum.	Achieved (2016/17: Not achieved)				
iocai issues.	Target: Provide public forum at all ordinary Council Meetings.						
Provide high quality Governance.	80% of residents are satisfied or very satisfied with access to elected members.	Next survey 2018/19.	Not measured (2016/17: Achieved - 86%)				
	Target: 80% satisfied or very satisfied.						

### **Points of Interest**

The 6 yearly Representation Review process commenced and the initial proposal consulted on with the community under the Special Consultative Process.

## **Service Performance Statement - Community Representation** for the year ended 30 June 2018

#### Revenue

General rates Civic Amenities Rates Revenue from activities Other revenue

Total revenue

### **Expenditure**

Employee benefit expenses Depreciation and amortisation Finance expenses Other expenses

Total expenditure

Operating Surplus/(deficit)

2018 Actual \$000	2018 Annual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
935	936	892
50	4	2
15	-	13
1,000	940	907
99	56	130
1	1	1
_	3	-
854	868	734
954	928	865
\$ 46	\$ 12	\$ 42

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Civic Amenities rates increased from the LTP Budget due to increased costs.

Revenue from Activities have exceeded the LTP Budget and Actual 2017 predominately due to recoveries associated with administering the Lower Waitaki Zone Committee meetings.



### Strategy

### What Do We Do Now?

This activity comprises of the processes that support the Council's decision-making, for example, strategic planning, policy development, and monitoring and reporting.

Long Term Plans are produced three yearly, while Annual Plans are produced in the intervening two years. The Long Term Plan is rigorously examined by Audit NZ before being released to the community, who may comment by way of submission.

The Annual Financial Report summaries the financial performance of Council every 30 June, but is supported throughout the year by quarterly reports.

### Why Do We Do It?

To plan for the future of the Waimate District in an integrated and sustainable way for community wellbeing.

### **Points of Interest**

The Long Term Plan 2018-28 was produced and audited, receiving an unmodified opinion. The Consultation Document was distributed to all households in the Waimate District and 169 submissions were received. The Consultation Document was entered into the SOLGM competition and was awarded Highly Commended (top 4 across country).

## Service Performance Statement - Strategy for the year ended 30 June 2018

		 	_
$\boldsymbol{-}$	$\sim$	 n	 ъ.

General rates
Targeted rates
Revenue from activities
Other revenue

Total revenue

#### **Expenditure**

Employee benefit expenses
Depreciation and amortisation
Finance expenses
Other expenses
Total expenditure

Operating Surplus/(deficit)

2018 Actual \$000	Aı	2018 nnual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000
\$ 563	\$	540	\$ 526
-		-	-
-		-	-
56		46	53
619		586	579
230		193	192
-		-	-
-		475	-
452		475	383
682		668	575
\$ (63)	\$	(82)	\$ 4

#### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Employment Benefit Expenses have exceeded the LTP Budget due to additional resource required for this activity since the LTP Budget was adopted.

Other expenses have increased from Actual 2017 predominatly due to additional Audit Fees in relation to the Long Term Plan process.

### **Managing Services**

### What Do We Do Now?

Managing Services incorporates the organisational support functions that help Council to provide its other activities in the most efficient and effective manner. It includes:

- Community Services Customer Service, Corporate Planning, Finance, General Administration, Human Resources, Information Management, Office of the Chief Executive, Policy and Strategic Development, Monitoring and Reporting, Economic Development and District Promotion, Library.
- Environmental Services Resource Management, Building, Environmental, Dog and Animal Control, Emergency Management.
- Asset Management and Utilities Sewer, Stormwater, Waste Management, Water Rural and Urban, Roading.
- Parks and Recreation Parks and Public Spaces, Swimming Pool, Camping, Cemetery.

### Why Do We Do It?

This activity contributes to all Community Outcomes by supporting all of Council's activities.

### **How We Measure The Service Provided**

Customer Performance Measure							
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18				
Information about Council services is readily available.	Council's website is available to public 365 days a year.  Target: Website available 365 days.	Other than for the scheduled maintenance by our cloud service provider the website was available and accessible to the public throughout the year.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)				
	Customers can reach Council by phone 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Target: Phone operating 24/7.	Customers could reach Council by phone during opening hours and through TAS (our answering service) after hours.	Achieved (2016/17: Not achieved)				

### **Points of Interest**

A new Council website was developed to improve the flow of information on Council's activities and increase public engagement.

Council implemented a new planning and performance reporting tool into its existing enterprise architecture. Magiq Performance significantly streamlined the production of 2018-28 Long Term Plan budgeting and reporting during 2017/18 and will markedly improve regular financial reporting and budgeting in future years.

Council adopted electronic purchase orders (EPO) in 2017/18. This has significantly improved the process of ordering at Council, reducing the use of physical paper and improving visibility of orders across the organisation whilst maintaining robust checks and balances.

Council partnered with the Waimate Police and the community to deliver Community CCTV in 2017/18. Cameras have been installed across the town, with a monitoring station housed at Waimate Police station, promoting safety and security in the centre.

## **Service Performance Statement - Managing Services** for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 Annual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000
Revenue			
General rates	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Targeted rates	-	-	-
Revenue from activities	622	545	641
Other revenue	2,568	2,557	2,885
Total revenue	3,190	3,102	3,526
Expenditure			
Employee benefit expenses	2,853	2,799	2,659
Depreciation and amortisation	141	157	133
Finance expenses	30	-	29
Other expenses	(28)	159	558
Total expenditure	2,996	3,115	3,379
Operating Surplus/(deficit)	\$ 194	\$ (13)	\$ 147
Hardware REP Motor vehicles REP Plant REP Utilities - Office upgrade and furniture LOS Utilities - Sundry plant and equipment REP Miscellaneous REP Computers/hardware REP Electronic Document Management System LOS Server replacement REP Telephone / PABX upgrade REP Single Customer Database LOS Magiq - Performance and EPO upgrades REP Event Centre REP General REP Magiq / NCS Upgrade REP Magiq / NCS Upgrade REP Health and Safety - Equipment REP	\$ - 28 - 2 - 7 4 6 6 - 27 64 3 - 17 - 17	\$ 6 10 10 - 90 15 5 - 15 7 2	\$ 19 47 11 11 6 - - 17 64 - - 22 - - 10
CCTV Equipment LOS	45	-	-
Total Capital Expenditure	\$ 204	\$ 160	\$ 208

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

The LTP Budget allocation methodology was based on support functions within a group of activities being allocated to those activities as direct costs. For the 2017 and 2018 financial years both actual and budget values support costs, at an all of Council level as well as within specific groups of activities, and have been classified as part of the Managing Services activity and allocated from Managing Services to appropriate activities. For some of the support functions the recovery of employee benefit expenses is reflected via an internal negative expense within Other expenses otherwise all net costs are then recovered via internal revenue reflected within Other revenue.

Revenue from activities exceeded the LTP Budget due to cost recoveries for the Roading Technical Business Unit, where professional services are allocated to other activites of Council.

Employee benefit expenses have exceeded the LTP Budget, Annual Plan Budget and Actual 2018 due to additional staff resources required.

Finance expenses are in line with Actual 2017, however exceeded the LTP Budget due to lower reserve balances than anticipated at LTP preparation.

Other expenses exceeded the LTP Budget predominately due to allocations of internal resources and overheads. Actual expenditure has reduced from Actual 2017 due to reduced expenditure for recruitment costs (Actual 2018 \$8,000 : Actual 2017 \$43,000), consultancy expenses (Actual 2018 \$25,000 : Actual 2017 \$77,000), and losses on sale of assets (Actual 2018 \$1,000 : Actual 2017 \$50,000).

Capital Expenditure - The Server replacement was completed during 2016/17, therefore was not required this year.

## **Environmental Services Group**

### What is Environmental Services and Why Do We Deliver It?

This group contains functions to make sure people are safe – from being prepared for emergencies, to implementing bylaws, to having well-constructed buildings. It includes activities that could affect public health and is largely managed through the application of central government legislation.

The group involves the following activities:

Building Control: The protection of people and communities by ensuring buildings are safe.

Resource Management: The sustainable management of natural and physical resources of the Waimate District.

**Emergency Management:** The promotion of individual and community resilience in emergencies, and the enhancement of community capability to respond to, and recover from disasters.

Regulatory Services: Regulating and monitoring activities that affect community health and safety.

Dog and Animal Control: Enforcing public safety and effective regulation of animals within our District.

	Environmental So	ervices — Commun	ity Outcomes and Ra	ationale Linkages
	Wealthy Community	Safe and Healthy People	Sustainable District and Environment	Active and Supportive Community
Outcome	A District that provides infrastructure for economic activity.	A place where people are safe in their homes, work and public spaces.	N/A	N/A
		Emergency Management — Waimate has emergency management staff and systems to assist and protect people in emergencies		
ıale	Building Control, Resource Management — the timely processing of consents is essential to supporting growth.	Regulatory Services — protecting the community from health and safety related issues.		
Ration		Dog and Animal Control — Council meets its legal obligations under the Dog Control Act 1996 and Impounding Act 1955.		
		Dog and Animal Control — Council has systems in place to respond to dog and animal related issues such as dog attacks, wandering stock and noise.		
Outcome		Our services, infrastructure and environment maintains quality of life.		

	Environmental Services — Community Outcomes and Rationale Linkages						
	Wealthy Community	Safe and Healthy People	Sustainable District and Environment	Active and Supportive Community			
Rationale		Emergency Management, Resource Management, Regulatory Services — we have reliable and efficient services that meet the needs of the community.					

# Funding Impact Statement - Environmental Services for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 LTP Budget \$000	2017 LTP Budget \$000
Sources of operating funding General rates, UAGC and rates penalties Targeted rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	\$ 705 112	\$ 831 108	\$ 817 106
Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered Interest and dividends from investments Local authority fuel tax, fines, infringement fees other	522 33 - 7	509 21 - 4	496 21 - 3
Total sources of operating funding	1,379	1,473	1,443
Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications	539 - 625	1,087 - 344 -	1,094 - 336 -
Total applications of operating funding	1,164	1,431	1,430
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding	215	42	13
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase/(decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding	- 16 - - -	- 48 - - -	- 47 - - -
Total sources of capital funding	16	48	47
Applications of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand Capital expenditure - to improve level of service Capital expenditure - to replace existing assets Increase/(decrease) in reserves Increase/(decrease) in investments	- - - 231	- - - 90	162 - (102)
Total applications of capital funding	231	90	60
Surplus/(deficit) of capital funding	(215)	(42)	(13)
Funding balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

## **Service Performance Statement - Environmental Services Group** for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018 Actual \$000		2018 nual Plan \$000		2017 Actual \$000
Revenue						
General rates	\$		\$	676	\$	808
Targeted rates		112		111		110
Revenue from activities Other revenue		545 33		537 13		524 31
Other revenue				13		
Total revenue		1,395		1,337		1,473
Expenditure						
Employee benefit expenses		382		361		337
Depreciation and amortisation		42		25		70
Finance expenses		10		21		5
Other expenses		1,013		879		980
Total expenditure		1,447		1,286		1,392
Operating Surplus/(deficit)	\$	(52)	\$	51	\$	81
Capital Expenditure Ke	у					
Building Control - Inspection hardware/software LO	S \$	-	\$	-	\$	10
Building Control - Sundry RE		-		1		-
Rural Fire - Cannington appliance LO		-		-		75
Rural Fire - St Andrews tanker LO		-		-		80
Rural Fire - Plant RE		-		-		7
Rural Fire - Computer equipment and radio upgrade RE		-		-		3
Civil Defence - Mobile technology hardware RE Dog and Animal Control - Animal cage and dog box RE		-		1		- 1
bog and Animal Control - Animal cage and dog box	_		•		•	
	<b>\$</b>	-	\$		\$	176
Categories						
Meets additional demand AE	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Improve level of performance/service LO		-	,	_	•	165
Replace existing assets RE	Р	-		2		11
	\$		\$	2	\$	176

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

### Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Refer to the attached Service Performance Statements for Building Control, Resource Management, Emergency Management, Regulatory Services, and Dog and Animal Control for explanation of variances.

### **Building Control**

### What Do We Do Now?

Council is accredited as a Building Consent Authority under the Building Act 2004.

Council carries out the following tasks:

- Inspection of buildings and issuing building consents;
- · Inspection of swimming pool fencing, spa pools and hot tubs;
- · Administering and auditing Building Warrants of Fitness;
- · Issuing Land and Project Information Memoranda; and
- Dealing with complaints relating to building work and illegal building.

### Why Do We Do It?

Council has statutory responsibilities under the Building Act 2004 s.12 (2) to provide the services for this activity.

The Building Act 2002 provides for the regulation of building work, a licensing regime for building practitioners and setting performance standards for buildings.

### **How We Measure The Service Provided**

Customer Performance Measure							
Level of Service	Performance Measure (M) - Mandatory performance measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18				
The Building Control Authority process consents in a timely manner.	That Council issues building consents within the statutory time frame.  Target: 100% consents issues within 20 working days.	267 out of 268 building consents were issued within 20 working days. The exception was due to an administration error.	Not achieved (2016/17: Achieved)				

### **Points of Interest**

IANZ completed its two yearly assessment of the BCA under the Accreditation of Building Control Authorities Regulations 2016. This resulted in retention of Accreditation with only one corrective action required and very minor recommendations for process improvement.

All but one building consent was issued within the statutory 20 working day period for the 12 month period.

# Service Performance Statement - Building Control for the year ended 30 June 2018

			2018 Actual \$000	2018 Annual Pla \$000	n		2017 Actual \$000
Revenue							
General rates		\$	231	\$ 22	1:1	\$	209
Targeted rates Revenue from activities			-	20	-		-
Other revenue			335 5	28	9		302 4
Total revenue			571	51	0		515
Expenditure							
Employee benefit expenses			198	19			181
Depreciation and amortisation			9	1	7 9		11
Finance expenses Other expenses			245	29	•		302
Total expenditure			453	51	0		495
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$	118	\$	-	\$	20
Capital Expenditure	Key						
Building Control - Inspection hardware/software Building Control - Sundry	LOS REP		-		- 1		10 -
Total Capital Expenditure		\$	-	\$	1	\$	10
Key: AD = Meets additional demand LOS = Improve leve	l of performa	nce/	service. RF	P = Replace	exi	stina	assets

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

## Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

fees.

Finance expenses are below the LTP Budget due to reserves balances being in a better position than anticipated at LTP preparation.

Other expenses are below the LTP and Annual Plan Budgets predominately due to reduced general expenditure and accreditation fees.

Capital expenditure for the Inspection Hardware/Software was been deferred in this year due to delays in the development of the programme.

# Resource Management

## What Do We Do Now?

Council has responsibilities for the sustainable management of the natural and physical resources of the Waimate District. The main tasks associated with this are:

- Preparing and administering the Waimate District Plan;
- Processing land-use and sub-division resource consents, notices of requirement and District Plan variations;
- Involved in processing Land Information and Project Information Memorandums;
- · Managing development of some land-use activities through the District Plan;
- · Compliance monitoring and 'State of the Environment' reporting; and
- · Providing information in response to public enquiries.

# Why Do We Do It?

Council has statutory obligations under the Resource Management Act 1991 (RMA) to provide the services for this activity. The RMA requires the sustainable management of natural and physical resources. This enables Council to ensure environmental wellbeing of the District, whilst complying with statutory obligations.

## How We Measure The Service Provided

Customer Performance Measure							
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18				
Respond to customer complaints and requests in a timely manner.	Council responds to all environmental complaints within 10 working days.  Target: Respond to complaints within 10 working days.	15 complaints received. 1 complaint was unable to be actioned as the property owner is deceased and unable to contact next of kin.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)				
That consents are actioned promptly.	That all resource consents are actioned within the statutory time frame.  Target non-notified: 100% actioned within 20 days.  Target notified: 100% actioned within 70 days.	33 of 34 resource consents were actioned within the statutory time-frame. The exception was due to staff working with the applicant to achieve an additional condition on the consent. The condition related to improved fire protection conditions for the four units. This condition was not legally required but the time exceedance was considered acceptable given the improvement which was negotiated for future property owners.  No notified applications were received.	Not achieved (2016/17: Achieved) Achieved (2016/17: Not achieved - 100%)				

# **Points of Interest**

All but one resource consent was issued within the statutory 20 working day period for the 12 month period.

# **Service Performance Statement - Resource Management** for the year ended 30 June 2018

A	ctual	2018 Annual Plan \$000		2017 Actual \$000
\$	182	\$ 175	\$	166
	-	_		-
	49	91		41
	19	10		16
	250	276		223
	92	91		87
	-	-		-
	-	-		-
	72	134		76
	164	225		163
\$	86	\$ 51	\$	60
	\$	92 - 72	Actual \$000     Annual Plan \$000       \$ 182     \$ 175       - 49     91       19     10       250     276       92     91	Actual \$000  \$ 182 \$ 175 \$ - 49 91 10  250 276  92 91 72 134  164 225

# Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Revenue from activities is unfavourable compared to the LTP Budget due to lower Reserve and Development Contributions income and Resource Consent income.

# **Emergency Management**

# What Do We Do Now?

Council's role in emergency services includes developing contingency plans and maintaining a range of equipment for use in an emergency to save lives and protect property. This involves recruiting, training and managing an emergency management team within Council, as well as a volunteer network from throughout the community.

# Why Do We Do It?

Under the Civil Defence and Emergency Management Act 2002, the Council must have local arrangements in place to provide for the maintenance and operation of a Civil Defence organisation, which are consistent with National and Regional Civil Defence Emergency Management Plans. Civil Defence emergency management arrangements for the Waimate District are included as part of the Canterbury Civil Defence Emergency Management Group.

## **How We Measure The Service Provided**

	Customer Pe	erformance Measure	
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18
To keep people well informed to Civil Defence Emergency Management matters.	That Emergency Management Co-ordinator interacts with sector posts at least two times per each year.  Target: interaction ≥ two times per year.	Invited CDEM Community representatives to undertake radio checks on 5 September 2017 and 4 March 2018. Held several planning sessions and launched Maungati/Cannington Community Response Plan August 2017 and St Andrews/Southburn/Otaio Community Response Plan on 22 May 2018. Meet with Hakataramea and Cattle Creek Community representatives regarding their Community Response Plans.  Inaugural Waimate CDEM Local Welfare Committee meeting (9 May) Waimate DC Communications Officer takes on lead Public Information Management role - results in increased use of Facebook for public education and information.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)
	85% of residents are aware that Council is the organisation that is responsible for co-ordinating Civil Defence in the district.  Target: 85% community awareness.	Next survey 2018/19.	Not measured (2016/17: Not achieved - 83%)

	Customer Performance Measure							
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18					
All Emergency Operations Centre staff trained.	All Emergency Operations Centre personnel undertake at least one Civil Defence Emergency Management training per year.  Target: 100% EOC personnel trained at least once per year.	All EOC staff took part in either response to 21July 2017 flood event or took part in Exercise Pandora 8 August 2017.  Developed with Local Controllers new strategy for keeping Emergency Operations Centre staff 'warm' through monthly interaction (electronic, face to face).  Developed Duty Roster with Local Controllers to provide increase capacity and capability.  Logistic support systems tested - ECAN radio checks (weekly), BGAN Satellite Phone (8 October), Generator checks (monthly), Timaru CDEM Radio Check (weekly).  EOC Set Up - logistics briefing 15  March,18/19 staff attended. Annual  Canterbury CDEM Welfare Forum (12 April).  2 staff attended. Annual Canterbury CDEM Controllers Forum (18 May). 2 controllers attended.  Emergency Operations Centre Function Training Level 3 (11-14 June). 5 staff attended.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)					

# **Points of Interest**

To increase resilience the Civil Defence Emergency Management Community Response Plans were developed for St Andrews/Southburn/Otaio and Cannington & Maungati. Other Community Area's Response Plans have been started and we aim to complete them by 2019/20.

Increased integration/cooperation across South Canterbury through attendance of many agencies at the newly formed South Canterbury Civil Defence Emergency Management Coordination Committee.

# **Service Performance Statement - Emergency Management** for the year ended 30 June 2018

			2018 Actual \$000	Ar	2018 nnual Plan \$000		2017 Actual \$000
Revenue							
General rates Targeted rates		\$	23 112	\$	22 111	\$	188 110
Revenue from activities			-		-		-
Other revenue			-		1		3
Total revenue			135		134		301
Expenditure							
Employee benefit expenses			41		44		47
Depreciation and amortisation			30		5		56
Finance expenses			9		12		4
Other expenses			325		73		210
Total expenditure			405		134		317
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$	(270)	\$	-	\$	(16)
Conital Fores and items	Kov						
Capital Expenditure	Key	_		_		_	
Rural Fire - Cannington appliance Rural Fire - St Andrews tanker	LOS LOS	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75 80
Rural Fire - Plant	REP		_		_		7
Rural Fire - Computer equipment and radio upgrade	REP		_		_		3
Civil Defence - Mobile technology hardware	REP		-		1		
Total Capital Expenditure		\$	-	\$	1	\$	165

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

# **Regulatory Services**

### What Do We Do Now?

Inspection of the Waimate District on all health and nuisance related complaints and identification and reporting of matters that may potentially create adverse health effects or pose a nuisance to the community.

Council's Environmental Health section carries out the following tasks:

- Dealing with any public health issues arising from adverse weather leading to floods and power cuts (surcharging sewers, food spoilage, water quality);
- Investigation and reporting on notifiable infectious diseases;
- Investigation of health nuisances as defined under the Health Act 1956, including failed on-site effluent systems;
- Responding, investigating and reporting on noise nuisance complaints;
- Regulatory, advisory licencing, inspection and administrative roles in liquor licensing, registered and unregistered food premises and other registered premises;
- Annual registration of offensive trades, camping grounds, hairdressers, funeral directors and mobile shops;
- Reporting on building consent applications for premises required to be registered under the Health Act 1956;
- Investigating and reporting in relation to the Consolidated Bylaw, such as Trading in Public Places, Keeping of Animals and Liquor Ban bylaw;
- Reporting on Land Information Memorandums regarding health hazards, food and liquor licences and outstanding requisitions;
- Liaising with other authorities, such as Ministry of Health and Regional Councils, regarding recreational water quality (beaches, rivers and lakes) – food complaints, drinking water, poisoning programmes, discharges, drinking water, discharges to air (dust, smoke, odour), contaminated sites;
- Monitoring of substandard accommodation and investigation of health aspects of habitable buildings, eg dampness, overcrowding, insanitary conditions;
- Working with Public Health Unit/Police Pandemic planning and Clandestine Laboratories ('P' Labs);
- · Responding and investigating complaints regarding litter; and
- Public Health Education input Polytechnic courses (Liquor and Food Safety), schools, interest/service groups.

# Why Do We Do It?

Council has statutory obligations under numerous statutes including the Health Act 1956, Resource Management Act 1991, Food Act 2014, and the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012 to provide the services for this activity.

# How We Measure The Service Provided

Customer Performance Measure							
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18				
Respond to customer complaints and requests in a timely manner.	Council actions food hygiene related complaints within 48 hours.  Target: Complaints actioned within 48 hours.	2 complaints actioned within 48 hours.	Achieved. (2016/17: Achieved)				
	Council actions noise complaints in the case of late night party noise within two hours.  Target: Complaints actioned within two hours.	15 late night party noise (between hours 2100 - 0700) complaints received.  One complaint was attended by First Security but not actioned due to the road being closed for Waimate 50 event.	Not achieved. (2016/17: Not achieved)				

Customer Performance Measure							
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18				
All cow crossings have the appropriate permits.	Council reviews every cow crossing permit annually.  Target: Review all permits annually.	32/33 One crossing is overdue for renewal - This is now administered by the Roading Department.	Not achieved (2016/17: Not achieved)				
	Council will audit for compliance a minimum of 10% of licenced crossing annually.  Target: All crossings compliant.	6 audits were undertaken.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)				

# **Points of Interest**

Waimate District Council Consolidated Bylaw Review. The bylaws were set in 2008 and the required 10 year bylaw review is underway. Public consultation will take place in October/November with adoption of the new/amended bylaws occurring in December 2018.

# Service Performance Statement - Regulatory Services for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000		2018 Annual Plan \$000		2017 Actual \$000
Revenue					
General rates	\$	124	\$	119	\$ 120
Targeted rates		-		-	-
Revenue from activities		42		30	59
Other revenue		4		1	3
Total revenue		170		150	182
Expenditure					
Employee benefit expenses		-		-	-
Depreciation and amortisation		-		-	-
Finance expenses		_		_	_
Other expenses		146		150	156
Total expenditure		146		150	156
Operating Surplus/(deficit)	\$	24	\$	-	\$ 26

# Dog and Animal Control

# What Do We Do Now?

Council Dog and Animal Control carries out the following tasks:

- Investigating and acting upon dog and animal related complaints;
- Enforcing Council's bylaws and policy pertaining to dogs;
- · Impounding dogs; and
- Maintaining a register of dogs.

# Why Do We Do It?

Council has statutory responsibilities under the Dog Control Act 1996 and its subsequent amendments, along with the Impounding Act 1955, to provide the services for this activity.

The objectives of the Dog Control Act 1996 are:

The better provision for the care and control of dogs by:

- Requiring the registration of dogs;
- Making special provision in relation to dangerous dogs;
- Imposing on the owners of dogs obligations designed to ensure that dogs do not cause a nuisance to any
  person and do not injure, endanger, or cause distress to any person; and
- Imposing on owners of dogs obligations designed to ensure that dogs do not injure, endanger or distress any stock, poultry, domestic animal, or protected wildlife.

### How We Measure The Service Provided

	Customer Performance Measure							
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18					
Known dogs are registered each year.	95% of all known dogs are registered by 1 December. Target: 95%.	As at 1 December 2017 99% of known dogs were registered (2838).	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)					
Council responds quickly to wandering stock complaints.	Council responds to all wandering stock and animal related complaints within two hours.  Target: Respond within two hours.	There were 152 wandering dogs and 54 wandering stock complaints.  All responded to within two hours.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)					
Council responds quickly to dog attacks on people and stock.	Council staff interview complainants within two hours of a dog attack on people or stock.  Target: Interview within two hours.	There were 9 attacks on animal/stock and 3 attacks on people.  All complainants were interviewed within two hours.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)					

## **Points of Interest**

In December registration of all known dogs in the district was 99%, which is a significant achievement in comparison to other councils.

# Service Performance Statement - Dog and Animal Control for the year ended 30 June 2018

		A	2018 Actual \$000	Anr	2018 nual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000
Revenue						
General rates		\$	145	\$	139	\$ 125
Targeted rates			-		-	-
Revenue from activities			119		127	122
Other revenue			5		1	5
Total revenue			269		267	252
Expenditure						
Employee benefit expenses			51		35	22
Depreciation and amortisation			3		3	3
Finance expenses			-		-	-
Other expenses			225		229	236
Total expenditure			279		267	261
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$	(10)	\$	-	\$ (9)
Capital Expenditure	Key					
Dog and Animal Control - Animal cage and dog box	REP	\$	-	\$		\$ 1
Total Capital Expenditure		\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1
IZ AD M C 188 LL 1100 L L		-				 

2040

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets



# **Community Services Group**

# What is Community Services and Why Do We Deliver It?

The Community Services group of activities involves promoting the social, cultural and economic development of our communities to ensure they have a good quality of life.

The group involves the following activities:

## **Economic Development and Promotions**

To increase the wealth of the people and the viability of the businesses in the District.

### **Community Support**

 Assist the continuation and development of many community groups and facilities which contribute to social, cultural and recreational outcomes.

#### Library

• The provision of a walk in library service offering a wide collection of reading material and electronic information.

	Community Services — Community Outcomes and Rationale Linkages								
	Wealthy Community	Safe and Healthy People	Sustainable District and Environment	Active and Supportive Community					
Outcome	A District that actively promotes itself and encourages development.	Our services, infrastructure and environment maintains quality of life.	N/A	We celebrate and support the good things about our community.					
Rationale	Economic Development and Promotions — we provide reliable information on Council services.	Economic Development and Promotions, Library — we have reliable efficient and well planned services that meet the needs of the community.		Community Support — we have reliable and efficient services that meet the needs of the community.					



# Funding Impact Statement - Community Services for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 LTP Budget \$000	2017 LTP Budget \$000
Sources of operating funding General rates, UAGC and rates penalties Targeted rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered Interest and dividends from investments Local authority fuel tax, fines, infringement fees other	\$ 342 348 21 13 10 -	\$ 253 346 22 13 6 1 29	\$ 247 336 22 12 6 1 29
Total sources of operating funding	749	670	653
Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance costs Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications	386 - 231	394 - 222 -	385 - 215 -
Total applications of operating funding	617	616	600
Surplus/(deficit) of operating funding	132	54	53
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase/(decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding	: : : :	- - - - -	- - - - -
Total sources of capital funding	-	-	-
Applications of capital funding  Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand Capital expenditure - to improve level of service Capital expenditure - to replace existing assets Increase/(decrease) in reserves Increase/(decrease) in investments	- - 51 81 -	- - 63 (9)	61 (8)
Total applications of capital funding	132	54	53
Surplus/(deficit) of capital funding	(132)	(54)	(53)
Funding balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# Service Performance Statement - Community Services Group for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018 Actual \$000		2018 Annual Plan \$000			2017 Actual \$000
Revenue							
General rates		\$	342	\$	328	\$	273
Civic Amenities Rates			348		348		343
Revenue from activities			49		60		49
Other revenue			10		1		8
Total revenue			749		737		673
Expenditure							
Employee benefit expenses			176		198		174
Depreciation and amortisation			52		51		50
Finance expenses			-		-		-
Other expenses			443		521		459
Total expenditure			671		770		683
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$	78	\$	(33)	\$	(10)
Capital Expenditure	Key						
Library books	REP		51		62		46
Furniture and shelving	REP		-		4		18
		\$	51	\$	66	\$	64
Categories							
Meets additional demand	AD	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Improve level of performance/service	LOS	*	_	*	_	Ψ.	_
Replace existing assets	REP		51		66		64
		\$	51	\$	66	\$	64

Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets

# Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Refer to the attached Service Performance Statements for Economic Development and Promotions, Community Support, and Library for explanation of variances.

# Economic Development and Promotions

## What Do We Do Now?

### **Economic Development**

Council takes a lead role in encouraging growth of the Waimate District by:

- Facilitating the creation and expansion of local business and industry; and
- Supporting events.

#### **Promotions**

Council's Promotions department markets the Waimate District and provides support for tourism. The Information Centre provides an information service for visitors and local residents.

# Why Do We Do It?

In order to sustain and stimulate economic growth in the Waimate District.

## How We Measure The Service Provided

	Customer Performance Measure							
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18					
Provide high quality information services.	85% of customers are satisfied or very satisfied with Information Centre services.  Target: 85% satisfied or very satisfied.	Next survey 2018/19.	Not measured (2016/17: Not achieved - 72%)					
Support economic development in the District.	Produce an economic development strategy to guide Council to support development within the District.  Target: Produce an economic development strategy in 2017/18.	Five themes for the Economic Development Strategy were identified. Terms of Reference for the establishment of five working groups were approved by Council in January 2018. Forty-five members of the community registered at a public meeting on 12 March 2018 to participate in one or more of the working groups. Working group meetings have concluded and action plans developed by 30 June 2018. The plans are currently being collated to form part of the Economic Development Strategy and will be available for Council consideration before the end of the 2018 calendar year.	Not achieved (2016/17: Not achieved)					

### **Points of Interest**

Work continued on the Economic Development Strategy. Five themes were identified and a working group established for each theme which developed proposed action plans.

Explore Waimate District' website and Facebook page was developed to promote the district. Promotion of the district was highlighted as a weakness during the initial consultation phase of the Economic Development Strategy, and identified as a priority by Council.

# **Service Performance Statement - Economic Development and Promotions** for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000	2018 Annual Plan \$000	<b>2017</b> Actual \$000
Revenue			
General rates	\$ 213	\$ 204	\$ 154
Targeted rates	-	-	-
Revenue from activities	14	25	14
Other revenue	5	1	4
Total revenue	232	230	172
Expenditure			
Employee benefit expenses	57	69	49
Depreciation and amortisation	-	-	-
Finance expenses	-	-	-
Other expenses	118	194	96
Total expenditure	175	263	145
Operating Surplus/(deficit)	\$ 57	\$ (33)	\$ 27

# Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

General rates income exceeded the LTP Budget and Actual 2017 due to an increased budget for Marketing and Promotions.

# **Community Support**

# What Do We Do Now?

Community Support provides decision-making and accountability for grants from Council to community organisations and individuals for community purposes. Funds come from both Council and non-Council sources and are given from contestable grants as well as from Councils annual budget.

# Why Do We Do It?

Council's Community Support activity assists the continuation and development of many community groups and facilities which contribute to social, cultural and recreational outcomes for our District.

# **How We Measure The Service Provided**

Customer Performance Measure				
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18	
the need of the community  Waimate District Council are fully subscribed  Target: All grants fully subscribed  Constitution of the community subscribed  Target: All grants fully subscribed  Constitution of the community subscribed subscribed  Constitution of the community subscribed subscribed subscribed  Constitution of the community subscribed sub	Waimate District Council are fully subscribed  Target: All grants fully subscribed	Sports Fund – One funding round per year.  November 2017 - 8/8 applications were allocated a total of \$9,806.55 from an available pool fund of \$10,924.00. \$1117.45 carried forward to funding round October 2018.	Not achieved (2016/17: Not achieved)	
	Creative NZ – (two funding rounds per year April and October).  October 2017 - 2/2 applications were allocated \$1,525.00 from an available pool fund of \$5,712.00. \$4,187.00 carried forward to second funding round. 2 refunds received totalling \$925.  April 2018 - 10/13 applications allocated \$10,158.75. from an available fund of \$10,316.00. \$157.00 carried forward to funding round October 2018.	Not achieved (2016/17: Not achieved)		
		Sport NZ Rural Travel Fund – (two funding rounds per year April and October).  October 2017 - 6/6 applications were allocated \$4,089.60 from an available pool fund of \$4,512.50. \$422.90 carried forward to second funding round.  April 2018 - 4/4 applications allocated \$4,935.40 from an available pool fund of \$4,935.40.	Achieved (2016/17: Achieved)	
		Waimate District Council Community Fund – (1 funding round per year) February 2018 - 12/12 applications were allocated \$8335.97 from an available pool fund of \$12,379.00. \$4043.03 carried forward to February 2019. Heritage Fund - open throughout the year. One application allocated \$1000.00 from an available pool fund of \$3,661.72. \$2661.72 carried forward to 2018/19 year.	Not achieved (2016/17: Not achieved)  Not achieved (2016/17: Not achieved)	

# Service Performance Statement - Community Support for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018 Actual \$000		2018 Annual Plan \$000	2017 Actual \$000	ual	
Revenue						
General rates	\$	129	\$ 124	\$ 119	9	
Targeted rates		-	-		-	
Revenue from activities		21	21	2	1	
Other revenue		-	-		_	
Total revenue		150	145	14	0	
Expenditure						
Employee benefit expenses		-	_		-	
Depreciation and amortisation		-	-		-	
Finance expenses		-	-		-	
Other expenses		139	145	188	8	
Total expenditure		139	145	18	8	
Operating Surplus/(deficit)	\$	11	\$ -	\$ (4	-8)	
Operating Surplus/(deficit)	\$	11	\$ -	\$ (4		

# Significant variations from Long Term Plan 2015 - 2025

Other expenses have reduced from Actual 2017 due to the A&P Showgrounds Grant payment of \$50,000 included in Actual 2017.

# Library

## What Do We Do Now?

Council provides, maintains and manages a comprehensive walk-in library service within the Local Government Centre Building, Queen Street, Waimate.

The Waimate Library collection comprises the latest popular fiction, non-fiction, magazines, newspapers, large print, talking books, E-Books, music CDs and a selection of DVDs that are exchanged on a regular basis. An inter-loan service is available. There is one computer for the public to access all our holdings and general internet access.

The Library also provides exchange collections for Kurow.

# Why Do We Do It?

The Local Government Act 2002 identifies the provision of library services as a core service. A community owned library collection provides a resource available to all members of our community that is far greater than any one individual or family could amass. The research capabilities of our Library ensure that our residents are able to participate extramurally in tertiary studies not otherwise available in our District.

### How We Measure The Service Provided

Customer Performance Measure						
Level of Service	Performance Measure	Result	Achievement 2017/18			
Council's provision of library services is sufficient to meet our community's needs.	85% of customers satisfied / very satisfied with library services.	Next survey 2018/19.	Not measured (2016/17: Achieved - 96%)			

### **Points of Interest**

Books Blokes and a Beer, an Early Reading Together® programme for fathers was introduced and proved to be very successful.

New adjustable height customer counters were installed in the Library, benefiting both staff and customers.

# Service Performance Statement - Library for the year ended 30 June 2018

		2018 Actual \$000		2018 Annual Plan \$000		Δ	2 <b>017</b> Actual \$000
Revenue							
General rates		\$	<del>.</del>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
Civic Amenities Rates			348		348		343
Revenue from activities Other revenue			14 5		14		14 4
Other revenue			<u> </u>				
Total revenue			367		362		361
Expenditure			119		129		125
Employee benefit expenses Depreciation and amortisation Finance expenses			52		51 -		50 -
Other expenses			186		182		175
Total expenditure			357		362		350
Operating Surplus/(deficit)		\$	10	\$	-	\$	11
Capital Expenditure	Key						
Library books	REP	\$	51	\$	62	\$	46
Furniture and shelving	REP		-		4		18
Total Capital Expenditure		\$	51	\$	66	\$	64
Key: AD = Meets additional demand LOS = Improve to	wel of performs	ncelee	rvice PE	D - D	anlace ev	ictina	accate

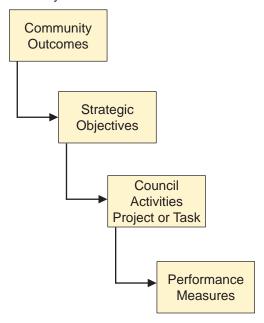
Key: AD = Meets additional demand, LOS = Improve level of performance/service, REP = Replace existing assets



# **Vision for Waimate District**

Leading our communities towards a diverse, thriving and sustainable district.

Waimate District's Long Term Plan (LTP), which is reviewed three yearly, provides direction and long term focus for routine tasks and one-off projects, within Council's areas of activity by setting them within a framework of strategic objectives that are derived from our community's desired outcomes.



# **Achieving Community Outcomes**

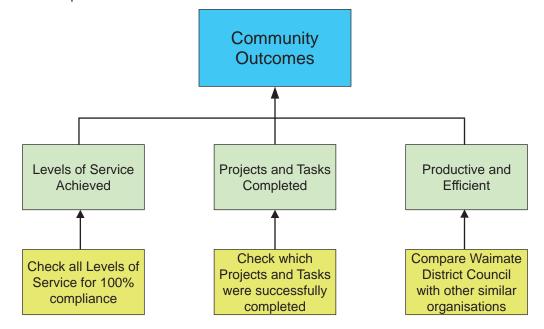
Each year, Council produces its Annual Report to disclose performance against targets set in the LTP.

A three-pronged approach is used by Waimate District Council to help citizens judge whether the Council is doing a good job or not.

The Council will carry out its roles in advancing the Outcomes that the Community wants.

The Council will provide all its services to meet standards that have been agreed with the Community.

The Council will run its operations in a cost-effective and efficient manner.



# **Equal Employment Opportunity**

The Waimate District Council is committed to the principles and practices of Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) as a means of ensuring that its current and potential employees have an equal opportunity to achieve their potential.

The Council therefore strives to implement a purposeful programme of action to ensure its recruitment policies and procedures, conditions of employment and employee training, and promotion opportunities are carried out with an awareness of and an intent to eliminate any unfair discrimination on the grounds of gender, marital status, religion, ethical belief, colour, race, ethnic or national origin, disability, age, political opinion, employment status, family responsibilities, or sexual orientation.

The 1999/2000 EEO Management Plan identified the following objectives:

- A review and on-going monitoring of current policies and procedures dealing with the recruitment and selection process to ensure that all employment decisions are made on the basis of relevant merit.
- All Council managers are conscious of the need to consider employment equity issues upon recruitment of new staff members.
- A full review of Council's Terms of Employment to ensure adherence to EEO principles. This will include the development of a Code of Conduct, containing a sexual harassment policy and related disciplinary procedures, and includes an undertaking to identify and publicise behaviours, which are not acceptable in the workplace.

The review is continuing, however, all employee's Individual Employment Agreements or Collective Agreements were reviewed, including the definitions of misconduct.

The development of a grievance procedure for dealing with discrimination complaints based on the provisions of the Human Rights Act 1993, to be adopted as Council policy and included in all individual Employment Contracts. This policy will be reviewed on a regular basis to ensure compliance with current legal requirements.

Conditions of appointment for all Council staff contain a detailed description of procedures for addressing employment relationship problems which include personal grievance issues on the basis of discrimination.

Establishment of a training register to monitor accessibility, identification of special training requirements, and career aspirations as part of Council's role as a good employer to support and encourage all employees to seek career development and promotion within the organisation.

Employees in all Departments of Council have participated in a wide range of training courses in consultation with their managers.

An ongoing review of all Council's policies and documentation to ensure adherence to EEO principles. This will include regular liaison and consultation both within and outside Council to promote the interchange of EEO information and strategies.

Council has employed workplace support who visits fortnightly and who may function as an independent expert with whom staff may consult upon any grievance issues.

The Council confirms its commitment to this action, and with it the hope that by fostering a diverse range of employees who reflect the social mix within the community we serve, that Council staff will better understand customer needs, thus creating a better quality and more responsive service for the people of the Waimate District.

# Statement on Participation of Maori in the Decision-making Process

# Requirements of the Local Government Act 2002

The Local Government Act 2002, requires all Councils to take specific actions with regard to Maori. The relevant sections of the Act are as follows:

The 'headline' provision referring explicitly to Maori is section 4. It reads:

In order to recognise and respect the Crown's responsibility to take appropriate account of the Principles of the Treaty of Waitangi and to maintain and improve opportunities for Maori to contribute to local government decision-making processes, Parts 2 and 6 provide principles and requirements for local authorities that are intended to facilitate participation by Maori in local authority decision-making processes.

### Section 14(1)(d) reads:

In performing its role, a local authority must act in accordance with the principle that a local authority should provide opportunities for Maori to contribute to its decision-making processes.

### Section 77(1)(c) reads:

A local authority must in the course of the decision-making process, - ...if any of the options identified under paragraph: (a) involves a significant decision in relation to land or a body of water, take into account the relationship of Maori and their culture and traditions with their ancestral land, water, sites, waahi tapu, valued flora and fauna, and other taonga.

Section 81(1) requires that a local authority must:

- (a) Establish and maintain processes to provide opportunities for Maori to contribute to decision-making processes of the local authority; and
- (b) Consider ways in which it may foster the development of Maori capacity to contribute to the decision-making processes of the local authority; and
- (c) Provide relevant information to Maori for the purposes of paragraphs (a) and (b).

### Section 82(2) states:

A local authority must ensure that it has in place processes for consulting with Maori in accordance with subsection (1).

## **Waimate District Council Initiatives**

The Waimate District Council addresses these requirements by actively pursuing the following initiatives:

- The Council will work together with Maori organisations and individuals, to identify citizens who are considered to be Maori with an interest in the Community in accordance with the requirements of Section 81(1) of the Act. This includes all Maori, regardless of tribal affiliation, who reside in the District, who own land within the District or who have a recognised cultural affiliation with the District. This will also include Maori organisations that are directly involved in the interests of local Maori. This identified list of Maori will be maintained in partnership with local Maori groups.
- The Council will mail written advice of all issues to be referred to Community consultation to all Maori and organisations who have been identified as in the previous paragraphs, and where a postal address is known. This advice will include an overview of the proposals and instructions on registering submissions. This will be additional to all normal advertising methods employed for the community at large.
- The Council will meet with representatives of Te Runanga o Waihao at least once a year, to discuss current issues and the progress of the Long Term Plan. These meetings are in addition to other contact as part of the consultation process.
- The Council will provide meetings, on request, to explain current issues and proposals for consultation specifically for Maori groups, whenever practical considerations permit. These meetings can be, by request, limited to specific Maori group participation.
- The Council will continue to involve tangata whenua in all relevant deliberations with regard to the application of the Resource Management Act.

The Council will adhere to the basic principle that all its citizens are of equal importance in the community and are all part of that community. Accordingly, it will always strive to ensure that the interests of all its Maori citizens are fully addressed and considered in all decision-making processes and recognises the special need to ensure the capacity of Maori to play a full part in the decision-making process.